Unit Integration

Overview:

The overarching unit theme is *Global Influences: Egypt and China*. This unit plan fits into the curriculum because students will learn about Egypt and China in this grade level and it will showcase the many contributions that these two countries have provided and how they have had an impact on language, architecture, inventions and on the STEM disciplines. The students will have the opportunity to explore countries and see how cultures, most unlike their own. They will get to understand how everyday technologies and languages can change over time and what they started out like.

SOL standards? What are the content standards for the overarching topic?

3.2 The student will explain how the contributions of ancient China and Egypt have influenced the present world in terms of architecture, inventions, the calendar, and written language.

What integrations will you include? Include related SOLs from four other content areas.

3.4 English: The student will expand vocabulary when reading.

d)Use context to clarify meaning of unfamiliar words.

- **3.9 Math:** The student will
 - a. tell time to the nearest minute, using analog and digital clocks;
- **3.12 Math:** The student will
 - a. define polygon;
 - b. identify and name polygons with 10 or fewer sides;
- 3.5 Arts: The student will explore and examine cultural and historical influences of art.
 - c. Compare and contrast art and architecture from a variety of cultures.

3.1 Arts: The student will apply creative thinking to artmaking.

a. Use imaginative and expressive strategies to create works of art.

3.10 English: The student will demonstrate comprehension of information resources to research a topic and complete a research product.

b) Access appropriate resources.

c)Collect and organize information about the topic.

Sequencing:

• Day# 1: An Introduction of Worlds: Ancient Egypt and Ancient China/ Contributions:

Written Language

- **Day# 2: Contributions:** Inventions (Part #1) Egypt
- **Day# 3: Contributions:** Inventions (Part #2) China
- Day# 4: Contributions: Architecture Structure Face-Off*

• Day# 5: Work Day

Day	#1
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Teacher Candidate:	Amanda Gainer	Date Taught:	N/A
Cooperating Teacher:	N/A	School / District:	N/A
Grade:	3rd	Field Supervisor:	N/A
Unit / Subject:	History	1	
Lesson Title / Focus:	An Introduction of Worlds: Ancient Egypt and Ancient China/ Contributions: Written Language		

PLANNING AND PREPARATION

Content Knowledge How was this lesson developed based on your research and knowledge of content and the discipline?

• This lesson was developed based on the knowledge of the third grade social science curriculum framework and standards of ancient China and ancient Egypt as the lesson will focus on the contribution of written language — characters and hieroglyphics, respectively. The students will gain understanding of how written language contributions from these ancient civilizations impacted society throughout time.

Learner Differences

How did this lesson develop as a result of your examination of research and data about student learning needs, how diverse students learn your content/lesson topic and how you can employ

culturally sustaining pedagogies, difficulties students might have, gaps in their knowledge, assets they have, and so on?

• This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data about student learning needs by being able to offer various representations that may appeal to all learners from visual representation, to oral, to tactile representation. This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data about how diverse students learn because many students learn better through exploration and using tactile and visuals while some students learn better orally. My lesson combines both aspects for balance. The lesson also offers students to get creative during note-taking and during the activity. This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data about employing culturally sustaining pedagogical strategies by ensuring that I represent the cultures through literature with stories occurring in the past and in modern day, featuring young children/ students from both countries. These stories bring a multicultural component for literature. This lesson develop as a result of my examination of research and data about addressing difficulties students might have and gaps in students' knowledge by reading and understanding common misconceptions students may face when learning about this topic and addressing those misconceptions when it comes to differentiating between "ancient" and "modern-day", how Arabic (mentioned in one one the books) relates to hieroglyphics, and recognizing that characters are still be use today, while hieroglyphics may be less common.

Outcomes/Goals

What will students be expected to know or do as a result of this lesson?

- **Objectives/Outcomes:**
- Students will be able to identify contributions of Egypt and China
- Students will be able to compare and contrast written language contributions
- Students will be able to define key vocabulary words.
- Students will be able to explain how ancient contributions impact the modern world
- Students will be able to learn how to identify and practice writing characters and hieroglyphics

Are these learning target(s)/outcome(s) appropriate based on your prior assessment/knowledge of students' understandings?

• Yes, prior to this lesson

Are your targets/outcomes observable and measurable?

• Yes, students will be writing down key vocabulary in their journals, understanding key vocabulary through guided-reading, creating notes, and practicing writing using the creative lessons.

What are your essential questions that align with the outcomes? List all outcomes associated with this lesson.

- What is an ancient civilization?
- What are contributions?
- How does written language from ancient China and Egypt impact the modern world?

Standards Which content, state, and national standards connect with your outcomes? List the state, content, <u>and</u> national standard or standards that are being addressed.

- State Standards:
 - 3.2 History: The student will explain how the contributions of ancient China and Egypt have influenced the present world in terms of architecture, inventions, the calendar, and written language.
 - 3.4 English: The student will expand vocabulary when reading.
 - d)Use context to clarify the meaning of unfamiliar words.

Resources and Materials What resources and other materials will be incorporated and how will they promote active learning? Be specific. List all materials and resources needed for the lesson.

- The Empty Pot by Demi (9 books)
- The Arabic Quilt by Aya A. Khalil (9 books)
- Journals (18)
- Videos of hieroglyphs (1-2)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FnQrzvKia5k
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZBiuJ40t4rk&t=69s
 - Photos of hieroglyphs (5)
 - Video of characters (1-2)
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZJAuM5I2vss
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=buc2q9TqlMk
 - Photos of characters (5)
 - Pens (26)
 - Pencils (26)
 - Calligraphy pens (18)
 - Giant Note Pad (1)
 - Smartboard (1)
 - Internet

Technology Does technology enhance the design and delivery of your lesson? Does the use of technology promote active learning? Be specific. List all technology needed for both students and teachers.

- Yes, technology enhances the design and delivery of my lesson. The students get to learn background information, importance, and relevance of written language and how Ancient Egypt and Ancient Chinese written language influenced the modern world.
 - Teacher technology:
 - Smartboard
 - Internet
 - Computer
 - Camera or Scanner

INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY

Learning Environment How will you support individual and collaborative learning and foster positive interaction in the classroom?

• The students will be participating in a think-pair-share, group and whole group discussions through the duration of the lesson to discuss their answers and their reasoning. As the teacher I will be walking around observing the students and asking them purposeful questions about their process and reasoning.

Introduction/Activating Strategies How will you engage learners in the lesson and learning? How will you launch the lesson? How will you activate prior knowledge? Engage:

- As the teacher, I will use a K-W-L chart on a huge notepad to assess students' prior knowledge and identify learning targets for the unit.
 - I will ask probing questions like:
 - "What do you know about present-day China or Egypt?"
 - " Do you know what it means when something is ancient?"
 - "What about ancient China or Egypt?"
 - "What comes to mind when you hear the word contributions? What does it mean to you?

- The students will create K-W-L in their journals and write down their responses.
 - The students will fill in the K & W sections of their chart.
- Students will share in group discussions first, then share in whole-group discussion.
 - I will be monitoring the discourse and writing down thoughts and ideas I hear.
 - I will then facilitate a whole-group discussion.

Instructional Strategies What learning activities do you have planned for the students? Include a variety of *teaching strategies (methods*). Activities are to be *learner-centered* (e.g. solve problems, construct models, design and perform experiments, read authentic resources, answer open-ended questions, support ideas with evidence, compose, analyze and interpret maps, draw conclusions.) Include *guided process* of learning. Include the opportunities learners will have to expand and solidify their understanding of the concept and/or apply it to a real-world situation. List any *independent practice* activities.

Explore:

- I will split the students up into groups, cross-sectioning interest of each book (I.e. *The Empty Pot* by Demi and *The Arabic Quilt* by Aya A. Khalil) with reading level.
- The students will get to read one book or the other and write on sticky notes, things that they enjoyed, unknown words, characters, and important details.
- The students will discuss using think-pair-share for five minutes about the story they read.
 - For students reading *The Empty Pot*, students will need to think about the characteristics of the society and how it reflects differently from current-day China: How is ancient China represented?
 - For students reading *The Arabic Quilt*, students will need to think about what it means to be a contribution and where the contributions mentioned in the book are seen and used in today's society.
- The students will come together and share their responses and answers to these questions.
 - They will write down key elements to the story they did not get to read and stick or glue their sticky notes in their journals.

Explain:

• I will provide background knowledge of the two ancient civilizations and vocabulary words (Ancient, Contributions, Written-language, Hieroglyphics, Character/Symbols).

