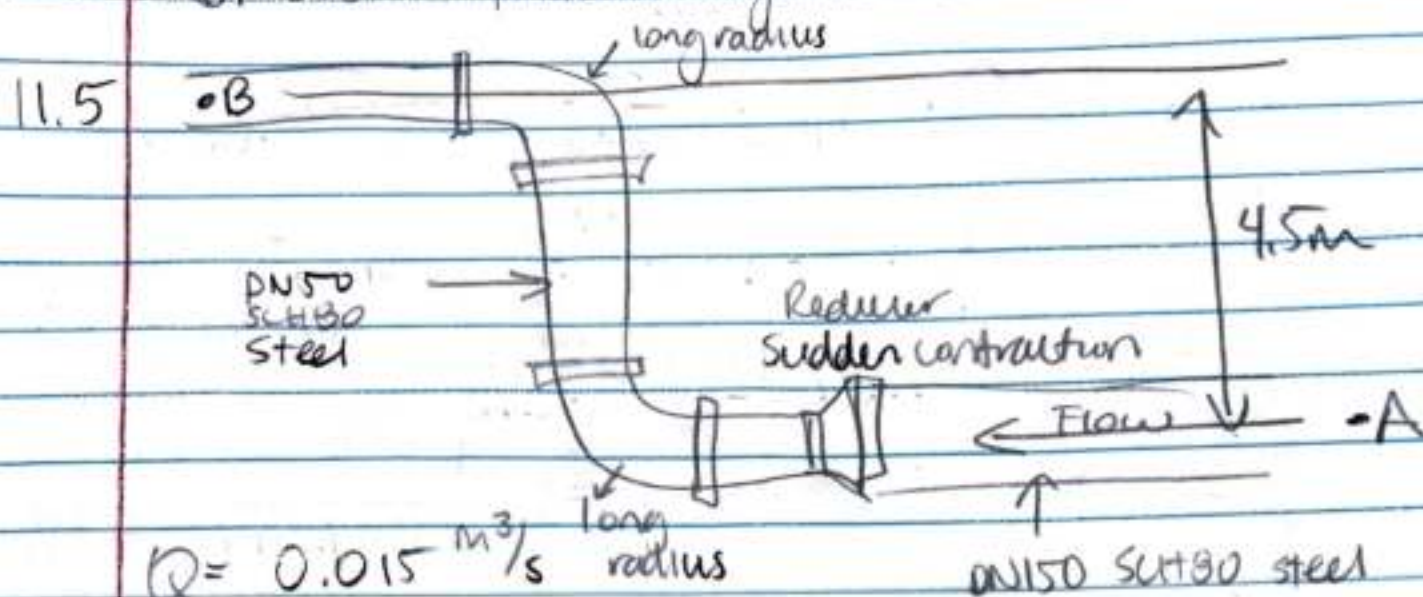


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MET 330

Professor Ayala

June 25th, 2023

$$\gamma_{oil} = 8.80 \text{ kN/m}^3$$

$$\epsilon = 4.6 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\nu_{oil} = 2.12 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$$

$$L_{DN150} = 180 \text{ m}$$

$$D_A = 0.1463 \text{ m}$$

$$A_A = 1.682 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$L_{DN50} = 8 \text{ m}$$

$$D_B = 0.0493 \text{ m}$$

$$A_B = 1.905 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$P_B = 12.5 \text{ MPa}$$

Consider all pipe frictions and minor losses,
Calculate the pressure at A.

$$\frac{P_A}{\gamma} + z_A + \frac{V_A^2}{2g} - h_L = \frac{P_B}{\gamma} + z_B + \frac{V_B^2}{2g}$$

$$P_A = P_B + \gamma(z_B - z_A) + \frac{\gamma(V_B^2 - V_A^2)}{2g} + \gamma h_L$$

(Continued on Pg 2)

Pg 10F5

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Problem 11.5 continued

$$V = \frac{Q}{A} \quad V_A = \frac{0.015 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{1.682 \times 10^{-2}} = 0.892 \text{ m/s}$$

$$V_B = \frac{0.015 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{1.905 \times 10^{-3}} = 7.87 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\frac{V_A^2}{2g} = \frac{(0.892 \text{ m/s})^2}{2(9.81)} = 0.0406 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{V_B^2}{2g} = \frac{(7.87 \text{ m/s})^2}{2(9.81)} = 3.16 \text{ m}$$

$$h_L = K \frac{V^2}{2g} \quad D_{100} = 100/50 = 3.0 = \frac{D}{d}$$

$$\text{reducer} = 0.05 \frac{(0.892 \text{ m/s})^2}{2(9.81)} = 0.002 \text{ m}$$

