

Bryce Baxter

10/31/25

CYSE 270

### Assignment 8 – Shell Script

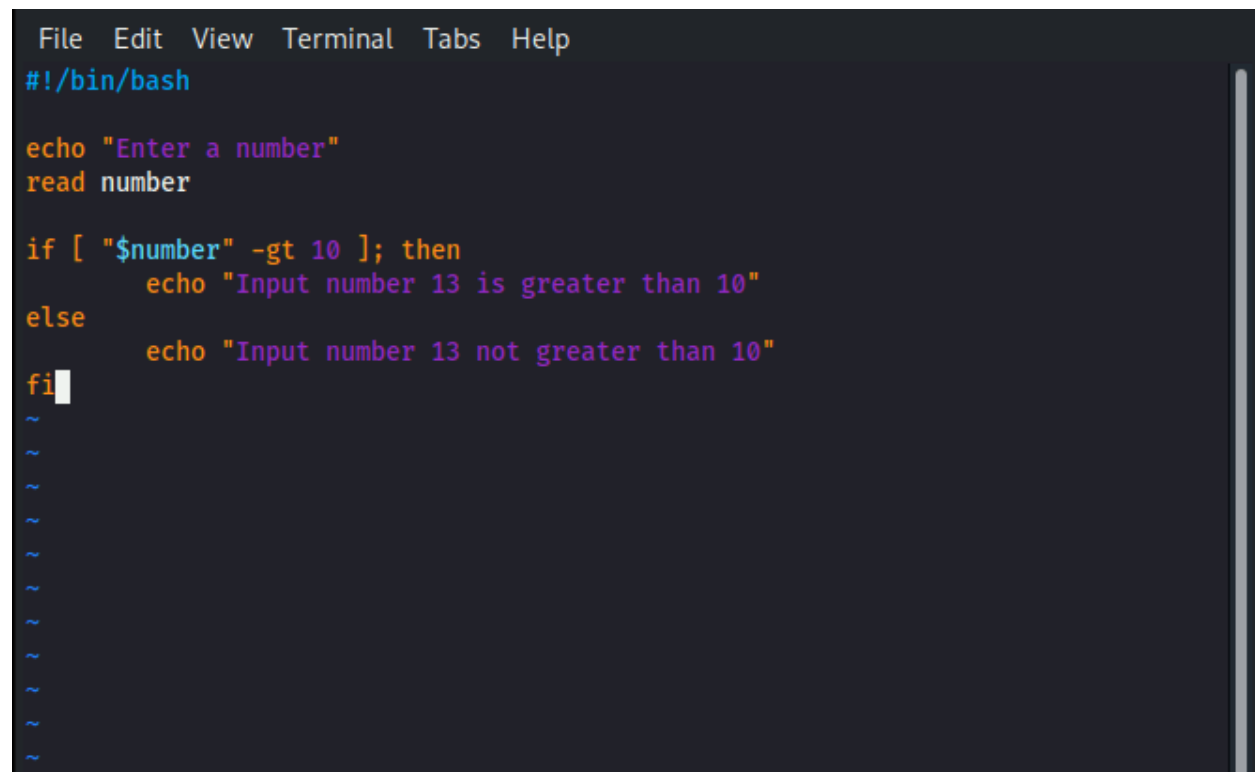
Task A (Correct script (25 points) + result/output after executing the script (25 points)-

Conditional Statement

Write a shell script using nano or vi editor (eg, vi scriptname.sh) like below, that performs the following task:

1. Add the Shebang (`#!/bin/bash`) as the first line in your script.
2. Read a number using `read` function
3. Using `if` statement, check if the input number is greater than 10, then print the message "Input number is greater than 10".
4. If the number is not greater than 10, then print the message, "Input number is not greater than 10".

(Your script should result into the output similar to this sample screenshot after executing as shown below)



```
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
#!/bin/bash

echo "Enter a number"
read number

if [ "$number" -gt 10 ]; then
    echo "Input number 13 is greater than 10"
else
    echo "Input number 13 not greater than 10"
fi
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
~
```

```
(student@kali.example.com)-[~]  
$ ./mama.sh  
Enter a number  
13  
Input number 13 is greater than 10
```

Task B (Correct script (25 points) + result/output after executing the script (25 points) -  
Shell Script to Create a new file

Write a shell script using nano or vi editor (eg, nano scriptname.sh) like below, that performs the following task:

1. Add the Shebang (#!/bin/bash) as the first line in your script.
2. Reads the name of the file to check for a filename that exists.
3. Check whether the given input is a directory or regular file.
4. If the input is a directory and exists, then display the message "Directory exists".
5. If the input is a regular file, then display the message "It is a regular file, and the file exists" and display the contents of the file.
6. If the given input name in step-1 doesn't exist, then create the new file with the given name in step-1.

```
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help  
#!/bin/bash  
  
echo "Enter the name of the file or directory:"  
read filename  
  
if [ -d "$filename" ]; then  
    echo "Directory exists"  
elif [ -f "$filename" ]; then  
    echo "It is a regular file, and the file exists"  
    cat "$filename"  
else  
    echo "File does not exists. Creating the file ..."  
    touch "$filename"  
    echo "Bryce Baxter" > "$filename"  
    echo "File created and name added to the file. Here is the content:"  
    cat "$filename"  
fi
```

```
(student@kali.example.com)-[~]  
$ vi dama.sh
```

```
(student@kali.example.com)-[~]  
$ chmod +x dama.sh
```

```
(student@kali.example.com)-[~]  
$ ./dama.sh  
Enter the name of the file or directory:  
mama.sh  
It is a regular file, and the file exists  
#!/bin/bash  
  
echo "Enter a number"  
read number  
  
if [ "$number" -gt 10 ]; then  
    echo "Input number 13 is greater than 10"  
else  
    echo "Input number 13 not greater than 10"  
fi
```

(Extra credit: 10 points) Add your name to the file (using redirection operator '>') and display the contents for the newly created file.

7. Save and exit the editor and remember to make the script executable using the command `chmod +x scriptname.sh`)

(Your script should result into the output similar to this sample screenshot after executing as shown below)

```
(student@kali.example.com)-[~]  
$ ./dama.sh  
Enter the name of the file or directory:  
bb003.txt  
It is a regular file, and the file exists  
Bryce Baxter
```

```
(student@kali.example.com)-[~]  
$ ./dama.sh  
Enter the name of the file or directory:  
test1.txt  
File does not exists. Creating the file ...  
File created and name added to the file. Here is the content:  
Bryce Baxter
```

