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CYSE 201S

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### **Links to Articles Used**

<https://cybercrimejournal.com/menuscript/index.php/cybercrimejournal/article/view/188/70>

<https://vc.bridgew.edu/cgi/viewcontent.cgi?article=1170&context=ijcic>

### **Article Review #1 Inheritance Laws and Artificial Intelligence in Relation to Cybercrime**

#### **How the Articles Relate to the Topic of Social Sciences**

The article regarding Iraq relates to social science in that it covers criminology, economics, and sociology which are all topics related to social sciences. The article covers cybercrime in Iraq that can affect inheritance laws that determine the wealth distribution of Iraqi's citizens. Furthermore, the article also some historic information of the social and societal behaviors towards women of ancient Iraq (Alkhafagy et al., 2023, p. 5).

The article regarding artificial intelligence relates to social sciences in that it focuses on the psychological aspect of social sciences. Human behavior and its use of artificial intelligence can be studied using the article as well as the five big personality traits of cyber victims which are neuroticism, extraversion, openness, agreeableness, and conscientiousness (Parti et al., 2023, p. 1).

#### **Analysis of Research or Hypothesis**

The hypothesis or idea that was explained early in the text was regarding technology and cybercrime. The idea explained was about how advancements in technology aided in dealing with cybercrime in Iraq (Alkhafagy et al., 2023, p. 1). I find this interesting as this technological development can be traced back to human behavior and can be analyzed using sociology or psychology. Perhaps the reverse personality victim trait of denial of responsibility can be thought of as acceptance of responsibility. The advancements in technology can be considered a human behavioral and psychological response to cybercrime.

An idea or hypothesis introduced early in the text of the second article was the idea of technology influencing the way people interact with the world (Parti et al., 2023, p. 1). Modern children are growing up in a time when technology is being advanced significantly. The psychodynamic theory can explain how specific experiences that occur during childhood can influence decisions people make and how they interact with the world.

#### **Types of Research Methods Used**

Several different research resources were used that can be considered primary and secondary sources. The primary sources that were analyzed included laws, regulations, and statues related

to inheritance laws and cybercrime in Iraq. Secondary sources included related information to inheritance laws like online articles (Alkhafagy et al., 2023, p. 7).

Several different methods were used to research artificial intelligence in the second article. A paper about the victimization of deepfakes and ways to prevent deepfake crimes from being committed on people including marginalized groups such as public figures. In addition, studies in that paper that involved experts in academics and policy were used to obtain intellectual opinions regarding the controversy surrounding deepfakes. Research also consisted of studying Eysenck's theory about theoretical frameworks (Parti et al., 2023, p. 2).

### **Types of Data and Analysis Done**

Much of the analysis was regarding in the article regarding Iraq was aimed at finding the relationship between cybercrime and the inheritance laws. Considerations were introduced such as digital assets that may or may not be covered with the current inheritance laws (Alkhafagy et al., 2023, p. 8).

The analysis involving artificial intelligence was mainly aimed at finding the motivations of cybercriminals. This analysis was done as a result of evaluating the studies of the policy and academic experts as well as taking Eysenck's theory of theoretical framework into consideration (Parti et al., 2023, p. 1-2).

### **Contents from The Presentation found in The Articles**

Social behavior involving societal focus on patriarchies rare considered when evaluating why woman were less likely to have inheritance laws that included them (Alkhafagy et al., 2023, p. 5). Furthermore, men and woman in Iraq can benefit from having sophisticated and well developed legislation regarding inheritance laws.

Examples of the use of psychology was prevalent in the second article regarding artificial intelligence. Furthermore, the researching of the motivations behind cybercriminals was also a form of observing behavior (Parti et al., 2023, p. 2).

### **Conclusion**

The article includes several suggestions to solve the inheritance laws in relation to incorporating legislation to deal with cybercrime. Making legislations about how policy makers should be knowledgeable about cybercrime, enhancing cybersecurity in Iraq, and implementing new technologies in Iraq are all solutions included in the article (Alkhafagy et al., 2023, p. 9). Iraq and other countries need to modernize and integrate themselves as a part of the modern world to protect inheritance laws from cybercrime.

The second article placed importance on the understanding of criminal offending to provide insightful information for future cybercrime studies (Parti et al., 2023, p. 2). The studies in the article can benefit cybercrime victims by educating them and cybercriminal by getting them proper help they need despite their criminal history.

