### **PRACTICE LAB GROUP PROJECT: MPH 630**

## **SOCIAL MARKETING WORKSHEET STEP 5:**

Step 5: ANALYZE TARGET AUDIENCES AND THE COMPETITION

**Instructions for this**: Complete all steps below and base these on Lee and Kotler, 2016 Chapter 7 and Resnick and Siegel, 2013 Chapter 6. Be sure your reply incorporates readings from both sources. You can consult peer-reviewed articles if you need to determine some real benefits and barriers, but you can discuss theoretical ones *if* they are realistic. The below should be short-answer; complete a and b first:

- a. YOUR PUBLIC HEALTH PROBLEM: Teenage Drug Abuse
- b. YOUR BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVE: Abstain from using drugs as an adolescent

### **Barriers**

- **5.1** Make a list of perceived *barriers* your audience may have to adopting the desired behavior. These may be physical, psychological, skills, economical, knowledge, awareness, or attitudes.
- cultural norms
- peer pressure
- social influence
- lack of knowledge of the detrimental effects of drug abuse
- parent involvement
- lack of refusal skills
- internal motivators
- developmental influences (brain frontal lobe not fully developed in teenage years)

#### **Benefits**

**5.2** What are the key perceived *benefits* your target audience wants in exchange for performing the desired behavior?

Perceived benefits for teenagers who abstain from using drugs include prolonged life, a positive social image, improved school and sports performance, a clean or ideal appearance, avoiding criminal consequences, better employment opportunities, freedom from addiction, and saving money.

#### **Potential Motivators**

5.3 What does your target audience say will make it more likely that they would do the behavior?

Potential motivators to get teenagers to abstain from drug use include: avoiding death, testimonials (stories from ex-users), breaking generational curses, receiving an incentive or reward, seeing

educational materials (images of negative impacts, users), and having access to support groups, mentors, counselors, or community involvement events.

# Competition

**5.4.** What are the major competing *alternative behaviors* (ones that are counter to ones you want them to perform)?

Competing alternative behaviors that counter drug abstinence can be getting high, a habit of using substances, or addiction to using substances.

**5.5** What *benefits* do your audiences associate with these competing ("bad") behaviors (the *alternative* ones)?

Perceived benefits of bad behaviors associated with drug use include popularity amongst peers, feeling like an adult, and thrill.

**5.6** What *costs* do your audiences associate with these competing ("bad from your viewpoint") behaviors (*alternative* ones)?

Costs associated with such competing behaviors include addiction, possible health complications, possible overdose, monetary costs, and wasted time.