Step 1. Execute the ls /dev/sd* command to see the current hard disk devices. [use sudo]

karan@karan-VirtualBox:~\$ sudo ls /dev/sd*
[sudo] password for karan:
/dev/sda /dev/sda1 /dev/sda2 /dev/sda3

Step 2. Execute the fdisk -I command to list the current hard disk partitions. [use sudo]

-VirtualBox:~\$ sudo fdisk Disk /dev/loop0: 4 KiB, 4096 bytes, 8 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes **Disk /dev/loop1: 55.61 MiB, 58310656 bytes, 113888 sectors** Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes **Disk /dev/loop2: 63.27 MiB, 66347008 bytes, 129584 sectors** Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes Disk /dev/loop3: 55.61 MiB, 58310656 bytes, 113888 sectors Unite sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Terminal re (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes Disk /dev/loop4: 63.28 MiB, 66355200 bytes, 129600 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes **Disk /dev/loop5: 72.91 MiB, 76447744 bytes, 149312 sectors** Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes Disk /dev/loop6: 239.12 MiB, 250732544 bytes, 489712 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes Disk /dev/loop7: 240.61 MiB, 252301312 bytes, 492776 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes Disk /dev/sda: 20.59 GiB, 22109306880 bytes, 43182240 sectors Disk model: VBOX HARDDISK Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes Disklabel type: gpt Disk identifier: 1C912532-6BDF-462B-806F-05DC58DC4261 Device Start End Sectors Size Type 1M BIOS boot /dev/sda1 2048 4095 2048 /dev/sda2 1050624 513M EFI System 4096 1054719

/dev/sda3 1054720 43182079 42127360 20.1G Linux filesystem

Disk /dev/loop8: 346.33 MiB, 363151360 bytes, 709280 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk /dev/loop9: 91.69 MiB, 96141312 bytes, 187776 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk /dev/loop10: 452.4 MiB, 474374144 bytes, 926512 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk /dev/loop11: 45.93 MiB, 48156672 bytes, 94056 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk /dev/loop12: 45.93 MiB, 48160768 bytes, 94064 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes

Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk /dev/loop13: 304 KiB, 311296 bytes, 608 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk /dev/loop14: 49.83 MiB, 52248576 bytes, 102048 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk /dev/loop15: 49.84 MiB, 52260864 bytes, 102072 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk /dev/loop16: 428 KiB, 438272 bytes, 856 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

Disk /dev/loop17: 76.54 MiB, 80257024 bytes, 156752 sectors Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes Step 3. Execute the parted -I command to list the current hard disk partition table. [use sudo]

karan@karan-VirtualBox:~\$ sudo parted -l Model: ATA VBOX HARDDISK (scsi) Disk /dev/sda: 22.1GB Sector size (logical/physical): 512B/512B Partition Table: gpt Disk Flags:							
Number 1	Start 1049kB	End 2097kB	Size 1049kB	File system	Name	Flags bios grub	
2	2097kB 540MB	540MB 22.1GB	538MB 21.6GB	fat32 ext4	EFI System Partition	boot, esp	

Step 1. In the VM setting, attach a new virtual hard disk with the size of 200 MB to our current Linux VM. Name it as "your_midas.vdi" [HINT: Please refer to the slides and discussion during the class for week 7]

Storage					
Storage Devices	Attributes				
Controller: IDE	Hard Disk: SATA Port 1 🔻 욏				
Empty	Solid-state Drive				
left Controller: SATA	Hot-pluggable				
🦢 😰 Ubuntuvdi	Information				
🦕 😥 kmuda002.vdi	Virtual Size: 200.00 MB				
	Actual Size: 2.00 MB				
	Details: Dynamically allocate				
	Location: C:\Users\Karan Mud				
	Attached to:				
	Encrypted with key:				

Step 2. Load this virtual hard disk to your virtual machine.

Step 3. Repeat the steps in Part I and highlight the differences after adding the new virtual hard disk.

karan@karan-VirtualBox:~\$ ls /dev/sd* /dev/sda /dev/sda1 /dev/sda2 /dev/sda3 <mark>/dev/sdb</mark>

Device	Start	End	Sectors	Size	Туре
/dev/sda1	2048	4095	2048	1M	BIOS boot
/dev/sda2	4096	1054719	1050624	513M	EFI System
/dev/sda3	1054720	43182079	42127360	20.1G	Linux filesystem

Disk /dev/sdb: 206.55 MiB, 216578560 bytes, 423005 sectors Disk model: VBOX HARDDISK Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes

karan@k	aran-Vir	tualBox:	~\$́sudo	parted -l	
Model:	ΑΤΑ VBOX	HARDDIS	K (scsi)		
Disk /d	lev/sda:	22.1GB			
Sector	size (lo	gical/ph	ysical):	512B/512B	
Partiti	on Table.	: gpt			
Disk Fl	.ags:				
Number	Start	End	Size	File system	Na
1	1049kB	2097kB	1049kB	Ĩ	
2	2097kB	540MB	538MB	fat32	EF
3	540MB	22.1GB	21.6GB	ext4	
Error:	/dev/sdb	: unreco	gnised d	isk label	
Model:	ATA VBOX	HARDDIS	K (scsi)		
Disk /d	lev/sdb:	217MB			
Sector	size (lo	gical/ph	ysical):	512B/512B	
Partiti	on Table.	: unknow	n		
Disk Fl	.ags:				