- The students will write vocabulary words in their journal.
- We will watch a video on the hieroglyphics and their origins.
 - The students will write down notes in their journal after the video.
- I will provide handouts of hieroglyphics for them to look at and study.
 - I will explain or reiterate how hieroglyphics were used.
- We will watch a video on the characters and their origins.
 - The students will write down notes in their journal after the video.
- I will provide handouts of characters for them to look at and study.
 - I will explain or reiterate how characters were used.
- In this stage, the students will discuss their personal vocabulary words definitions in whole class discussion.
 - I will as questions like:
 - " How did you come to that conclusion or how's did you know that this vocabulary word meant that?"
- I will write down vocabulary words down on huge notepad.
 - As a class, we will come to a consensus on what definition to write down for each vocabulary word.
- I will then address any misconceptions they may have.
 - "What questions do you have?"

Elaborate:

- The students will have the opportunity to practice drawing hieroglyphics and characters.
- During this time, I will explain what their project-based assessment is: Creating a guidebook for ancient China or Egypt. They have the option to choose one and it will dictate the research they will partake in.
- They will have time to begin working on their guidebook during this time.

Closure : How will you bring closure to the lesson?

- Journal Entry and Discussion Prompt:
 - "What are contributions?"
 - "What are hieroglyphs and characters?"
 - "How do you think written language as a contribution helped to shape the modern world today?"
 - Students will share their final thoughts and something new they have learned.
 - Students will fill in the L portion of their KWL chart.
- Students will get the option to vote on which ancient civilization to learn about for inventions.

Differentiation How will you adjust instruction, including incorporating technology, to meet the needs of a diverse set of learners?

- ESL: For this group of students, I will create question-and-answer stems for journals and discussions, allow for partner work (think-pair-share discussions) and provide pictures with captions in English as well as in their primary language(s).
- Gifted Students: For this group of students, the students will get to research English words that derive from the Mandarin and Arabic languages and discuss what the English language would be like without those words.
- •Dyslexic: For this group of students, they will have the opportunity to have a reading/ writing partner. I will also provide them with visual and auditory directions.

Assessment: How will you measure understanding of the outcomes and standards? What type(s) of formative and summative assessment tasks/instruments (e.g., test, paper) and rubrics will be used?

- Formative:
 - Discussions
 - Activity
 - Journal Entry

PROFESSIONAL LEARNING

Reflection

How will you evaluate your practice?

- I will evaluate my practice by taking notes of concepts and ideas mentioned in the discussions with the students and as well as the students' discussions with each other.
- My notes will also include who understood the concepts and who needed or needs more assistance.
 - I will use formative and summative assessments to identify who understood the material and who may need additional assistance and resources (RTI). Using formative and summative assessments will also help me determine if I need to spend more time on a concept or make time to reteach a concept.

Where did learners struggle in the lesson?

- Students struggled with understanding how Arabic and hieroglyphics are related.
- Students struggled with understanding how characters and hieroglyphs impact the modern world.

How can the lesson be strengthened for improved student learning?

- The lesson can be strengthened for improved student learning by integrating more technology by adding supplemental videos.
- The lesson can also be strengthened for improved student learning by integrating more relevant literature.
- This lesson can also be strengthened for improved student learning by insuring that elaboration activity is elaborating on the topic.

Did the lesson reflect culturally sustaining pedagogies?

• Yes.

Day #2

Teacher Candidate:	Amanda Gainer	Date Taught:	N/A
Cooperating Teacher:	N/A	School / District:	N/A
Grade:	3rd	Field Supervisor:	N/A
Unit / Subject:	History		

PLANNING AND PREPARATION

Content Knowledge How was this lesson developed based on your research and knowledge of content and the discipline?

• This lesson was developed based on the knowledge of the third grade social science curriculum framework and standards of ancient China and ancient Egypt as the lesson will focus on the contribution of Egypt — with inventions. The students will gain understanding of how inventions such as the 365 -calendar, clock, and paper—created from papyrus ancient Egypt impacted society throughout time.

Learner Differences

How did this lesson develop as a result of your examination of research and data about student learning needs, how diverse students learn your content/lesson topic and how you can employ culturally sustaining pedagogies, difficulties students might have, gaps in their knowledge, assets they have, and so on?

This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data 0 about student learning needs by being able to offer various representations that may appeal to all learners from visual representation, to oral, to tactile representation. This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data about how diverse students learn because many students learn better through exploration and using tactile and visuals while some students learn better orally. My lesson combines both aspects for balance. The lesson also offers students to get creative during note-taking and during the activity. This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data about employing culturally sustaining pedagogical strategies by ensuring that I represent the culture of Egypt through digital stations. This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data about addressing difficulties students might have and gaps in students' knowledge by reading and understanding common misconceptions students may face when learning about this topic and addressing those misconceptions when it

comes to understanding how similar inventions appeared in different times in different areas. The students will also have visual and tactile representations of clocks for telling time.

Outcomes/Goals What will students be expected to know or do as a result of this lesson?

- **Objectives/Outcomes:**
- Students will be able to identify invention contributions of ancient Egypt.
- Students will be able to define key vocabulary words.
- Students will be able to research using online resources.
- Students will be able to explain the difference between analog and digital clocks.
- Students will be able to compare and contrast sundials with modern day clocks.
- Students will be able to tell time to the nearest minute, using analog and digital clocks.
- Students will be able to recognize time in word and numerical form.

• Students will be able to explain how ancient contributions impact the modern world. Are these learning target(s)/outcome(s) appropriate based on your prior assessment/knowledge of

students' understandings?

• Yes, prior to this lesson, students will have an introduction to ancient Egypt and what contributions are. In second grade, the students would have learned about how US innovations in particular sectors affected modern society. This particular topic falls in a similar range but instead of innovations on an already established item, this lesson explores inventions and their impact on modern-day society. In addition to this, in second grade, students would have how to tell time and write time to the nearest five minutes, using analog and digital clocks.

Are your targets/outcomes observable and measurable?

• Yes, students will be writing down key vocabulary and information in their journals, understanding key vocabulary and information through digital workstations, and creating group sundials.

What are your essential questions that align with the outcomes? List all outcomes associated with this lesson.

- What are inventions?
- How are these inventions similar to or different from modern-day-versions?
- How did inventions from ancient Egypt impact the modern world?

Standards Which content, state, and national standards connect with your outcomes? List the state, content, <u>and</u> national standard or standards that are being addressed.

• State Standards:

- 3.2 History: The student will explain how the contributions of ancient China and Egypt have influenced the present world in terms of architecture, inventions, the calendar, and written language.
- 3.9 Math: The student will
 - a. tell time to the nearest minute, using analog and digital clocks;

Resources and Materials What resources and other materials will be incorporated and how will they promote active learning? Be specific. List all materials and resources needed for the lesson.

- Journals (18)
- Pen (26)
- Pencils (26)
- Dry erase Markers (20)
- Paper
- Paper (1)
 - Possibly Papyrus sample (3)
- Calendar (1)
- Digital watch (1)
- Chalk (10)
- Huge Clock (1)
- Small Analog clocks (20)
- Laminate Three-Circle Venn Diagram (10)
- Laminate Digital Clock templates (10)
- White board (1)
- Rags or cloth (10)
- Laminate Digital clocks with velcro numbers (10)
- Laminate Analog clock templates (10)
- Huge Notepad (1)
- Ipads (18)
- Smartboard
- Computer
- Camera or Scanner
- Internet
 - Station #1: Inventions -
 - <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eRTo9zjccR0</u>
 - <u>https://www.historyforkids.net/inventions-and-technology-in-</u> egypt.html
 - Station #2: Analog and Digital Clocks -
 - <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UvcqVGEMGbY</u>
 - <u>https://www.mathsisfun.com/time-clocks.html</u>
 - Station #3: Telling Time
 - https://www.mathsisfun.com/time-clocks-analog-digital.html
 - Station #4: Compare/Contrast: Modern-day clocks and sundials -

- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PXiyqWnixqo</u>
- <u>https://kids.kiddle.co/Sundial</u>

Technology Does technology enhance the design and delivery of your lesson? Does the use of technology promote active learning? Be specific. List all technology needed for both students and teachers.

- Teacher technology:
 - Smartboard
 - Internet
 - Computer
 - Camera or Scanner
- Student technology:
 - Internet
 - Ipads

INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY

Learning Environment How will you support individual and collaborative learning and foster positive interaction in the classroom?

• The students will be participating in a think-pair-share, group and whole group discussions through the duration of the lesson to discuss their answers and their reasoning. As the teacher I will be walking around observing the students and asking them purposeful questions about their process and reasoning.

Introduction/Activating Strategies How will you engage learners in the lesson and learning? How will you launch the lesson? How will you activate prior knowledge?

Engage:

- As the teacher, I will show three different items (a piece of paper, a digital watch and a calendar)— seemingly unrelated but share something in common.
 - I will ask probing questions like:
 - "What do these three items have in common?"
 - "Do you think they have always looked like this?"
 - "How do you know?"

