PIPELINE SYSTEM FOR CONTINENTAL AG

Joshua Huber, Ahmed Bin Hories, Foster Grubbs

Group #8

JOB PHILOSOPHY

The goal in this project
was effective simplicity.
The design was made
to be easy to
manufacture while still
completing the
required tasks without
lacking anything



REQUIREMENTS OF THE SYSTEM

- To design a coolant system for a new manufacturing facility. Major tasks included:
 - Designing the tanks for the coolant
 - Designing the layout of the pipe system
 - Selecting proper valves, elbows, and fittings
 - Developing a hydraulic analysis of the entire system
 - Selecting pumps
 - Designing an open channel in the event one of the tanks fail
 - Designing supports for a pipe system
 - Preparing a bill of material (cost was not included for this project)

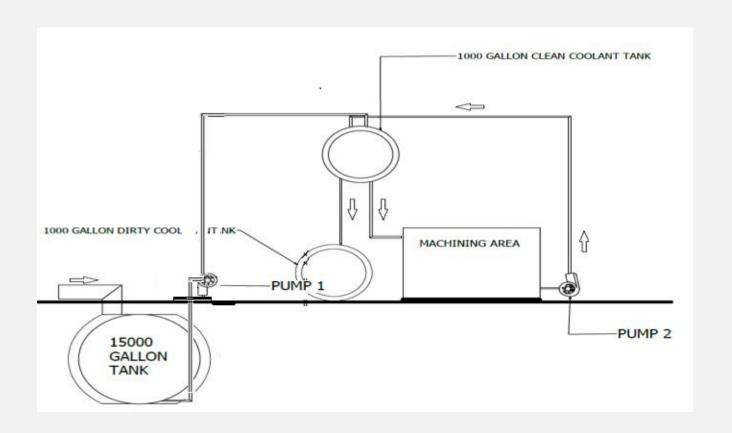
LOCATION AND JOBSITE

• The jobsite for this project is located in Dayton, Ohio where temperatures range from -20°F to 105°F and the frostline is 30 inches below ground



OUR SYSTEM

Our system comprised of three tanks. One for clean coolant, a 1,000 gallon reservoir, and a 4,000 gallon tank for dirty coolant, two pumps, and approximately 700 feet of piping.



TANK DESIGN CALCULATIONS (TANK 2)

Calculating size and wall thickness

The tank with clean coolant will be close to the machine and attached to the roof while

For safety purpose, we will be using tank of 1100 gallon, taking 10% safety into consideration

Considering its height to be 5 ft So the tank diameter will be $1100 \text{ gal} = 147.0486\text{ft}^3$ So $V = \pi r^2 * h$ $147.0486 = \pi r^2 * 5$ r = 3.1 ft

Tank 2

We know in second tank 1000 gallon of coolant will be there

CALCULATING PIPE THICKNESS

For pipe of 3.5-inch thickness

$$\frac{P1}{\gamma} + \frac{V1}{2g} + Z_{1 = \frac{P2}{\gamma} + \frac{V2}{2g}} + Z_2$$

$$P_{1} = 859.36 \text{ lbf/ft}^{2}$$

$$t = \left(\frac{Pd}{2(\sigma - 0.2 * p)}\right)$$

$$t = \frac{859.36*0.190}{2(1085904 - 0.2*859.36)}$$

$$t = 0.1163$$
 in

Schedule 30 diameter pipe size	Max pressure	Thickness	Thickness specified by manufacturer
3.5	2257.895 lbf/ft ²	0.134 in	0.188 in
1.5	859.36 lbf/ft ²	0.116 in	0.124 in

HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS Reynolds number =Re = pVD/u

$$= (59) (9.81) (0.4) / (13.35*10^4)$$

$$f^{E}(0.25)/[(log(1/(3.7))((D)/(K)) + (5.74)/(RE)]^{2}$$

$$f = (0.25)/[(log(1/(3.7))((0.4)/(5*10^{-6}))+(5.74)/(4.03*10^{3})]^{2}$$

f= 0.01045

Head loss pipe (section 1) = (f) $(L/D) ((V^2)/(2g))$

Head loss pipe (section 1) = $(0.01045)((609)/(0.4))((9.83^2)/((2)(32.18))$

Head loss pipe (section 1) = 16.19

Head loss valve (section 1) = $(2) (0.256) (9.83^2) (2*32.18)$

Head loss valve (section 1) = 0.0084

Head loss elbow (section 1) = $(4) (0.313) ((9.83^2) (2*32.18))$

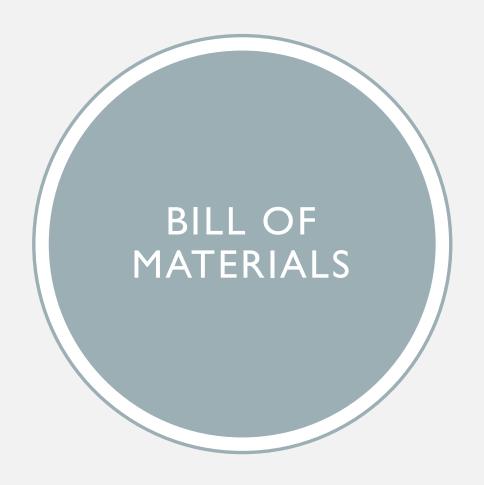
Head loss elbow (section 1) =0.0061

Head loss (section 1) = 16.219

Summary

	Reynolds number	Friction Factor	Head loss pipe	Head loss valve	Head loss elbow	Total head loss
section						
1-2	4.03*10^3	0.01045	16.2045	0.0084	0.0061	16.219
section						
2-3	4.03*103	0.00965	11.25	0.0042	0.0016	11.2558
section						
3-4	4.03*103	0.00825	9.03	0.0084	0.0045	9.0429
section						
4-5	4.03*103	0.00912	8.15	0.0042	0	8.1542

Table 7.1



Bill of material								
	Amount	Size	Description	Material				
15000 Gallon tank Components								
Tank	1	18000	Main storage tank	Fiber glass Forged				
Flange	1	0.0795 in	_	steel				
PVC pipe	1	1.5 in	-	PVC				
PUMP	1		Sulzer pump	Standard				
Elbow	3	1.5 in	Standard 90	PVC				
Gate valve	2	1.5 in	-	Steel				
1000 Gallon tank Components								
•				Fiber				
Tank	1	1100	Main storage tank	glass				
PVC pipe	1	3.5 in	-	PVC				
Elbow	2	3.5 in	Standard 90	PVC				
Gate valve	1	3.5 in	-	Steel				
Machining Area								
PVC pipe	1	1.5 in	-	PVC				
PUMP	1		Sulzer pump	Standard				
Elbow	3	1.5 in	Standard 90	PVC				
Gate valve	2	1.5 in	-	Steel				
4000 Gallon tank Components								
				Fiber				
Tank	1	4000	Main storage tank	glass				
PVC pipe	1	3.5 in	-	PVC				
Elbow	1	3.5 in	Standard 90	PVC				
Gate valve	1	3.5 in	=	Steel				

THANK YOU WATCHING