## CYSE 270: Linux System for Cybersecurity

## **Assignment-9**

## Task A - Backup your system (Using crontab) [100 points]

**Scenario:** Performing system backup can be time-consuming, and the process is often overlooked. For this scenario,

- 1. (10 Points) Create a new user Alice (with home directory) and
- 2. (50 Points) Write a shell script that backups Alice's home directory by creating a tar file (tape archive), using the following steps:
  - Take 2 inputs with their values- your MIDAS name and current date (for example, midas=svatsa).
  - ii. Create a variable named as **filename** that should be assigned the value as <u>MIDAS-date</u> (example output after executing the script would be like, svatsa-2021.3.17-01.16.430).
  - iii. Using tar command, create a tape archive for Alice's home directory (/home/Alice) and the filename created above (in step-2-ii). (Please learn about tar command in Linux for its usage)
  - Move the tape archive file/tar file (created in step 2-iii) to /var/backups/ directory using correct command in linux.
  - c. To optimize the disk usage, pick a compression algorithm (bz2, gzip, or xv) to compress the tar file you created in /var/backups/ in the previous step-2b.
- 3. (30 Points) Create a crontab file to keep the scheduled task running for 3 minutes, then check the contents in the /var/backups directory. Your output should be look similar to the following:

```
(svatsa-kali® svatsa-kali)-[~]
$ ls /var/backups
apt.extended_states.0
apt.extended_states.1.gz
svatsa-2022.04.08-13.04.30.gz
svatsa-2022.04.08-13.04.39.gz
```

4. (10 Points) Cancel the crontab jobs.

## TASK B: SYSTEM CLEANUP (EXTRA CREDIT) [20 Points]

**Scenario:** In the above scenario, your system disk will be filled up eventually without cleaning up the old backups. Therefore, in this optional task, create a script that checks the number of backups you created in Task A. If the number of the backup file is more than a pre-defined threshold, the script will delete the old archives to maintain the backups under a reasonable size.

This script should do the following:

- 1. Count the number of backups created in Task A and determine if this number is larger than 3.
- 2. Nothing should happen if the number of backups is less than the threshold, 3.
- 3. If more backup archives are detected, calculate the number of backups to delete. Then delete the old archives.

Note: As the script needs to write contents in the "/var/backups" folder, which is owned by root, you should consider the permission issue properly. (Using **sudo** to create crontab file)

Reference: How to Format Date for Display or Use In a Shell Script- <a href="https://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/linux-unix-formatting-dates-for-display/">https://www.cyberciti.biz/faq/linux-unix-formatting-dates-for-display/</a>

Reference: How to append date timestamp to filename- <a href="https://crunchify.com/shell-script-append-timestamp-to-file-name/">https://crunchify.com/shell-script-append-timestamp-to-file-name/</a>