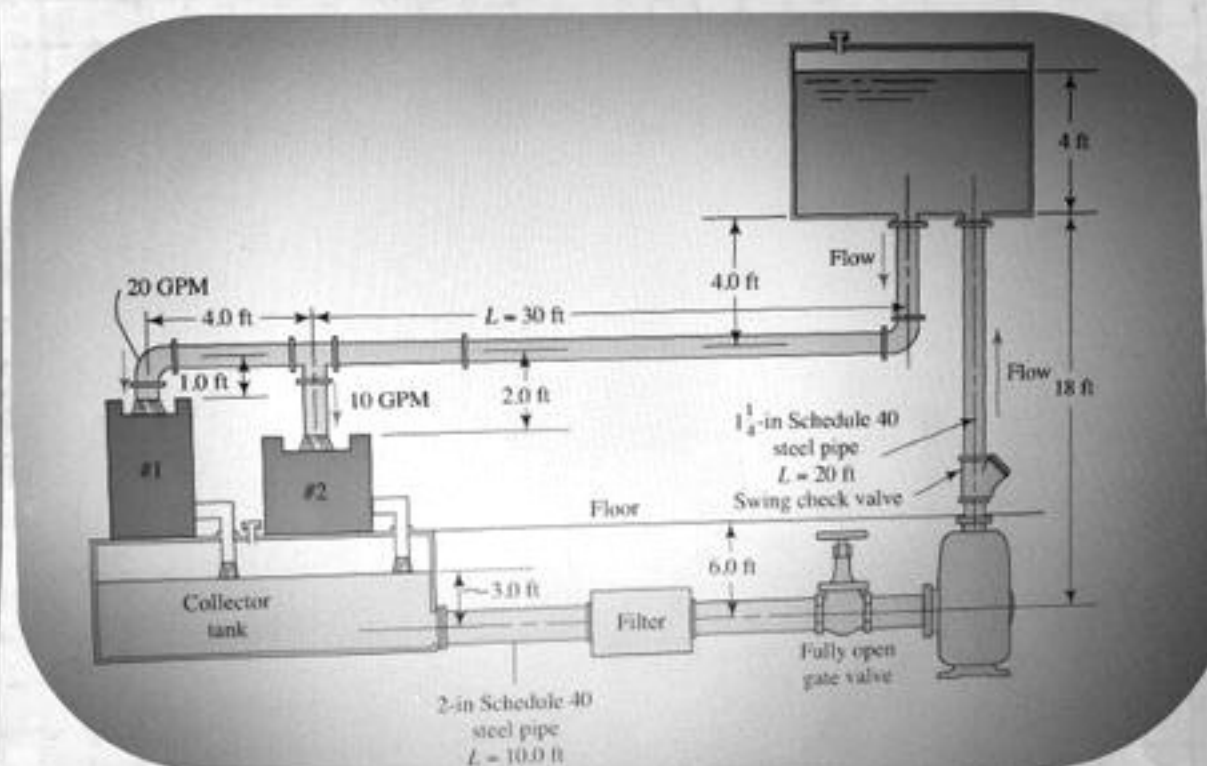


11.23

Given: For the system shown, compute the total head on the pumps and the power delivered by the pumps to the system.



SOLUTION:

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} + \frac{v_1^2}{2g} + z_1 + h_A = \frac{P_2}{\gamma} + \frac{v_2^2}{2g} + z_2 + h_L$$

Suction
 $Q = VA$

$$v = \frac{Q}{A}$$

TABLE F.1

$$A = 0.02333 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$D_n = 0.1723 \text{ ft}$$

10.20
 $Q = \frac{30 \text{ gal}}{\text{min}} = 0.0668403 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{s}}$

$$NR = \frac{v D_n}{\mu}$$

TABLE A.2

$$P_w = 1.94 \frac{\text{slug}}{\text{ft}^3}$$

$$\mu = 3.66 \times 10^{-5} \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft} \cdot \text{s}}$$

$$NR = \frac{2.8650 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}} (0.1723 \text{ ft})}{3.66 \times 10^{-5} \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft} \cdot \text{s}}} = 1.7848 \frac{\text{slug}}{\text{ft}^3}$$

$$v = \frac{0.0668403 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{s}}}{0.02333 \text{ ft}^2} = 2.8650 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\frac{D_n}{\epsilon} = \frac{0.1723 \text{ ft}}{1.3 \times 10^{-4} \text{ ft}} = 1148.667$$

