# **Old Dominion University**

# Fair Use Checklist

Complete and retain a copy of this checklist for each "fair use" of a copyrighted work in order to establish a "reasonable and good faith" attempt at applying fair use should any dispute regarding such use arise.

Name:	Date:
Class or Project:	
Course and Term:	
Title of Copyrighted Work:	
Author, Publisher, Date:	
Portion(s) to be used (e.g., pages, timer counts):	

#### Instructions:

Complete the checklist below. Not all of the facts will be present in any given situation. Check only those facts that apply to your use. No single item or factor is determinative of fair use.

- Where the factors favoring fair use outnumber those against it, reliance on fair use is justified.
- Where fewer than half the factors favor fair use, instructors should seek permission from the rights holder.
- Where the factors are evenly split, instructors should consider the total facts weighing in favor of fair use as opposed to the total facts weighing against fair use in deciding whether fair use is justified.

Instructors should consult the University Counsel office if they have questions regarding analysis of the four factors.

## FACTOR 1: Purpose and Character of the Use

#### Weighs in Favor of Fair Use

- □ Nonprofit Educational
- Teaching (including multiple copies for classroom use)
- □ Research or Scholarship
- Criticism, Comment, News Reporting, or Parody
- Transformative (use changes work for new utility or purpose)
- Personal Study
- Use is necessary to achieve your intended educational purpose
- □ Factor 1 Weighs in Favor of Fair Use

#### Weighs Against Fair Use

- □ Commercial activity
- Profiting from use
- Entertainment
- □ Non-transformative
- □ For publication
- □ For public distribution
- Use exceeds that which is necessary to achieve your intended educational purpose
- □ Factor 1 Weighs Against Fair Use

# **FACTOR 2: Nature of Copyrighted Work**

Weighs in Favor of Fair Use Published work Factual or nonfiction work Important to educational objectives	<ul> <li>Weighs Against Fair Use</li> <li>Unpublished work</li> <li>Highly creative work (art, music, novels, films, plays, poetry, fiction)</li> <li>Consumable work (workbook, test)</li> </ul>	
Factor 2 Weighs in Favor of Fair Use	Factor 2 Weighs Against Fair Use	

#### Weighs in Favor of Fair Use Weighs Against Fair Use Large portion or entire work used □ Small portion of work used Portion used is central to work or "heart of Portion used is not central or significant to entire work as a whole the work" □ Amount taken is narrowly tailored to □ Amount taken is more than necessary for educational purpose, such as criticism, criticism, comment, research, or subject comment, research, or subject being taught being taught □ Factor 3 Weighs Against Fair Use Factor 3 Weighs in Favor of Fair Use

# FACTOR 4: Effect on Market for Original

Weighs in Favor of Fair Use

- No significant effect on market or potential market for copyrighted work
- □ Use stimulates market for original work
- No similar product marketed by the copyright holder
- □ No longer in print
- □ Licensing or permission unavailable
- □ Supplemental classroom reading
- □ One or few copies made or distributed
- User owns lawfully acquired or purchased copy of original work
- Restricted access (to students or other appropriate group)

## □ Factor 4 Weighs in Favor of Fair Use

#### Weighs Against Fair Use

- Significantly impairs market or potential market for copyrighted work or derivative
- Licensing or permission reasonably available
- □ Numerous copies made or distributed
- Repeated or long-term use that demonstrably affects the market for the work
- Required classroom reading
- User does not own lawfully acquired or purchased copy of original work
- Unrestricted access on the web or other public forum
- □ Factor 4 Weighs Against Fair Use

Adapted from the University System of Georgia "Fair Use Checklist," which was based on the "Fair Use Checklist" of Columbia University.