- *"Now think back to what we started talking about last class. If you had to put these three items into a category, or classify them into a category, what would it be?"
 - *Someone will hopefully mention contributions.
- The students will write down their responses in their journals.
- The students will share in a whole group session.
 - Meanwhile, I will then facilitate a whole-group discussion.
 - I will also be monitoring the discourse and writing down thoughts and ideas I hear on the board.

Instructional Strategies What learning activities do you have planned for the students? Include a variety of *teaching strategies (methods*). Activities are to be *learner-centered* (e.g. solve problems, construct models, design and perform experiments, read authentic resources, answer open-ended questions, support ideas with evidence, compose, analyze and interpret maps, draw conclusions.) Include *guided process* of learning. Include the opportunities learners will have to expand and solidify their understanding of the concept and/or apply it to a real-world situation. List any *independent practice* activities.

Explore:

- The class will seemingly switch gears to learn and discuss Egyptian contributions.
 - I will ask questions like:
 - "We discussed languages last class. What else do you know about ancient Egypt?"
 - "What are some notable items that you know about that come from ancient Egypt?"
 - The students will discuss as a class.
- I will then tell them the vocabulary words of today: invention, Sundial, Analog, digital, papyrus, and calendar.
 - "In your journals you will write these words down, giving yourself enough space to take notes. You will then be split up into groups to work at your digital stations. You should be able to define or write down the meaning of each vocabulary word. At each station there will be an activity or question to answer. Please. Make sure to complete the activity in your journal. "
- I will split the students up into groups, cross-sectioning math and reading levels to create groups based on skill level.
 - There will be four (4) groups consisting of three to four students each.

- The students will spend ten (10) to fifteen (15) minutes at each stationary station. They will "rotate" until every group has visited each station in full rotation. There will be paper with directions for each station for each group. They must follow "stations" in numerical order. Groups will have to find designated areas to congregate and work. This will model a flipped classroom approach.
 - 2 Stations:
 - Station #1: Inventions
 - In this station, students will learn about inventions of ancient Egypt—paying close attention to the important ones hat are vocabulary words. They will watch the YouTube video "Ancient Egyptian Inventions song | History | La La La Learn" and pull information from the website.
 - Directions: The students will define in their own words, the vocabulary terms in their journals. The students will right down one thing they learned about the core <u>inventions</u> (paper, the calendar, and the sundial). Students will write down one additional <u>invention</u> associated with ancient Egypt and a fun fact. Students will write about how these inventions differ from the modern-day versions.
 - Station #2: Analog and Digital Clock information
 - In this station, students will learn about and get a refresher (or introductions), learning about the various times can be presented and discovering similarities and differences of the two clocks.
 - Directions: The students will define in their own words, the vocabulary terms in their journals. Students will compare and contrast physical characteristics of the two clocks. Students will draw and illustrate the two different clocks in their journals and label each clock. Extension:In addition to labeling the type of clock, students will label what part of each clock indicates the minutes and what part of the clock represents the hours.
 - This gives me the opportunity to walk around and ask probing questions and assess each student on my clipboard.

Explain:

• In this stage, the students will discuss their personal vocabulary words definitions in whole class discussion.

- I will as questions like:
 - " How did you come to that conclusion or how did you know that this vocabulary word meant that?"
- I will write vocabulary words down on a huge notepad.
 - As a class, we will come to a consensus on what definition to write down for each vocabulary word.
- I will then address any misconceptions they may have.
 - "What questions do you have?"

Elaborate:

- In this stages, two groups of students will be assigned to complete Station #3, while the other two groups compete station #4.
 - Station #3: Telling Time
 - In this station, students will learn how to tell time to the nearest minute using analog and digital clocks and simulations. Students will also learn how to equate various representations of time meaning the same thing.
 - Directions: I will model to the groups how to model time to using the huge analog manipulative clock and writing the time in digital format on the digital clock templates. Students will get to practice using the C.R.A. (Concrete-Representational-Abstract) method. They will get to practice using physical manipulatives (analog clock with moving hands and velcro digital clock) for concrete, drawing them on the non-velcro laminate clocks, and using the online website to demonstrate proficiency in telling time. The students will have to write down and illustrate the following times in their journals (times listed on instructions sheet and on website for reference). When time is up, students will put telco numbers back in their baggies, set analog clocks back to 120'clock, and erase laminate clocks.
 - Station #4: Modern-day clocks and Sundials
 - In this station, the students will explore more about sundials and how clocks have changed over the years.
 - Directions: The students will read more about sundials and jot down notes in their journals, describing characteristics of the various ones

mentioned on the website page. The students will then watch a Youtube video: "Telling Time - A History of Timekeeping" illustrating how the telling time has changed over the years. The students will create a three circle Venn diagram comparing and contrasting the sundial, analog and digital clock— this will go in their journal.

Closure How will you bring closure to the lesson?

- Journal Entry and Discussion Prompt:
 - How are these inventions similar to or different from modern-day-versions?
 - "How did inventions from ancient Egypt impact the modern world?
 - Students will share their final thoughts and something they have learned.

Differentiation How will you adjust instruction, including incorporating technology, to meet the needs of a diverse set of learners?

- ESL: For this group of students, I will create question-and-answer stems for journals and discussions, allow for partner work (think-pair-share discussions) and provide pictures with captions in English as well as in their primary language(s).
- Gifted Students: For this group of students, the students will be able to learn how to add and subtract time in their stations. Students will also get to compare and contrast Modern-day calendars to Ancient calendars.
- Dyslexic: For this group of students, they will have the opportunity to have a reading/ writing partner. I will also provide them with visual and auditory directions.

Assessment: How will you measure understanding of the outcomes and standards? What type(s) of formative and summative assessment tasks/instruments (e.g., test, paper) and rubrics will be used?

- Formative:
 - Discussions
 - Digital Workstation Activity
 - Journal Entry

PROFESSIONAL LEARNING

Reflection How will you evaluate your practice?

• I will evaluate my practice by taking notes of concepts and ideas mentioned in the discussions with the students and as well as the students' discussions with each other.

- My notes will also include who understood the concepts and who needed or needs more assistance.
 - I will use formative and summative assessments to identify who understood the material and who may need additional assistance and resources (RTI). Using formative and summative assessments will also help me determine if I need to spend more time on a concept or make time to reteach a concept.

Where did learners struggle in the lesson?

- Learners struggle with understanding how time can be written and numerical form and equal to the same thing.
 - Example: Half-past two; or 2: 30; or Two hours and thirty minutes or 2 hours and 30 minutes.
- Learners struggle with understanding that numbers to the right of the colon represent the minutes and numbers to the left of the colon represent the hours.
- Learners struggle with equating time on analog and digital clocks
- Students struggled with understanding how sundials work.

How can the lesson be strengthened for improved student learning?

- The lesson can be strengthened for improved student learning by integrating more technology by adding more supplemental videos and online resources that are specific and relevant to the content standards.
- The lesson can be strengthened for improved student learning by making this lesson a two or three day lesson to ensure that students have more practices with telling time.
- The lesson can be strengthened for improved student learning by adding a science standard that ties into the calendar and the sundial using nature.

Did the lesson reflect culturally sustaining pedagogies?

• Yes.

Day#	3
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Teacher Candidate:	Amanda Gainer	Date Taught:	N/A
Cooperating Teacher:	N/A	School / District:	N/A
Grade:	3rd	Field Supervisor:	N/A
Unit / Subject:	History	1	L
Lesson Title / Focus:	Contributions: Inventions (Part #2) - China		

PLANNING AND PREPARATION

Content Knowledge How was this lesson developed based on your research and knowledge of content and the discipline?

• This lesson was developed based on the knowledge of the third grade social science curriculum framework and standards of ancient China and ancient Egypt as the lesson will focus on the contribution of China — with inventions. The students will gain understanding of how inventions such a s silk, compasses, and fireworks from ancient China impacted society throughout time.

Learner Differences

How did this lesson develop as a result of your examination of research and data about student learning needs, how diverse students learn your content/lesson topic and how you can employ culturally sustaining pedagogies, difficulties students might have, gaps in their knowledge, assets they have, and so on?

• This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data about student learning needs by being able to offer various representations that may appeal to all learners from visual representation, to oral, to tactile representation. This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data about how diverse students learn because many students learn better through exploration and using tactile and visuals while some students learn better orally. My lesson combines both aspects for balance. The lesson also offers students to get creative during note-taking and during the activity. This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data about employing culturally sustaining pedagogical strategies by ensuring that I represent the cultures through nonfiction and historical fiction literature featuring the various inventions. This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data about addressing difficulties students might have and gaps in students' knowledge by reading and understanding common misconceptions students may face when learning about this topic and addressing those misconceptions when it comes to understanding how similar inventions appeared in different times in different areas. The students will also have visual and tactile representations of various polygons as we explore kites of ancient China.

