# **Password Generator Python Project**

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# **Project Proposal**

The number 1 issue that permeates every aspect of cybersecurity is the possibility of human error. A proper cybersecurity program is only as strong as its weakest link, and as such, it is important to make sure that every user within any given infrastructure has a strong password as the first line of defense. This project will solve that issue by creating a password that meets Microsoft's official guidelines for creating a strong password:

- At least 12 characters long but 14 or more is better.
- A combination of uppercase letters, lowercase letters, numbers, and symbols.
- Not a word that can be found in a dictionary or the name of a person, character,
   product, or organization.
- Significantly different from previous passwords.

### **Hardware Specifications**

Processor 13th Gen Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-13400F 2.50 GHz

Installed RAM 8.00 GB (7.82 GB usable)

System type 64-bit operating system, x64-based processor

Edition Windows 11 Home

Version 22H2

Installed on 2/8/2023

OS Build 22621.1555

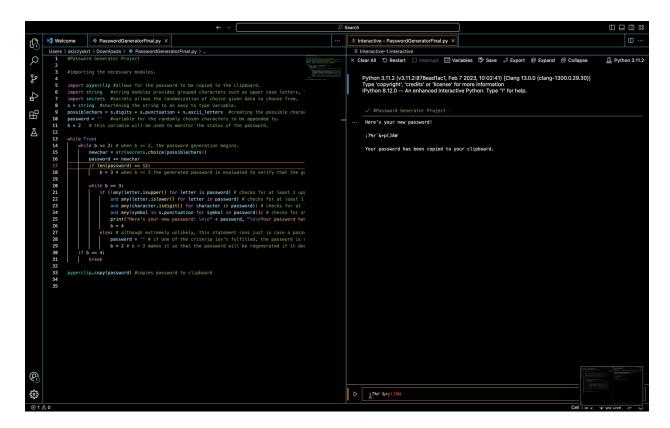
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### The Code

```
## PassonGeneratorProject

| Description | D
```

### Successful Run of the Code



# Summary of the Code

## **Prior steps**

This code begins by importing a few different modules:

String: Provides us with different lists of characters that we'll be able to use to generate the passwords. We'll be using this to create a list of possible characters to choose from for the password generator.

Secrets: Allows code to choose randoms characters in a given variable. We'll be using this to pick the characters for our password at random.

Pyperclip: This gives us the ability to copy the password to our clipboard once it has been generated and evaluated.

First, we'll create the variable "s" so that it is simpler to call upon the string variable. Next, we'll create our list of possible characters so that we can call upon them to add to our password. In this, we'll be including uppercase letters, lowercase letters, numbers, and non-spacing symbols. We'll then create a variable named "password" to append our randomly chosen characters to. Finally, we'll be creating an arbitrary variable "b" that will monitor the status of the password.

#### Password Generation

Since b is set to two by default, the password generation process will begin as soon as the code is run. First, we create a variable named "newchar" that will utilize the "secrets" module to choose a random character from our possible characters. Once chosen, it will append that character to the "password" variable. This will repeat until the number of characters within the password is 12. Once that is achieved, b is set to three, sending the password to be evaluated for the Microsoft criteria mentioned before.

#### **Password Evaluation**

Our next block of code checks the password against 4 criteria. In order to pass the check, the password must have at least:

- 1 Uppercase Letter
- 1 Lowercase Letter
- 1 Number
- 1 Symbol.

If the code generates a password that meets all four of these criteria, the infinite loop is broken. In the unlikely scenario that the generated password has failed at least one of these criteria, b is set equal to 2 again. This will restart the password generation until a proper password is generated.

# **Providing the Password**

Once out of the loop, the password is printed and copied to the user's clipboard. This will allow them to paste it into any account that they need a password for and save it to their favorite password manager.

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