Step 1. Use the fdisk command to create a new primary partition on the new virtual hard disk attached in Part II.

```
karan@karan-VirtualBox:~$ sudo fdisk /dev/sdb
Changes will remain in memory only, until you decide to write them.
Be careful before using the write command.
Device does not contain a recognized partition table.
Created a new DOS disklabel with disk identifier 0xa4fd2dd5.
Command (m for help): m
Help:
  DOS (MBR)
   а
       toggle a bootable flag
       edit nested BSD disklabel
   ь
       toggle the dos compatibility flag
   С
  Generic
       delete a partition
   d
       list free unpartitioned space
   F
       list known partition types
   1
Command (m for help): n
Partition type
       primary (0 primary, 0 extended, 4 free)
   D
       extended (container for logical partitions)
   e
Select (default p): p
Partition number (1-4, default 1): 1
First sector (2048-423004, default 2048):
Last sector, +/-sectors or +/-size{K,M,G,T,P} (2048-423004, default 423004):
Created a new partition 1 of type 'Linux' and of size 205.5 MiB.
Command (m for help): w
The partition table has been altered.
Calling ioctl() to re-read partition table.
Syncing disks.
```

Step 2. Use the correct command to create an ext4 filesystem on the new partition.

 Step 3. Repeat the steps in Part I and highlight the differences.

karan@ /dev/s	karan-V da /de	/irtual v/sda1	Box:~\$ /dev	ls /de /sda2	v/sd* /dev/	sda3	/dev/sdb	/de	v/sdb1
Disk /dev/sdb: 206.55 MiB, 216578560 bytes, 423005 sectors Disk model: VBOX HARDDISK Units: sectors of 1 * 512 = 512 bytes Sector size (logical/physical): 512 bytes / 512 bytes I/O size (minimum/optimal): 512 bytes / 512 bytes Disklabel type: dos Disk identifier: 0xa4fd2dd5									
Device /dev/s	db1	oot St 2	art 2048 42	End S 23004	ector 42095	s S 7 205	ize Id T .5M 83 L ⁴	ype inux	
karan@k Model: Disk /d Sector Partitic Disk Fl	ATA VBOX ev/sda: size (lo on Table ags:	tualBox: HARDDIS 22.1GB gical/pl : gpt	:∼\$ sudo 5K (scsi nysical)	parted) : 512B/5	-l 12B				
Number 1 2 3	Start 1049kB 2097kB 540MB	End 2097kB 540MB 22.1GB	Size 1049kB 538MB 21.6GB	File s fat32 ext4	ystem	Name EFI Sy	stem Parti	tion	Flags bios_grub boot, esp
Model: ATA VBOX HARDDISK (scsi) Disk /dev/sdb: 217MB Sector size (logical/physical): 512B/512B Partition Table: msdos Disk Flags:									
Number 1	Start 1049kB	End 217MB	Size 216MB	Type primary	File ext4	system	Flags		

Step 4. Make a new directory named /cyse. And mount the new partition under this directory.

karan@karan-VirtualBox:~\$ sudo mkdir /cyse
karan@karan-VirtualBox:~\$ ls /cyse
karan@karan-VirtualBox:~\$ sudo mount /dev/sdb1 /cyse

Step 5. Use the df command to check the mounting point of the new partition.

karan@karan-VirtualBox:~\$ sudo df								
Filesystem	1K-blocks	Used	Available	Use%	Mounted on			
tmpfs	1121232	1476	1119756	1%	/run			
/dev/sda3	20556360	12132460	7354332	63%	/			
tmpfs	5606152	Θ	5606152	0%	/dev/shm			
tmpfs	5120	4	5116	1%	/run/lock			
/dev/sda2	524252	5368	518884	2%	/boot/efi			
tmpfs	1121228	104	1121124	1%	/run/user/1000			
/dev/sdb1	180700	24	165948	1%	/cyse			

Step 6. Create a new file named for YourMIDAS.txt (replace YourMIDAS with your MIDAS ID) in the directory /cyse and put your name in that file.

```
karan@karan-VirtualBox:/cyse$ sudo nano kmuda002.txt
karan@karan-VirtualBox:/cyse$ ls
kmuda002.txt lost+found
```

Step 7. Unmount /cyse directory.

karan@karan-VirtualBox:~\$ sudo umount /dev/sdb1							
karan@karan-VirtualBox:~\$ sudo df							
Filesystem	1K-blocks	Used	Available	Use%	Mounted on		
tmpfs	1121232	1476	1119756	1%	/run		
/dev/sda3	20556360	12132472	7354320	63%	/		
tmpfs	5606152	0	5606152	0%	/dev/shm		
tmpfs	5120	4	5116	1%	/run/lock		
/dev/sda2	524252	5368	518884	2%	/boot/efi		
tmpfs	1121228	104	1121124	1%	/run/user/1000		

Step 8. Check the contents in /cyse directory. What do you find?

Nothing.

karan@karan-VirtualBox:~\$ cd /cyse/ karan@karan-VirtualBox:/cyse\$ ls