Outcomes/Goals What will students be expected to know or do as a result of this lesson? Are these learning target(s)/outcome(s) appropriate based on your prior assessment/knowledge of students' understandings?

• Yes; Prior to this lesson, the students will have learned about how US innovations in particular sectors affected modern society. This particular topic falls in a similar range but instead of innovations on an already established item, this lesson explores inventions and their impact on modern-day society.

Are your targets/outcomes observable and measurable?

• Yes, students will be writing down key vocabulary in their journals, understanding key vocabulary through reading learning centers, creating notes, identifying polygons and creating polygon kites.

What are your essential questions that align with the outcomes?

- How did inventions from ancient China impact the modern world?
- What is a polygon?

• In what ways do polygons connect or are related to Chinese inventions? List all outcomes associated with this lesson.

Students will be able to define key vocabulary words.

- Students will be able to identify invention contributions of ancient China.
- Students will be able to explain how ancient contributions impact the modern world
- Students will be able to define the term— polygon.
- Students will be able to learn how to identify, compare, and create polygons.

Standards Which content, state, and national standards connect with your outcomes? List the state, content, <u>and</u> national standard or standards that are being addressed.

State Standards

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History

3.2 The student will explain how the contributions of ancient China and Egypt have influenced the present world in terms of architecture, inventions, the calendar, and written language.

• Math

- **3.12** The student will
 - a. define polygon;
 - b. identify and name polygons with 10 or fewer sides;

Resources and Materials What resources and other materials will be incorporated and how will they promote active learning? Be specific. List all materials and resources needed for the lesson.

- Journals (18)
- Pen (26)
- Pencils (26)
- Polygons (6)
- Polygon chart worksheet (20)
- Photos featuring Polygons (6)
- Construction Paper of various color (2-3 packs)
- Plain white paper (1 pack)
- String (2 balls/spools)
- Scissors (20)
- Class Set of Crayons
- Class Set of Markers
- Pastels (3 boxes)
- Glue sticks (10)
- Glue bottles (10)
- Highlight reading tools (20)

- Smartboard
- Internet
- Computer
- The Story of Kites by Ying Chang Compestine (5 copies)
- Riding on a Caravan: A Silk Road Adventure by Laurie Krebs (5 copies)
- Tools and Treasures of Ancient China by Candice Ransom, and (5 copies)
- The Discovery of Fireworks and Gunpowder: The Asian Hall of Fame by Oliver Chin and Phil Amara (5 copies)

Technology Does technology enhance the design and delivery of your lesson? Yes.

Does the use of technology promote active learning?

Be specific. List all technology needed for both students and teacher.

- Teacher technology:
 - Smartboard
 - Internet
 - Computer
 - Camera or Scanner

INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY

Learning Environment How will you support individual and collaborative learning and foster positive interaction in the classroom?

The students will be participating in a group and whole group discussions through the duration of the lesson to discuss their answers and their reasoning. As the teacher I will be walking around observing the students and asking them purposeful questions about their process and reasoning.

Introduction/Activating Strategies How will you engage learners in the lesson and learning? How will you launch the lesson? How will you activate prior knowledge?

Engage:

- As the teacher, I will show various polygons and their real-life counterparts— seemingly unrelated but share something in common.
 - I will ask probing questions like:
 - "What do these pictures have in common?"
 - "Can you describe any characteristics of the pictures or items shown?
- The students will write down their responses in their journals.

- The students will share in a whole group session.
 - Meanwhile, I will then facilitate a whole-group discussion.
 - I will also be monitoring the discourse and writing down thoughts and ideas I hear on the board.
 - I will then tell them the vocabulary words of today: Polygons, Kites, Silk, Compass and Fireworks.
 - In your journals you will write these words down, giving yourself enough space to take notes. You will then be split up into groups to work in your reading groups. You should be able to define or write down the meaning of each vocabulary word.

Instructional Strategies What learning activities do you have planned for the students? Include a variety of *teaching strategies (methods*). Activities are to be *learner-centered* (e.g. solve problems, construct models, design and perform experiments, read authentic resources, answer open-ended questions, support ideas with evidence, compose, analyze and interpret maps, draw conclusions.) Include *guided process* of learning. Include the opportunities learners will have to expand and solidify their understanding of the concept and/or apply it to a real-world situation. List any *independent practice* activities.

Explore:

- The class will seemingly switch gears to learn and discuss Chinese inventions.
 - I will ask questions like:
 - "What is China known for?"
 - "What are some notable items that you know about that come from China?"
- I will split the students up into groups, cross-sectioning interest of each book (I.e. The Story of Kites by Ying Chang Compestine, Riding on a Caravan: A Silk Road Adventure by Laurie Krebs, Tools and Treasures of Ancient China by Candice Ransom, and The Discovery of Fireworks and Gunpowder: The Asian Hall of Fame by Oliver Chin and Phil Amara) with reading level.
 - In their journals they will create a chart with four sections: fireworks, compass, silk cloth, and kites.
 - In their groups of 4-5, each group is responsible for information of 1/4th of the chart.
 - The students will read in their groups— individually or partnered reading and and write down information in their own words. The students will discuss

in their groups and select one person to be the presenter and another to be recorder of the information.

- Based on the invention each group preferred, the students will record information into their personal organizer and each group will present to the rest of the class as a group (or by group representative); the other students will record the sections they do not have.
 - As the presenter of each group presents the information, the recorder of each group will record the information to the white board.
- In this stage, the students will discuss their personal vocabulary words definitions in whole class discussion.
 - I will as questions like:
 - " How did you come to that conclusion or how did you know that this vocabulary word meant that?"
- I will write vocabulary words down on a huge notepad.
 - As a class, we will come to a consensus on what definition to write down for each vocabulary word.
- I will ask:
 - "Were there any intentions that you were surprised about?"

Explain:

- The class will then continue with the math portion of the lesson
 - I will ask:
 - "What is a polygon?"
 - "Does it sound like any other math vocabulary we know of or seen?"
 - "How would you describe a polygon?"
 - Students will cut and paste polygon worksheets in their journals and using the key and prior knowledge cut and paste the correct polygon into the correct place.
- I will then address any misconceptions they may have.
 - "What questions do you have?"

Elaborate:

- I will ask:
 - "How do you think polygons and Chinese inventions are related?"
 - Recall from the images and videos we saw.
 - "Are polygons everywhere?"
 - "Even in Ancient China? Where?"

- Hopefully someone makes the connection between polygons and kites.
- "What about Kites?"
- The students will be making polygon kites inspired by ancient Chinese kites.
 - They will have to at least three colors;
 - Integrate at least three polygons into their design;
 - And explain the polygons they used inter designs.
 - For extra credit: Students will get the opportunity to illustrate/describe where these polygons can be seen in ancient or modern-day China.
 - The students will present their polygon kites to the class.

Closure How will you bring closure to the lesson?

- Journal Entry and Discussion Prompt:
 - "How did inventions from ancient China impact the modern world?"
 - "What is a polygon?"
 - "In what ways do polygons connect or are they related to Chinese inventions?"
- Students will share their final thoughts and something they have learned.

Differentiation How will you adjust instruction, including incorporating technology, to meet the needs of a diverse set of learners?

- ESL: For this group of students, I will create question-and-answer stems for journals and discussions, allow for partner work (think-pair-share discussions) and provide pictures with captions in English as well as in their primary language(s).
- Gifted Students: For this group of students, the students will get to create a kite using multiple polygon shapes or adding Chinese characters (symbols). They will also get to research other types of polygons in China— in the modern world and in the ancient world.
- Dyslexic: For this group of students, they will have the opportunity to have a reading/ writing partner. I will also provide them with visual and auditory directions.

Assessment: How will you measure understanding of the outcomes and standards? What type(s) of formative and summative assessment tasks/instruments (e.g., test, paper) and rubrics will be used?

• Formative:

- Discussions/Reading Activity
- Polygon Activity

• Journal Entry

PROFESSIONAL LEARNING

Reflection How will you evaluate your practice?

- I will evaluate my practice by taking notes of concepts and ideas mentioned in the discussions with the students and as well as the students' discussions with each other.
- My notes will also include who understood the concepts and who needed or needs more assistance.
 - I will use formative and summative assessments to identify who understood the material and who may need additional assistance and resources (RTI). Using formative and summative assessments will also help me determine if I need to spend more time on a concept or make time to reteach a concept.

Where did learners struggle in the lesson?

- Learners struggle with identifying polygons in the real world.
- Learners struggle with understanding how similar inventions appear in different (or similar) times in different areas— though a particular country may not be credited with inventing it.

