

## Questions 17, 18, 27, 35, 61

## (17) Non-Newtonian Fluids:

- Peanut Butter
- Tooth paste
- Grease
- Printing Ink

## (18) Dynamic Viscosity of water at 40°C:

$$\tilde{\tau}_{w@40^{\circ}\text{C}} = 6.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ Pa}\cdot\text{s}$$

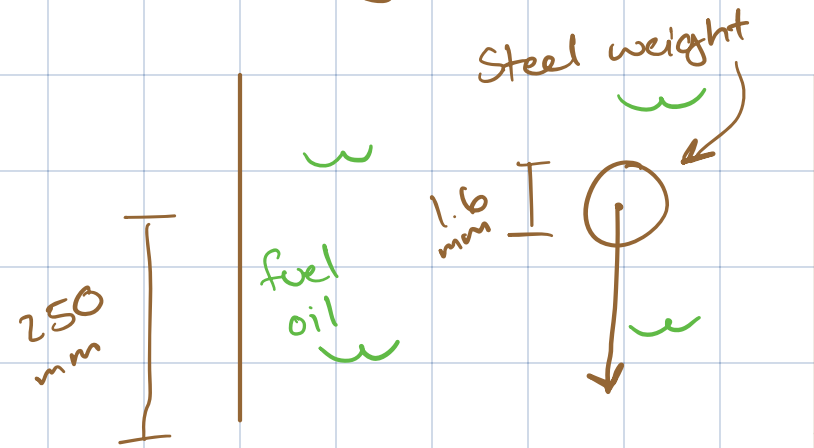
## (27) Dynamic Viscosity of Hydrogen at 40°F:

$$\tilde{\tau}_{H@40^{\circ}\text{F}} = 1.9 \times 10^{-7} \text{ lb}\cdot\text{s}/\text{ft}^2$$

## (35) Dynamic Viscosity of SAE30 oil at 210°F:

$$\tilde{\tau}_{\text{SAE30}@210^{\circ}\text{F}} = 2.1 \times 10^{-4} \text{ lb}\cdot\text{s}/\text{ft}^2$$

# (6) Falling-Ball Viscometer



$$sg_{fo} = 0.94$$

$$\rho_b = 77 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$s = 250 \text{ mm} = 0.250 \text{ m}$$

$$t = 10.4 \text{ s}$$

$$D_b = 0.0016 \text{ m}$$

$$\eta = \frac{(\gamma_b - \gamma_f) D^2}{18 v}$$

$$sg = \frac{\gamma_s}{\gamma_w @ 40^\circ\text{C}} = \frac{\rho_s}{\rho_w @ 40^\circ\text{C}} \quad \gamma = \frac{W}{V} \quad \rho = \frac{m}{V}$$

$$V_b = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3 = \frac{4}{3} \pi (0.0008 \text{ m})^3 = 2.14 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}^3$$

$$v = \frac{s}{t} = \frac{(0.250 \text{ m})}{(10.4 \text{ s})} = 0.0240 \text{ m/s}$$

$$m_b = \rho_b V_b = (77 \text{ kg/m}^3)(2.14 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}^3) = 1.65 \times 10^{-7} \text{ kg}$$

$$\gamma_b = \frac{(1.65 \times 10^{-7} \text{ kg})(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)}{2.14 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}^3} = 756.4 \text{ N/m}^3$$

$$\gamma_s = sg_s (\gamma_w @ 40^\circ\text{C}) = 0.94 (9.807 \text{ kN/m}^3) = 9.22 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$\eta = \frac{(.7564 \text{ kN/m}^3 - 9.22 \text{ kN/m}^3) (0.0016 \text{ m})^2}{18 (0.0240 \text{ m/s})}$$

$$\eta = 0.784 \text{ kNs/m}^2$$