$$NR = 24072.3437$$

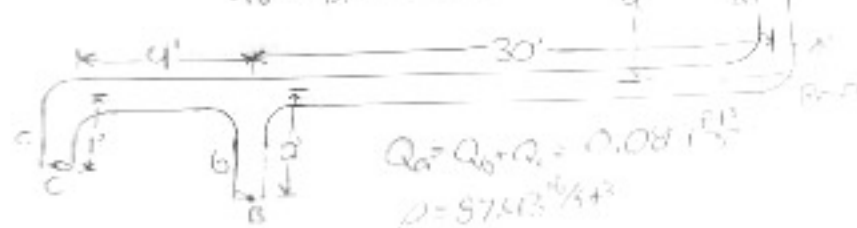
$$\epsilon = 1.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ ft}$$

$$f = 0.0265$$

$$\frac{2.8650 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}}^2}{2 (32.2)} = 0.1275$$

Problem 11.24) $Q_c = 200 \text{ cm}^3/\text{s} = 0.0002 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

$Q_b = 10 \text{ gpm} = 0.000126 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$



$Q_a = Q_c - Q_b = 0.000074 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$

$p = 57.43 \text{ lb/ft}^2$

Bernoulli's from A to B

$$\frac{P_A}{\rho} + \frac{V_A^2}{2g} + Z_A = \frac{P_B}{\rho} + \frac{V_B^2}{2g} + Z_B + h_L \quad \therefore Z_A - Z_B = \frac{V_B^2}{2g} + h_L + 0$$

Losses

$$h_{f_{top}} = f \frac{L}{D} \frac{V^2}{2g} = f \frac{30'}{D_1} \frac{8Q_a^2}{\pi^2 D_1^5} = \frac{0.218 f_a}{D_1^5}$$

$$h_{f_{bot}} = 30 f_b \frac{V^2}{2g} = \frac{0.193 f_b}{D_2^5}$$

$$h_{L_{EN}} = 0.5 \frac{V^2}{2g} = \frac{0.003}{D_1^5}$$

$$h_{L_{PTPB}} = f_b \frac{L}{D_b} \frac{V^2}{2g} = f_b \frac{2'}{D_b} \frac{8Q_b^2}{\pi^2 D_b^5} = \frac{0.00078 f_b}{D_b^5}$$

$$h_{fr} = 60 f_b \frac{8Q_b^2}{\pi^2 D_b^5} = \frac{0.0235 f_b}{D_b^5}$$

$$h_L = \frac{1}{32.2} \left(\frac{0.218 f_a}{D_1^5} + \frac{0.193 f_b}{D_2^5} + \frac{0.003}{D_1^5} + \frac{0.00078 f_b}{D_b^5} + \frac{0.0235 f_b}{D_b^5} \right)$$

$$\frac{V_B^2}{2g} = \frac{1}{g} \left(\frac{8Q_b^2}{\pi^2 D_b^5} \right) = \frac{0.0000122}{D_b^5} \quad Z_A - Z_B = 10 \text{ ft}$$

$$10 = \frac{1}{32.2} \left(\frac{0.0008 \rho}{D_a^5} + \frac{0.219 f_a}{D_a^5} + \frac{0.143 f_b}{D_b^5} + \frac{0.003}{D_b^5} + \frac{0.00018 f_c}{D_c^5} + \frac{0.0023 f_c}{D_c^5} \right) \quad \text{Page 2}$$

Bernoulli's from A to C

$$\frac{P_A}{\rho} + \frac{V_A^2}{2g} + Z_A = \frac{P_C}{\rho} + \frac{V_C^2}{2g} + Z_C + h_{L, \text{tot}} \quad Z_A - Z_C = \frac{V_C^2}{2g} + h_{L, \text{tot}} = 9'$$

Energy losses

$$h_{L, \text{ent}} = 20 f_a \frac{V_a^2}{2g} = \frac{0.0194 f_a}{D_a^5} \quad h_{L, \text{ex}} = \frac{0.000093}{D_b^5}$$

$$h_{L, \text{fr}} = f_a \frac{L_a V_a^2}{D_a^5 2g} = \frac{0.0068 f_a}{D_a^5}$$

$$h_{L, \text{fr}} = \frac{0.006 f_b}{D_b^5}$$

$$h_{L, \text{fr}} = f_c \frac{5' 8Q_c^2}{D_c^5 \pi^2 2g} = \frac{0.000565 f_c}{D_c^5}$$