How can the lesson be strengthened for improved student learning?

- The lesson can be strengthened for improved student learning by integrating more technology that promotes active learning.
 - The lesson can also be strengthened for improved student learning by integrating more relevant literature.
 - This lesson can also be strengthened for improved student learning by insuring that elaboration activity is elaborating on the topic.
 - This lesson can be strengthened by improving upon the connection between polygons and ancient Chinese inventions.

Did the lesson reflect culturally sustaining pedagogies? Yes.

Day#4

Teacher Candidate:	Amanda Gainer	Date Taught:	N/A
Cooperating Teacher:	N/A	School / District:	N/A
Grade:	3rd	Field Supervisor:	N/A
Unit / Subject:	History		

PLANNING AND PREPARATION

Content Knowledge How was this lesson developed based on your research and knowledge of content and the discipline?

• This lesson was developed based on the knowledge of the third grade social science curriculum framework and standards of ancient China and ancient Egypt as the lesson will focus on the contribution of architecture — The Great Wall and the Pyramids. The students will gain understanding of how architectural contributions have impacted society throughout time.

Learner Differences

How did this lesson develop as a result of your examination of research and data about student learning needs, how diverse students learn your content/lesson topic and how you can employ culturally sustaining pedagogies, difficulties students might have, gaps in their knowledge, assets they have, and so on?

• This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data about student learning needs by being able to offer various representations that may appeal to all learners from visual representation, to oral, to tactile representation. This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data about how diverse students learn because many students learn better through exploration and using tactile and visuals while some students learn better orally. My lesson combines both aspects for balance. The lesson also offers students to get creative during note-taking and during the activity. This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data about employing culturally sustaining pedagogical strategies by ensuring that I represent the cultures through my scavenger hunt questions and the Face Off (Versus) activity. This lesson developed as a result of my examination of research and data about addressing difficulties students might have and gaps in students' knowledge by reading and understanding common misconceptions students may face when learning about this topic and addressing those misconceptions when it comes to comparing and contrasting structures from different cultures. The students will also have visual representations to explore the characteristics of each architecture.

Outcomes/Goals What will students be expected to know or do as a result of this lesson?

- **Objectives/Outcomes:**
- Students will be able to identify architecture associated with ancient Egypt and ancient China.
- Students will be able to describe physical characteristics of the architecture.
- Students will be able to compare and contrast architectural contributions.
- Students will be able to define key vocabulary words.

• Students will be able to explain how ancient contributions impact the modern world. Are these learning target(s)/outcome(s) appropriate based on your prior assessment/knowledge of students' understandings?

• Yes, prior to this lesson, students will have an introduction to ancient Egypt and what contributions are. In second grade, the students would have learned about how US innovations in particular sectors affected modern society. This particular topic falls in a similar range but instead of innovations on an already established item, this lesson explores inventions and their impact on modern-day society. In addition, these students would have learned to defend their positions orally and in writing, using content vocabulary.

Are your targets/outcomes observable and measurable?

• Yes, students will be writing down key vocabulary and information in their journals, understanding key vocabulary and concepts through scavenger hunt, creating notes and arguments, and debates.

What are your essential questions that align with the outcomes? List all outcomes associated with this lesson.

- What is architecture?
- How are the architectures from ancient Egypt and China similar or different?
- How did architecture from ancient Egypt and China impact the modern world?

Standards Which content, state, and national standards connect with your outcomes? List the state, content, <u>and</u> national standard or standards that are being addressed.

- State Standards:
 - 3.2 History: The student will explain how the contributions of ancient China and Egypt have influenced the present world in terms of architecture, inventions, the calendar, and written language.
 - 3.5 Arts: The student will explore and examine cultural and historical influences of art.
 - c. Compare and contrast art and architecture from a variety of cultures.

Resources and Materials What resources and other materials will be incorporated and how will they promote active learning? Be specific. List all materials and resources needed for the lesson.

- Journals (18)
- Pen (26)
- Pencils (26)
- Small Plastic baggies (25)
- Scavenger hunt Eggs with clues (40)
 - 20 Blue eggs Great Wall Clues
 - 20 Purple eggs Pyramid Clues
 - 20 clues in sets of 10

• Two sets of clues meaning one set o purple and blue eggs have the same clues (#1-10) and another purple-blue set has the same clues(#11-20).

- Master list with answers to clues and corresponding facts (1)
- Computer
- Internet
- Epic Books Website

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- Ipads (18)
- PowerPoint featuring photos the Great Wall and the Pyramid
 - https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/

19wHq5S7G0a8ABiMmxcCqFauzCXMb28osVBG_rNM5o4/edit?usp=sharing

Technology Does technology enhance the design and delivery of your lesson? Does the use of technology promote active learning? Be specific. List all technology needed for both students and teachers.

- Teacher technology:
 - Smartboard
 - Internet
 - Computer
 - Camera or Scanner

INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY

Learning Environment How will you support individual and collaborative learning and foster positive interaction in the classroom?

• The students will be participating in a group and whole group discussions through the duration of the lesson to discuss their answers and their reasoning. As the

teacher I will be walking around observing the students and asking them purposeful

questions about their process and reasoning.

Introduction/Activating Strategies How will you engage learners in the lesson and learning? How will you launch the lesson? How will you activate prior knowledge?

Engage:

- As the teacher, I will show two images on a powerpoint slide (The Great Wall of China and the Pyramids of Egypt)— seemingly unrelated but share something in common.
 - I will ask probing questions like:
 - "What do these three items have in common?"
 - Bonus question: " Can you tell me what these two images are?"
 - Students will answer in whole-class discussion.
 - "How do you know?"
 - I will refer to these images as contributions specially architecture. I will ask the students to flip to the vocabulary section of their journals and write down the following words (as a I write them on the notepad Great Wall, Pyramids, Architecture).
 - "In your journals you will write these words down, giving yourself enough space to take notes. You will then split up into groups for the scavenger hunt. Two groups will be teamPyramids; two groups will be teamGreatWall. After the scavenger hunt today, you should take be able to define or write down the meaning of each vocabulary word in your journals."
 - I will remind students about school rules and expectations.
 - I will go over directions prior to students picking groups.
 - Instructions in PowerPoint slide.
 - "Are there any questions before we pick groups?"
 - Students will get into groups of four or five.
 - I will help facilitate students getting into groups and assign each group in each team a group number (Group 1 or Group 2).
 - I will list the names of students in each team and group.
 - One student in each group should be assigned as a note taker
 - They will be responsible for keeping track of what number the group has answered or what eggs to avoid.
 - Another student should be assigned the role of facilitator.
 - Make sure that everyone is on tasks and participating.
 - Another student should assigned- material holder.

- They are in charge of their groups plastic baggies and architecture facts.
- Final student(s) should be assigned as presenter.
 - They will answer the clue and provide evidence.
- I will take my classroom pack and clipboard outside (with the Master List).
 - Students will bring their journals and pens.

Instructional Strategies What learning activities do you have planned for the students? Include a variety of *teaching strategies (methods*). Activities are to be *learner-centered* (e.g. solve problems, construct models, design and perform experiments, read authentic resources, answer open-ended questions, support ideas with evidence, compose, analyze and interpret maps, draw conclusions.) Include *guided process* of learning. Include the opportunities learners will have to expand and solidify their understanding of the concept and/or apply it to a real-world situation. List any *independent practice* activities.

Explore:

- The class and I will head outside. I will repeat the directions again. Groups will have approximately 15-20 minutes to get all 10 facts for their FaceOff Debate. Whatever facts are left over will not be given to the groups. They will have to put in more effort with additional resources on Epic.
- Scavenger hunt will proceed.
- After the 15-20 minutes are up, the groups will make sure they have all 10 (or less) clues and make sure there are no eggs or trash left outside.
 - One to two students can be assigned the role of waste collector.
- The class and I will head back inside.
 - Students will sit with their groups and await instructions.
- Explain:
 - The students will record their facts in their journals with a subheading —indicating the architecture.
 - I will ask each group what was one fact that they learned about their architecture.
 - The Presenters in each group will respond.
 - Next, I will refer to the vocabulary words written on the Notepad
 - As a class, we will come to a consensus on what definition to write down for each vocabulary word.
 - I will then address any misconceptions they may have.
 - "What questions do you have?"

