

## Article Review #2: A Comparative Analysis of Cyber Criminology: The Perception of Indonesian and United States Police Forces

### Introduction:

This review critically examines "Cyber Criminology: An analysis of the Indonesian and the United States Police Perception" by Mohammad Fadil Imran, focusing on the comparative study of police perceptions toward cyber criminology in Indonesia and the United States. This analysis provides insight into how social sciences principles apply to understanding law enforcement perspectives across different cultural and institutional contexts.

### Relation to Social Sciences:

The field of cyber criminology delves into the realms of sciences by investigating how technology, law and crime impact society. Social sciences delve into behavior and community frameworks with this piece aiding in grasping how various cultures view and combat cybercrime. It sheds light on overarching themes such, as standards, legal frameworks and global collaboration.

### Research Questions or Hypotheses:

The study aims to explore the differences in police perceptions of cybercrime in Indonesia and the United States, hypothesizing that variations in technological development, legal frameworks, and societal attitudes influence these perceptions. It questions how these factors contribute to the effectiveness of cybercrime management and prevention in both countries.

### Types of Research Methods Used:

The study utilizes a research framework examining available information, from different outlets such as legal papers, case studies and prior scholarly investigations. This method enables an

examination of the views, on cyber criminology held by U.S. Law enforcement agencies without necessitating the gathering of new data.

#### Types of Data and Analysis:

The study examines cybercrime laws, technology systems and police training in both nations. By incorporating insights, from interviews and legal cases, it aims to grasp the real world obstacles and achievements in addressing cybercrime providing a look, at how police forces handle challenges.

#### Relevance to Concepts from PowerPoint Presentations:

The article relates to concepts from the provided PowerPoint presentations on cyber criminology, notably the importance of technological literacy, legal frameworks, and international cooperation in policing cybercrime. It underscores the role of education, infrastructure, and policy in shaping effective responses to cyber threats.

#### Challenges, Concerns, and Contributions of Marginalized Groups:

While not directly addressed, the topic hints at the broader implications for marginalized groups, particularly in how disparities in resources and knowledge impact vulnerability to cybercrime. The study suggests that improving police perceptions and actions toward cybercrime can indirectly benefit these groups by creating safer, more secure digital environments.

#### Contributions to Society:

The article plays a role in society by emphasizing the requirement for modernized laws against cybercrime, improved training for law enforcement officials and global collaboration in this digital era. It presents a guide for policymakers, legal professionals and law enforcement bodies to bolster cybersecurity efforts and better safeguard against risks.

#### Conclusion:

In conclusion, "Cyber Criminology: An analysis of the Indonesian and the United States Police Perception" provides valuable insights into the comparative perspectives of police forces on cybercrime, emphasizing the importance of technological adaptation, legal clarity, and international collaboration. This study not only contributes to academic literature but also serves as a guide for improving practical approaches to cybersecurity.

#### References:

Imran, M. F. (2023). Cyber Criminology: An analysis of the Indonesian and the United States Police Perception. *International Journal of Cyber Criminology*, 17(2), 250-261. DOI: 10.5281/zenodo.4766715