$$h_{L, \text{fr}} = 30 f_c \frac{8Q_c^2}{\pi^2 D_c^5 2g} = \frac{0.0034 f_c}{D_c^5}$$

$$\frac{V_c^2}{2g} = \frac{0.00011}{D_c^5}$$

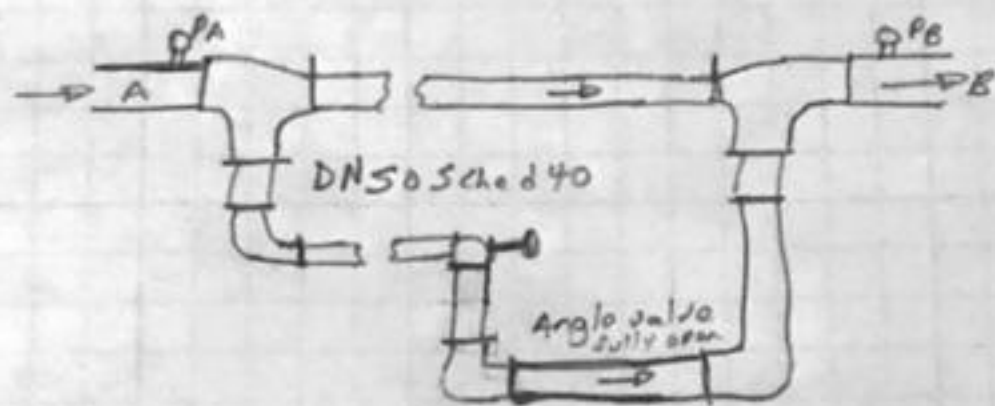
$$9 = \frac{0.00011}{D_c^5} + \frac{0.0034 f_c}{D_c^5} + \frac{0.000565 f_c}{D_c^5} + \frac{0.006 f_b}{D_b^5} + \frac{0.0068 f_a}{D_a^5} + \frac{0.0194 f_a}{D_a^5} + \frac{0.000093}{D_b^5}$$

$$D_a = 0.1' \approx 1.2''$$

$$D_b = 0.0405' \approx 0.5''$$

$$D_c = 0.011' \approx 0.1''$$

From
Iteration



SOLUTION:

UPPER BRANCH

$$h_L = h_{\text{friction}} = f_a \left(\frac{L}{D} \right) \frac{v_a^2}{2g}$$

90° Elbow $L/D = 30$
Fully open Angle = $L/D = 150$

DN50 = 2 in

TABLE F.1:

$D_{in} = 52.5 \text{ mm}$

$$h_L = f \left(30 / 0.0525 \text{ m} \right) \frac{v_a^2}{2g}$$

$$D/\epsilon = 0.0525 \text{ m} / 4.6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$$

TABLE 8.2:

$$1.141 \times 10^3 \quad f = 0.019$$

$$\epsilon = 4.6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$$

$$h_L = f_b \left(60 / 0.0525 \right) \left(\frac{v^2}{2g} \right) + 0.019 (150) \frac{v^2}{2g} + 3 \times 0.019 \times 30 \frac{v^2}{2g}$$

$$= (1142 f + 4.56) v^2 / 2g$$

$$f_a = 0.02$$

$$f_b = 0.02$$

$$571 \times 0.02 \times \frac{v^2}{2g} = (1142 \times 0.02 + 4.56) v^2 / 2g$$

$$v_a = 1.55 v_b$$

TABLE F.1

$$A = 2.168 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$$

$$850 \text{ L/min} =$$

$$\frac{0.01411 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}}{1.55 \times 2.168 \times 10^{-3} + 2.168 \times 10^{-3}} = v_b = 2.55 \text{ m/s}$$

$$Q_{\text{tot}} = A_a v_a + A_b v_b$$

$$v_a = 1.55 v_b = 1.55 \times 2.55 = 3.97 \text{ m/s}$$

TABLE A.1
 $\nu = 1.30 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$

$$N_R = \frac{v_b D_b}{\nu} = \frac{2.55 \times 0.0525}{1.30 \times 10^{-6}} = 1.30 \times 10^5$$

$$f_b = 0.0215$$

$$N_R = \frac{v_a D_a}{\nu} = \frac{3.97 \times 0.0525}{1.30 \times 10^{-6}} = 1.60 \times 10^5$$

$$f_a = 0.0215$$

$$h_{L a} = h_{L b} \quad 571 f_a \frac{v_a^2}{2g} = 1142 f_b + 4.56 \frac{v_b^2}{2g}$$