Elaborate:

• I will go over the directions/instructions for the FaceOff Debates

- "Each group should have 10 architecture facts. If if your group doesn't, all groups will be required to do this next step:
 - Research using Epic Books.
 - Each student will be responsible for their own reading and note taking.
 - Your group will be responsible for finding additional information not given to you and to describe the physical characteristic of your architecture. Lastly, find one newer architecture that could have been inspired by yours."
- Note takers will compile notes as groups decide which information to present or not present. Items in bold on powerpoint are required.
- Research must be completed in 5-10 minutes.
- Groups as a whole present their facts to other groups students must decide who will share what.
 - Group one of #teamPyramid will share with Group one of #teamGreatWall
 - Group two of #teamPyramid will share with Group two of #teamGreatWall
 - As one group presents their facts, the other group's members should be recording information in their journals and vice versa.
 - If time permits, groups can talk about why they think their architecture is the best.

Closure How will you bring closure to the lesson?

- Journal Entry and Discussion Prompt:
 - How are the architectures from ancient Egypt and China similar or different?
 - How did architecture from ancient Egypt and China impact the modern world?
 - Students will share their final thoughts and something new they have learned.
- Remind students that have the entire hour next class to create or finish up their Guidebooks for their PBAs (Performance-Based Assessments).
 - Explain directions of PBA

Differentiation How will you adjust instruction, including incorporating technology, to meet the needs of a diverse set of learners?

- ESL: For this group of students, I will create question-and-answer stems for journals and discussions, allow for partner work (think-pair-share discussions) and provide pictures with captions in English as well as in their primary language(s).
- Gifted Students: For this group of students, the students will be able to learn how to add and subtract time in their stations. Students will also research how these structures influenced other structural buildings.
- Dyslexic: For this group of students, they will have the opportunity to have a reading/ writing partner. I will also provide them with visual and auditory directions.

Assessment: How will you measure understanding of the outcomes and standards? What type(s) of formative and summative assessment tasks/instruments (e.g., test, paper) and rubrics will be used?

Formative:

- Discussions
- Scavenger Hunt
- Journal Entry

Summative:

• FaceOff (Verzuz)

PROFESSIONAL LEARNING

Reflection How will you evaluate your practice?

- I will evaluate my practice by taking notes of concepts and ideas mentioned in the discussions with the students and as well as the students' discussions with each other.
- My notes will also include who understood the concepts and who needed or needs more assistance.
 - I will use formative and summative assessments to identify who understood the material and who may need additional assistance and resources (RTI). Using formative and summative assessments will also help me determine if I need to spend more time on a concept or make time to reteach a concept.

Where did learners struggle in the lesson?

- Learners struggle with understanding describing the physical characteristics of the architecture.
- Learners struggled with scavenger hunt clues.

How can the lesson be strengthened for improved student learning?

- The lesson can be strengthened for improved student learning by making this lesson two days to ensure that students can have ample to time to research and present their architecture.
- The lesson can be strengthened for improved student learning by ensuring there is enough emphasis on how the structure impacted modern society through means such as serving and inspiration, tourism — potential wonders of the world.

Did the lesson reflect culturally sustaining pedagogies?

Yes.

Day#5: Performance Based Assessment: Ancient Civilizations - China & Egypt

Description:

In this performance-based assessment, the students will act as historians by creating a guidebook about ancient Egypt or ancient China. Within the guidebook, students must identify and explain how contributions from these ancients' civilizations impact(ed) the modern world. Throughout the entire unit, students were introduced to the various contributions from each ancient civilization, cross-cutting other subjects such as mathematics, language art, and science. The students have to demonstrate an understanding of how the contributions in written language, inventions, and architecture impact(ed) the modern world; and, present plausible hypotheticals as to how society would be without the creations of these contributions.

The teacher will observe how the students comprehend information from the various resources viewed throughout the unit as well as additional resources accessed during independent time. The teacher will assess how students collect, organize and present information as well assessing the guidebook itself for presentation, content, and creativity.

Standards:

Social Science:

3.2 The student will explain how the contributions of ancient China and Egypt have influenced the present world in terms of architecture, inventions, the calendar, and written language.

English:

3.10 The student will demonstrate comprehension of information resources to research a topic and complete a research product.

b) Access appropriate resources.c)Collect and organize information about the topic.

Art:

3.1 The student will apply creative thinking to artmaking.

a) Use imaginative and expressive strategies to create works of art.

Task:

Students will be tasked to create a guidebook of either ancient Egypt or ancient China and present their guidebooks to the class.

Condition:

The students will have two different mediums to create their guidebooks: a tangible or digital version. For the former, the students will get to use an array of materials including paper, markers, colored-pencils, paint, pastels, printed-out pictures or photographs, and other supplies.

Students creating digital guidebooks will use a web 2.0 tool to create their guidebook (excluding the following 2.0 tool: PowerPoint). The students will be logging the information they collect throughout the entire unit as well as additional information in their social studies journal.

Learning:

The students will demonstrate their understanding of what contributions are and how the contributions from ancient civilization have impact(ed) society. The students will learn how to reach information using credible sources and how to properly cite their sources.

Behavior:

The students will work independently but will be able to demonstrate how to share limited resources; or, may help someone who has a question on what needs to be done or how to do something in particular.

Performance Level:

The students should be able to follow the directions given and sea-access using the check-list and rubric as their guides. The students will have included the written language and architecture of the ancient civilization chosen. The students will have the option of choosing at least two inventions to include in their guidebook. The student should be able to talk about the nature of the contribution, their purpose, and how they have impacted society.

Student Instructions:

Guidebooks: Ancient Egypt & China Directions

Hello, Historian _____ (that's you!),

We have another important job for you! All of the history museum's ancient civilization guide books have been ruined by flooding. The museum needs some new guidebooks as soon as possible. That is where you come in. Your job is to create a guidebook on one ancient civilization (Egypt or China) and identify and explain how contributions from these ancients' civilization impact(ed) society. You have the option to create a physical guidebook or a digital guidebook. Please make sure to give some background knowledge on the civilization you chose and include the following pieces of information:

- Written language;
- Architecture;
- Inventions (at least two (2) of your choice);
- How contributions impact(ed) society;
- How society would (or would not) function without the contributions; and,
- What your favorite contribution is and why.

At the end of the unit, you will present your guidebook to the class.

We will learn about quite a bit in class, but you will need to do some extra research to make sure your guidebooks are to the right standards to present to people. You never know who may read them! You may use a combination of books and internet sources to find information. Remember: when using the internet— make sure your sources are credible and appropriate. Try to stick to sources ending in ".gov", ".org", or ".edu". If you are not sure, ask a classmate or a teacher for help.

The museum is counting on you!

Materials

For physical guidebooks:

- Pre-assembled guidebooks
- Colored Construction Paper (mandatory)
- Pencils
- Crayons
- Pens
- Markers
- Colored Pencils
- Scissors
- Glue
- Paint
- Pastels
- String
- Photos
- Glitter
- Stickers
- Technologies (Optional)
 - Computer
 - Internet
 - Printer

For digital guidebooks:

- Your choice of Web 2.0 tool
 - Examples: Canva, Prezi, Google Slides, etc.
- Pictures for the internet
- Computer
- Internet
- Printer

Procedure:

This section is not needed as they are not being accessed on the process performing a task. However, the students will be using the student checklist and rubric to ensure that all requirements are being met.

Student Checklist:

For all students, please include the following:

- ____ Written language
- ____ Architecture
- ____ Inventions (at least two (2) of your choice)
- ____ How **each** contribution impact(ed) society

- ____ How society would (or would not) function without each of the contributions
- Favorite contribution and why
- ____ Must use at least 4 <u>credible</u> sources (**1 source must be new**)
- ____ Properly cite sources
- _____Be creative they should be colorful and engaging to the audience!
- ____ Photographs or drawings of each contribution mentioned

Physical guidebooks (only):

- _____ Use at least two or more art tools (examples: crayons, markers, pens)
- ____ No pencil markings on the finished product
- ____ Make sure writing is neat and legible

Digital guidebooks (only):

- _____ Use one Web 2.0 tool (Canva, Prezi, Google Slides, etc)
- ____ Use readable fonts sizes and colors

Rubric:

Teacher's Name:	
Student's Name:	
Topic:	
Medium:	
Date:	-



Global Influences: Egypt and China Guidebook

This rubric will help guide you on what is expected. Use it as a guide when formulating and creating your project.