from table

$$\text{Long radius elbows} = K = 20 \text{ ft} \quad 20 \cdot 0.020 = 0.56$$

$$N_{eA} = \frac{VD}{\nu} = \frac{(0.892)(0.1463)}{2.12 \times 10^{-5}} = 6156 \quad \text{2 elbows} = 1.12 \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{D_A}{\epsilon} = \frac{0.1463}{4.6 \times 10^{-5}} = 3180 \quad f = 0.036$$

$$N_{eB} = \frac{VD}{\nu} = \frac{(7.87)(0.0493)}{2.12 \times 10^{-5}} = 18301$$

$$\frac{D_B}{\epsilon} = \frac{0.0493}{4.6 \times 10^{-5}} = 1072 \quad f = 0.028$$

Continued on Pg 3

Pg 2 of 5

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Problem 11.5. Continued

$$\text{elbows} = K \frac{V_B^2}{2g} = 0.56 \frac{7.87^2}{2 \times 9.81} = 1.77$$

$$2 \text{ elbows} = 1.77 + 1.77 = 3.54 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{elbows} + \text{reducer} = 3.56 \text{ m}$$

$$P_A = P_B + z_B - z_A + \frac{V_B^2 - V_A^2}{2g} + h_L$$

$$12.5 + \left(\overset{h}{4.5} - \overset{V_A}{0.0406} + \overset{V_B}{3.16 \text{ m}} + 3.56 \right) 8.80$$

98.4

$$P_B = 12.5984$$

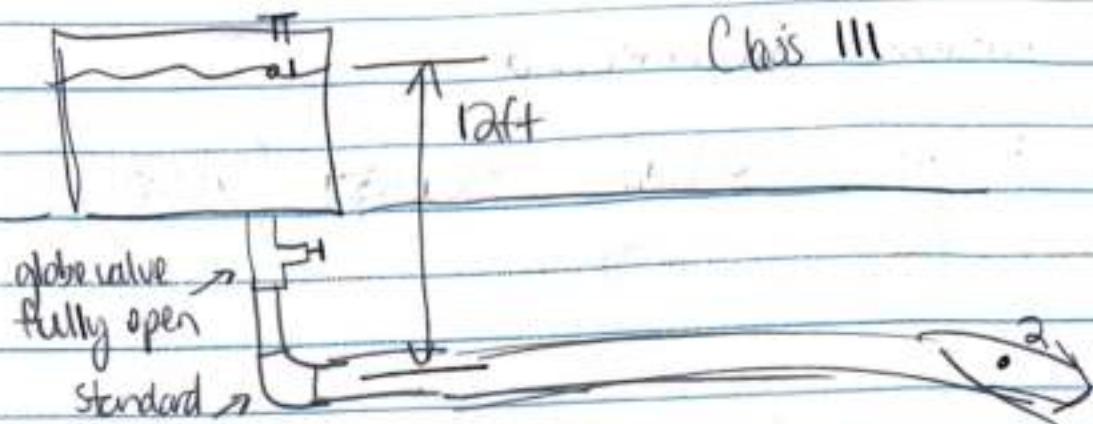
$$P_B = 12.6 \text{ MPa}$$

Continued on PG 4

PG 3 OF 5

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11.20



Total length pipe = 75ft SCH40 steel

Temp water = 80°F $g = 32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2$

$Q = 400 \text{ gal/min}$ $\epsilon = 1.5 \times 10^{-4}$

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} + \frac{v_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\gamma} + \frac{v_2^2}{2g} + z_2 + h_L$$

$$D = 0.66 \left[\epsilon^{1.25} \left(\frac{LQ^2}{gh_L} \right)^{4.75} + VQ^{9.4} \left(\frac{L}{gh_L} \right)^{5.2} \right]^{0.04}$$

$v @ 80^\circ\text{F} = 9.15 \times 10^{-6} \text{ ft/s}$ $400 \text{ gal/min} = 0.89 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$

$$h_L = \frac{(P_1 - P_2)}{\gamma} + (z_1 - z_2) = 12 \text{ ft}$$

0 + 12

^ we don't know P

$$D = 0.66 \left[(1.5 \times 10^{-4})^{1.25} \left(\frac{75 \times (0.89)^2}{32.2 \text{ ft/s}^2 \cdot 12 \text{ ft}} \right)^{4.75} + (9.15 \times 10^{-6} \text{ ft/s})^{9.4} \left(\frac{75}{(32.2)(12)} \right)^{5.2} \right]^{0.04}$$

Continued on PG 5

PG 40F

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Problem 11.20 Continued

$$D = 0.166 \left[0.000166 \cdot 0.0001387 + (0.000031)(0.0001985)^{2.04} \right]$$
$$\boxed{D = 0.300 \text{ ft}}$$