$$v_a = 1.56 v_b$$

$$0.01411 = A_a (1.15 v_b) + A_b v_b$$

$$v_b = \frac{0.01411}{1.56 \times 2.168 \times 10^{-3} + 2.168 \times 10^{-3}} = 2.55 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_a = 1.56 \times 2.55 = 3.98 \text{ m/s}$$

$$Q_a = 2.168 \times 10^{-3} \times 3.98 = 0.008628 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = \boxed{518 \text{ L/min}}$$

$$Q_b = 2.168 \times 10^{-3} \times 2.55 = 0.00552 \text{ m}^3/\text{s} = \boxed{332 \text{ L/min}}$$

$$h_L = 571 f_a \frac{v_a^2}{2g} = 571 \times 0.0215 \times \frac{3.98^2}{2 \times 9.81} = 9.68 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta p = \gamma h_L = 9.81 \times 9.68 \text{ m} = \boxed{94.96 \text{ kPa}}$$

ch 12 #5. $D_i = 100 - 2(3.5) = 93 \text{ mm} \left| \frac{10^{-3} \text{ m}}{1 \text{ mm}} \right| = 0.093 \text{ m}$

$$A_a = \frac{\pi D_i^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.093^2}{4} = 6.79 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q = 500 \text{ L/min} \left| \frac{1.666 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}}{1 \text{ L/min}} \right| = 8.33 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3/\text{sec}$$

$$V_a = \frac{Q}{A_a} = \frac{8.33 \times 10^{-3}}{6.79 \times 10^{-3}} = 1.22 \text{ m/s}$$

$$N_R = \frac{V_a D_i}{\nu} = \frac{1.22 \times 0.093}{1.30 \times 10^{-6}} = 87276.923$$

$$R_r = \frac{\epsilon}{D} = \frac{1.5 \times 10^{-6}}{0.0930} = 1.61 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$f_a = 0.0185 \quad f_r = 0.010$$

$$d_i = 50 - 2(1.5) = 47 \text{ mm} \left| \frac{10^{-3} \text{ m}}{1 \text{ mm}} \right| = 0.047 \text{ m}$$

$$A_b = \frac{\pi d_i^2}{4} = \frac{\pi \times 0.047^2}{4} = 1.73 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$$

$$V_b = \frac{Q}{A_b} = \frac{8.33 \times 10^{-3}}{1.73 \times 10^{-3}} = 4.815$$

$$N_R = \frac{V_b d_i}{\nu} = \frac{4.815 \times 0.047}{1.30 \times 10^{-6}} = 174080$$

$$R_r = \frac{\epsilon}{d_i} = \frac{1.5 \times 10^{-6}}{0.047} = 3.2 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$f_b = 0.016 \quad f_r = 0.010$$

rest on next page

$$\begin{aligned}
 (h_L)_a &= h_{\text{friction}} + h_{\text{valve}} + 2h_{\text{elb}} \\
 &= f_a \left(\frac{L}{D} \right) \frac{V_a^2}{2g} + K \frac{V_a^2}{2g} + 2f_r \left(\frac{L_e}{D} \right) \frac{V_a^2}{2g} \\
 &= 0.0185 \left(\frac{30}{0.093} \right) \frac{V_a^2}{2g} + K \frac{V_a^2}{2g} + 2 \times 0.010 \times (30) \frac{V_a^2}{2g}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(h_L)_a = [6.56 + K] \frac{V_a^2}{2g}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (h_L)_b &= f_b \left(\frac{L}{d_i} \right) \frac{V_b^2}{2g} + K \frac{V_b^2}{2g} + 2f_r \left(\frac{L_e}{D} \right) \frac{V_b^2}{2g} \\
 &= 0.016 \left(\frac{30}{0.047} \right) \frac{V_b^2}{2g} + 2 \times 0.0100 \times (30) \frac{V_b^2}{2g}
 \end{aligned}$$