	Proficient 25 Points	Satisfactory 21 Points	Needs Improvement 17 Points	Unsatisfactory 13 Points
Content	Student provides proficient level of background information about the civilization. Students include at least four (4) contributions including at least two inventions in their guidebook. Student shows a deep understanding of how the contributions in written language, inventions, and architecture EACH impact(ed) society throughout time; and, present plausible hypotheticals as to how society would be without the creations of these contributions. Students identify their favorite contribution and explain why it is important to them.	Student provides satisfactory level of background information about the civilization. Students include three (3) contributions in their guidebook. Student shows a good understanding of how the contributions in written language, inventions, and architecture EACH impact(ed) the modern world; and, present plausible hypotheticals as to how society would be without the creations of these contributions.Students identify their favorite contribution and explain why it is important to them.	Student provides some level of background information about the civilization. Students include two (2) contributions in their guidebook. Student shows a fair understanding of how the contributions in written language, inventions, and architecture impact(ed) the modern world; and, present some hypotheticals as to how society would be without the creations of these contributions. Students identify their favorite contribution.	Student provides little to no background information about the civilization. Students include one (1) or less contributions in their guidebook. Student shows limited to no understanding of how the contributions in written language, inventions, and architecture impact(ed) the modern world; and, present little to no hypotheticals as to how society would be without the creations of these contributions.
Visual Arts: Physical or Digital Guidebook	Student include at least four (4) pictures or drawings in their physical or digital guidebook. Visuals are colorful and engaging. High level of creativity and thoughtfulness is displayed in guidebook.	Student include three (3) pictures or drawings in their physical or digital guidebook.Visuals are colorful and/or engaging. Satisfactory level of creativity and thoughtfulness is displayed in guidebook.	Student include two (2) pictures or drawings in their physical or digital guidebook. Visuals are present. Some level of creativity and thoughtfulness is displayed in guidebook.	Student include one (1) to no pictures or drawings in their physical or digital guidebook. Few or lack of visuals that are colorful and/or engaging. Little to no effort in level of creativity and thoughtfulness displayed in guidebook.
Oral Presentation	Students demonstrate strong enthusiasm throughout presentation. Students speak clearly and engage the audience. Students answer questions that other students may have to the best of their abilities.	Students demonstrate enthusiasm throughout presentation. Students, mostly, speak clearly and engage the audience. Students answer most questions that other students may have to the best of their abilities.	Students demonstrate some enthusiam throughout presentation. Students display some difficulty speaking clearly and engaging the audience. Students answer some questions that other students may have to the best of their abilities.	Students demonstrate little to no enthusiasm throughout presentation. Students display some difficulty speaking clearly and engaging the audience. Students answer some questions that other students may have to the best of their abilities.
Sources and Citations	Student has a least four (4) sources (including one new source) and citations, that are correctly cited. Resources are books and digital.	Student has three (3) sources (including one new source) and citations, that are correctly cited (or with minor errors). Resources are books or digital.	Student has two (2) sources (with or without new source) citation, that is correctly cited or cited with minor/major errors. Resources are books or digital.	Student has one (1) to no sources (with or without new source) or citations. Resources are books or digital; or lack of resources.
	「his rubric was create w.quickrubric.com/r#			

Lesson Plan Scoring Guide.

Criterion	Does Not Meet Expectation	Developing	Meets Expectation	Exceeds Expectation
Planning				
Content Knowledge Candidate develops a lesson plan informed by research and knowledge of content and the discipline. InTASC 4; CAEP 1.2	Candidate does not display knowledge of the content, relationships between different aspects of the content, or of the instructional practices specific to that discipline.	Candidate reflects some awareness of the important concepts in the discipline, relations between them and of the instructional practices specific to that discipline.	Candidate plan reflects research and knowledge of the content and relations between important concepts, and of instructional practices specific to that discipline.	Candidate plan reflects extensive research and knowledge of the content, relations between important concepts, and of multiple instructional practices specific to that discipline.

Learner Differences Candidate develops a lesson plan informed by knowledge of learner differences. InTASC 2 CAEP 1.2	Candidate demonstrates little or no knowledge of students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language use, interests, and special needs or consideration of these differences for instruction.	Candidate demonstrates an understanding of students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language use, interests, or special needs, but does not use this knowledge to design instruction to meet the needs of all students.	Candidate demonstrates an understanding of students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language use, interests, and special needs, and uses this knowledge to design instruction.	Candidate demonstrates an understanding of each students' backgrounds, cultures, skills, language use, interests, and special needs from a variety of sources. Candidate uses this knowledge to design instruction that is creative, effective, and maximizes learning for all students.
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Outcomes	Candidate	Candidate	Candidate	Candidate
Candidate identifies	identifies	identifies	identifies	identifies
outcomes and goals	outcomes that	outcomes that	outcomes that	outcomes that
to support student	are unsuitable	reflect moderate	reflect high-	reflect rigorous
learning.	for students,	rigor, more than	level learning	learning and
	not	one type of	and	curriculum goals.
InTASC 7	measurable,	learning, and are	curriculum	They are
	represent	suitable for	goals. They	measurable,
	trivial or low-	some students.	are	represent
	level	Some of the	measurable,	different types of
	learning, or	outcomes are	represent	content and take
	are stated	measurable.	different types	account of the
	only as		of content and	needs of
	activities.		are suitable	individual
			for most	students.
			students in the	
			class.	
Standards	Candidate	Candidate	Candidate	Candidate
Candidate identifies	does not	displays some	includes	includes national
national/state	identify	awareness of	appropriate	and state
standards that align	national and	national and	national and	standards that are
with outcomes and	state	state	state	clearly aligned
are relevant to	standards that	standards and	standards, and	with rigorous
learners.	are logically	alignment	they are	learning
	aligned	with	aligned	outcomes
InTASC 7	with the	learning	with	relevant to
CAEP 1.4	learning	outcomes	learning	learners.
	outcomes	relevant to	outcomes	
	relevant to	learners.	relevant to	
	learners.		learners.	

Resources and	Candidate	Candidate	Candidate	Candidate selects
Materials	does not	shows some	displays	resources
Candidate selects	select	familiarity with	awareness of	(manipulatives),
resources to	resources	resources	resources	and digital and
maximize content	(manipulative	(manipulatives,	(manipulatives	interactive
learning.	s, etc.) and	etc.), and digital), and digital	technology
	digital and	and interactive	and interactive	designed to
InTASC 7	interactive	technology	technology	implement and
CAEP 1.5	technology	designed to	designed to	assess student
	designed to	implement and	implement and	centered learning
	implement	assess student-	assess student-	and extends the
	and assess	centered	centered	learning
	student-	learning but	learning	experience or
	centered	they do not	experiences	rigor of the
	learning	purposefully	that engage	lesson with these
	experiences	engage or	and improve	tools.
	that engage	improve student	learning.	
	and improve	learning.		
	learning.			

Technology	Candidate	Candidate is	Candidate	Candidate
Candidate makes	offers little or	utilizing	designs	designs authentic
effective use of	no evidence	technology, but	learning	learning
technology that	of designing	with a	activities that	activities that
supports student	instruction	predominant	align with	align with
learning.	enhanced	focus on	content area	content area
	with the use	teaching, but	standards and	standards and
	of	does not engage	use digital	use digital tools
InTASC 7	technology.	students in	tools to	to maximize
CAEP 1.5		active learning.	engage in	active, deep
		Technology	active	learning.
		does not	learning.	Technology is
		accommodate	Technology is	used to create,
		for learner	used to create,	adapt, and
		differences and	adapt, and	personalize
		needs.	personalize	learning
			learning	experiences that
			experiences	foster
			that foster	independent
			independent	learning and
			learning and	accommodate
			accommodate	learner
			some learner	differences and
			differences	needs, which
			and needs.	promote critical
				and/ or creative
	1		1	thinking.

Learning	The candidate	The candidate	The candidate	The candidate
Environment	develops a	develops a plan	develops a	develops a plan
Candidate develops	plan that	that	plan that	that
a lesson plan that	fosters	encourages	encourages	encourages
fosters interactions	negativity,	interactions,	interactions	activities that
guided by respect	insensitivity	both between	steeped in	establish positive
and rapport.	to cultural	the teacher and	civility and	interactions
	backgrounds,	students and	respect	among students
	sarcasm, and	among students,	characterized	and fosters a
	put-downs	that reflect	between	respectful
InTASC 3	between	insensitivity or	teacher and	relationship
	teacher and	lack of	students and	between the
	students, and	responsiveness	among	teacher and
	among	to cultural or	students.	individual
	students.	developmental	These reflect	student,
		differences	general caring,	reflecting
		among students.	and are	sensitivity to
			appropriate to	students' cultures
			the cultural	and levels of
			and	development.
			developmental	Activities are
			differences	structured such
			among groups	that all students
			of students.	feel safe and
				comfortable to
				ask questions,
				comment,
				discuss and share
				ideas.

