

CYSE-270- Linux System For Cybersecurity
Assignment –10
Networking Basics - Subnetting (100 points)

Understanding subnetting takes time and practice. Using the methods covered during the class, fill in the following tables for Network, broadcast, first IP, Last IP and Max. Hosts in the network.

The column for IP address should be in Decimal format for each, except number of hosts. (Refer to the examples in the slide for week 10-Networking Basics)

Task-A: (50 Points)

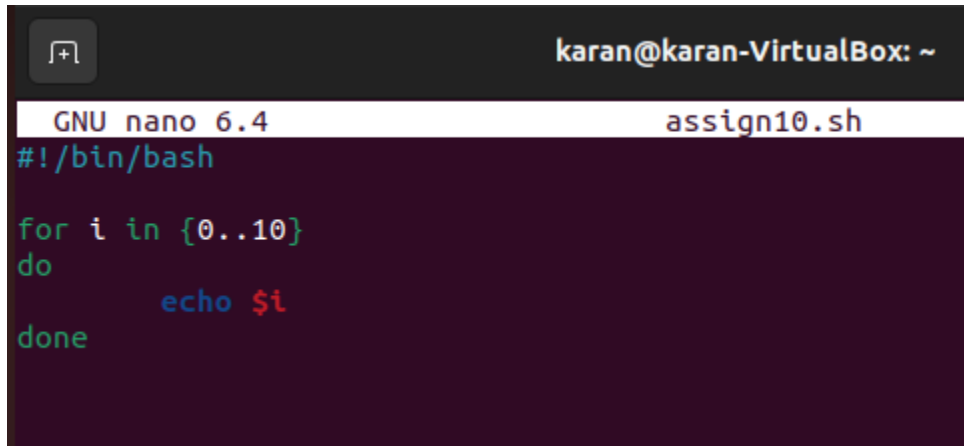
Category	IP Address	Binary Format
Address	192.168.100.4	11000000.10101000.01100100.00000100
Netmask	28	11111111.11111111.11111111.11110000
Network address	192.168.100.0	11000000.10101000.01100100.00000000
Broadcast address	192.168.100.15	11000000.10101000.01100100.00001111
First IP	192.168.100.1	11000000.10101000.01100100.00000001
Last IP	192.168.100.14	11000000.10101000.01100100.00001110
Maximum host in the network	14	

Task-B: (50 points)

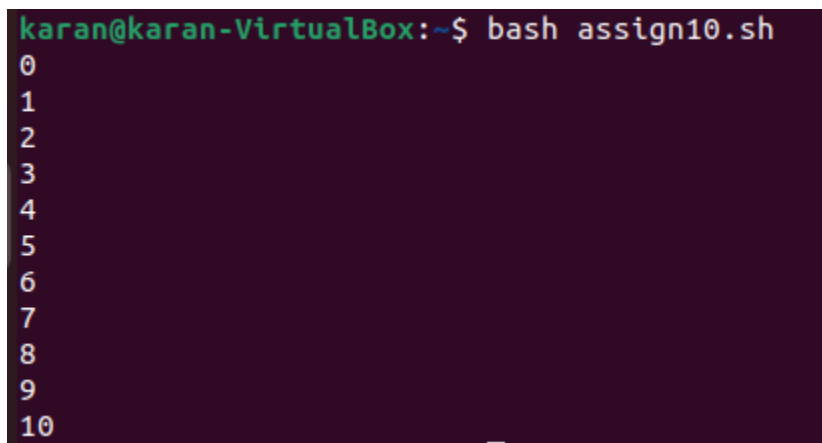
Category	IP Address	Binary Format
Address	170.1.0.0	10101010.00000001.00000000.00000000
Netmask	26	11111111.11111111.11111111.11000000
Network address	170.1.0.0	10101010.00000001.00000000.00000000
Broadcast address	170.1.0.63	10101010.00000001.00000000.00111111
First IP	170.1.0.1	10101010.00000001.00000000.00000001
Last IP	170.1.0.62	10101010.00000001.00000000.00111110
Maximum host in the network	62	

Extra Credit (10 points)

Write a bash script to print out 0~10 in shell scripts by using for loop and while loop, respectively? Please submit the screenshot for the script and its output, both.



```
karan@karan-VirtualBox: ~  
GNU nano 6.4 assign10.sh  
#!/bin/bash  
  
for i in {0..10}  
do  
    echo $i  
done
```



```
karan@karan-VirtualBox:~$ bash assign10.sh  
0  
1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10
```