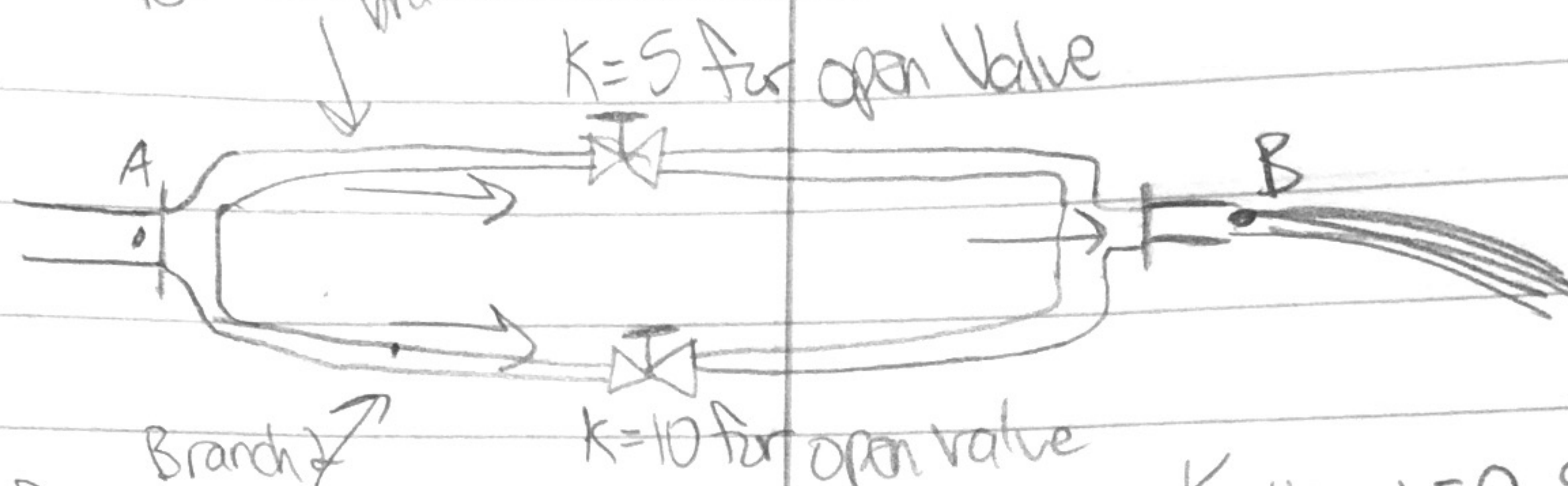
$$(h_L)_b = [10.812] \frac{V_b^2}{2g}$$

$$[6.56 + K] \frac{V_a^2}{2g} = [10.812] \frac{V_b^2}{2g}$$

$$[6.56 + K] \frac{1.22^2}{2 \times 9.81} = [10.812] \frac{4.815^2}{2 \times 9.81}$$

$$K = 161.854 = \boxed{162}$$

12.6 $D_1 = 2 \text{ in Sch40}$
 branch 1



Branch 2
 $D_2 = 4 \text{ in Sch40}$

$K=10$ for open valve

$K_{elbow} = 0.9$

$$D_1 \text{ area} = 0.02333 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$D_2 \text{ area} = 0.08840 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$D_1 = 0.1723 \text{ ft}$$

$$D_2 = 0.3355 \text{ ft}$$

$$\gamma_{\text{water}} = 62.4 \text{ lb/ft}^3$$

$$20 \text{ lb/in}^2 \cdot 144 = 2880 \text{ lb/ft}^2$$

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\gamma} + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + z_2 + h_L$$

$$V_1 = \sqrt{\frac{2gh_L}{K_1}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 32.2 \cdot 46.15}{6.8}} = 20.91 \text{ ft/s} \cdot 0.02333 \text{ ft}^2 = 0.488 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$$

$$V_2 = \sqrt{\frac{2gh_L}{K_2}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 32.2 \cdot 46.15}{11.8}} = 15.87 \text{ ft/s} \cdot 0.08840 \text{ ft}^2 = 1.40 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$$

$$Q_{\text{Total}} = 1.89 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$$

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} = h_L \quad \frac{2880 \text{ lb/ft}^2}{62.4 \text{ lb/ft}^3} = 46.15 \text{ ft} = h_L$$

$$h_1 = 2 \left(0.9 \cdot \frac{V_1^2}{2g} \right) + 5 \left(\frac{V_1^2}{2g} \right) = 6.8 \frac{V_1^2}{2g}$$

$$h_2 = 2 \left(0.9 \cdot \frac{V_2^2}{2g} \right) + 10 \left(\frac{V_2^2}{2g} \right) = 11.8 \frac{V_2^2}{2g}$$

$$h_1 = K \frac{V_1^2}{2g}$$

$$h_2 = K \frac{V_2^2}{2g}$$

$$Q_1 = 0.488 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$$

$$Q_2 = 1.4 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$$