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Instructional	Candidate	Candidate uses a	Candidate's	Candidate's plan
Strategies	uses a series	series of	plan reflects a	reflects a
Candidate plans a	of learning	learning	coordination	coordination of
series of learning	experiences	experiences that	of knowledge	knowledge of
experiences aligned	that are	demonstrate	of content, of	content, of
with instructional	poorly	partial	students'	students' cultural
outcomes presented	aligned with	alignment with	cultural	heritage and its
in a coherent	the	instructional	heritage and	importance, and
structure.	instructional	outcomes, some	its importance,	of resources, to
	outcomes and	of which are	and of	design a series of
	do not	likely to engage	resources to	learning
InTASC 8	represent a	students in	design a series	experiences
	coherent	significant	of learning	aligned to
	structure.	learning. The	experiences	instructional
	They are	structure of the	aligned to	outcomes,
	suitable for	strategies is	instructional	differentiated
	only some	recognizable	outcomes and	where
	students.	and reflects	suitable to	appropriate to
		partial	groups of	make them
		knowledge of	students. The	suitable to all
		students,	structure of	students and
		including their	the strategies	likely to engage
		cultural heritage	is clear and	them in
		and its	likely to	significant
		importance, and	engage	learning. The
		resources.	students in	structure of the
			significant	strategies is clear
			learning.	and allows for
				different
				pathways
				according to
				student needs.

Closure Candidate	Candidate's	Candidatala nlan	Candidate's	Condidatala nlan
		Candidate's plan		Candidate's plan
develops a plan that	plan displays	displays some	plan includes	displays
includes	no	awareness of	solid strategies	extensive
opportunities for	opportunity	strategies to	to give	knowledge of
student reflection	for students	provide students	students an	strategies
and closure.	to reflect and	the opportunity	opportunity	designed to
	clarify their	for reflection	for reflection	provide students
InTASC 7	understanding	and closure on	and closure of	the opportunity
		the lesson to	the lesson.	for reflection and
		clarify		closure to clarify
		understanding.		understanding.
Differentiation	Candidate	Candidate	Candidate	Candidate
	does not	displays an	includes some	includes a
Candidate identifies	include	awareness of	appropriate	variety of
methods to	teaching	appropriate	teaching	teaching
differentiate	strategies and	teaching	strategies and	strategies and
instruction to	methods that	strategies and	methods that	methods
engage and	can engage	methods with	are	developed to
challenge	and challenge	differentiation	differentiated	meet the needs
variety of learners.	all students.	for different	and can	of individual
		students that can	engage and	learners that can
InTASC 8		engage and	challenge all	engage and
		challenge all	students.	challenge all
		students.		students.
InTASC 8		engage and challenge all	challenge all	engage and challenge all

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Assessment	Candidate	Candidate uses	Candidate	Candidate uses
	does not	assessment in	regularly uses	assessment in a
Candidate designs	establish	plan, through	assessment in	sophisticated
and/or selects	assessment	some formative	plan to	manner to
multiple	practices in	monitoring of	monitor the	monitor the
assessments to	plan, either	progress of	progress of	progress of
gauge students'	formatively	learning by the	groups of	individual
levels of	or guided	teacher and/or	students	students and
understanding.	student self-	students.	through use of	provide high-
	assessment	Formative	continuous	quality
InTASC 6	The candidate	assessment	formative and	continuous and
	has not	plans are not	summative	specific
CAEP 1.2	provided	fully developed	assessment	formative and
	students with	to provide	techniques	summative
	the criteria	adequate	aligned with	feedback aligned
	and	information	instructional	with the
	performance	about individual	outcomes.	instructional
	standards by	student	Developed	outcomes in both
	which their	performance.	assessments	content and
	work will be	Feedback to	are used to	process. Teacher-
	evaluated and	students is	monitor	designed
	does not	uneven and	student	assessments are
	monitor	inconsistent,	learning	authentic with
	student	assessment	progress by	real-world
	progress or	criteria is vague,	teachers and	application, as
	\provides	and students are	students	appropriate, or
	poor quality	aware of only	through	developed with
	feedback in	some of the	feedback to	student
	an untimely	assessment	students.	involvement to
	manner.	criteria used to	Students are	establish
		evaluate their	aware of the	assessment
		work. Some	assessment	criteria and
		instructional	criteria used to	provide
		outcomes are	evaluate their	opportunities for
		assessed	work.	student choice
		inconsistently	Lesson plans	and
		and only as a	indicate	self-assessment.
		whole along	maggible	According

Professional Learning

Reflection	Candidate	Candidate	Candidate	Candidate's
	does not	provides a	provides an	reflection on the
InTASC 9	accurately	partially	accurate and	lesson is
IIITASC 9	assess the	accurate and	objective	thoughtful and
	effectiveness	objective	description of	accurate, citing
	of the lesson,	description of	the lesson,	specific
	and has no	the lesson, but	citing specific	indicators of
	ideas about	does not cite	evidence.	effectiveness
	how the	specific	Teacher	based on
	lesson could	evidence.	candidate	multiple data
	be improved.	Teacher	makes some	points.
	Candidate	candidate	specific	Thoughtful
	does not self-	makes only	-	consideration is
	reflect or self-	5	suggestions as to how the	made to
	reflection	general		reflecting on
		suggestions as to how the	lesson might	meeting the
	does not		be improved.	needs of diverse
	indicate	lesson might be	Teacher	
	understanding	improved.	candidate	learners. Teacher
	of the		engages in	candidate draws
	adjustments		self-reflection	on an extensive
	needed to		of teaching	repertoire to
	improve		practice but	suggest specific
	professional		does not	alternative
	practice and		articulate	actions and
	its impact on		adjustments	predict the likely
	diverse		needed to	success of each.
	learners		improve	
			personal	
			practice and	
			its impact on	
			diverse	
			learners.	
				<u> </u>

Appendix

CAEP Standard 1 Candidate Knowledge, Skills, and Professional Dispositions

Standard 1: Content and Pedagogical Knowledge – The provider ensures that candidates develop a deep understanding of the critical concepts and principles of their discipline and, by completion, are able to use discipline-specific practices flexibly to advance the learning of all students toward attainment of college- and career- readiness standards.

1.1 Candidates demonstrate an understanding of the 10 InTASC standards at the appropriate progression level(s) in the following categories: the learner and learning; content; instructional practice; and professional responsibility.

1.2 Providers ensure that candidates use research and evidence to develop an understanding of the teaching profession and use both to measure their P-12 students' progress and their own professional practice.

1.3 Providers ensure that candidates apply content and pedagogical knowledge as reflected in outcome assessments in response to standards of Specialized Professional Associations (SPA), the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards (NBPTS), states, or other accrediting bodies (e.g., National Association of Schools of Music – NASM).

1.4 Providers ensure that candidates demonstrate skills and commitment that afford all P-12 students access to rigorous college- and career-ready standards (e.g., Next Generation Science Standards, National Career Readiness Certificate, Common Core State Standards).

1.5 Providers ensure that candidates model and apply technology standards as they design, implement and assess learning experiences to engage students and improve learning; and enrich professional practice.

InTASC standards:

• Standard #1: Learner Development. The teacher understands how learners grow and develop, recognizing that patterns of learning and development vary individually within and across the cognitive, linguistic, social, emotional, and physical areas, and designs and implements developmentally appropriate and challenging learning experiences.

- Standard #2: Learning Differences. The teacher uses understanding of individual differences and diverse cultures and communities to ensure inclusive learning environments that enable each learner to meet high standards.
- Standard #3: Learning Environments. The teacher works with others to create environments that support individual and collaborative learning, and that encourage positive social interaction, active engagement in learning, and self-motivation.
- Standard #4: **Content Knowledge.** The teacher understands the central concepts, tools of inquiry, and structures of the discipline(s) he or she teaches and creates learning experiences that make the discipline accessible and meaningful for learners to assure mastery of the content.
- Standard #5: **Application of Content.** The teacher understands how to connect concepts and use differing perspectives to engage learners in critical thinking, creativity, and collaborative problem solving related to authentic local and global issues.
- Standard #6: Assessment. The teacher understands and uses multiple methods of assessment to engage learners in their own growth, to monitor learner progress, and to guide the teacher's and learner's decision making.
- Standard #7: **Planning for Instruction.** The teacher plans instruction that supports every student in meeting rigorous learning goals by drawing upon knowledge of content areas, curriculum, cross-disciplinary skills, and pedagogy, as well as knowledge of learners and the community context.
- Standard #8: **Instructional Strategies.** The teacher understands and uses a variety of instructional strategies to encourage learners to develop deep understanding of content areas and their connections, and to build skills to apply knowledge in meaningful ways.
- Standard #9: **Professional Learning and Ethical Practice.** The teacher engages in ongoing professional learning and uses evidence to continually evaluate his/her practice, particularly the effects of his/her choices and actions on others (learners, families, other professionals, and the community), and adapts practice to meet the needs of each learner.
- Standard #10: Leadership and Collaboration. The teacher seeks appropriate leadership roles and opportunities to take responsibility for student learning and development, to collaborate with learners, families, colleagues, other school professionals, and community members to ensure learner growth, and to advance the profession.