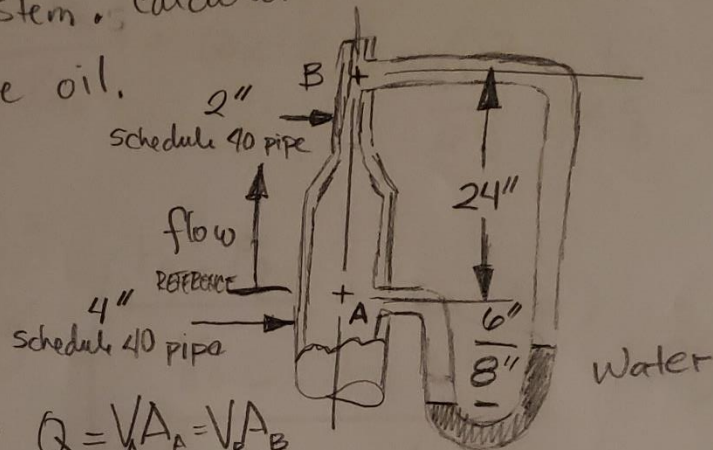


HW 1.3

6.82 PROBLEM: Oil with a specific weight of $55.0 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3}$ flows from A to B through the system. Calculate the Volume flow Rate of the oil.



Solution: $Q = V_A A_A = V_B A_B$

$$\gamma_{oil} = SG \cdot \gamma_w = (55.0 \left[\frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right]) (62.4 \left[\frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right]) = 3432 \left[\frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right]$$

$$\gamma_{water} = SG \cdot \gamma_w = 62.4 \left[\frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right] (1) = 62.4 \left[\frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right]$$

$$\cancel{h_A} + \frac{P_A}{\gamma_{oil}} + z_A + \frac{v_A^2}{2g} = \frac{P_B}{\gamma_{oil}} + z_B + \frac{v_B^2}{2g} + \cancel{h_L} + \cancel{h_R}$$

$$Q = V_A A_A = V_B A_B \quad \text{so, } V_A = \frac{Q}{A_A} \quad V_B = \frac{Q}{A_B}$$

$$\frac{P_A - P_B}{\gamma_{oil}} + z_A - z_B = \frac{v_B^2 - v_A^2}{2g}$$

$$\frac{P_A - P_B}{\gamma_{oil}} + (z_A - z_B) = \frac{\frac{Q^2}{A_B^2} - \frac{Q^2}{A_A^2}}{2g}$$

$$Q = \sqrt{2 \left(32.17 \left[\frac{ft}{s^2} \right] \left(1 - \frac{13.54}{0.90} \right) \times \left(28 \left(\frac{1ft}{12in} \right) \right) \right)}$$

$$\frac{8.727 \times 10^{-2} [ft^2]}{2.182 \times 10^{-2} [ft]^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{\left(64.34 \left[\frac{ft}{s^2} \right] \times (-14.4) \times 2.3 [ft] \right)}$$

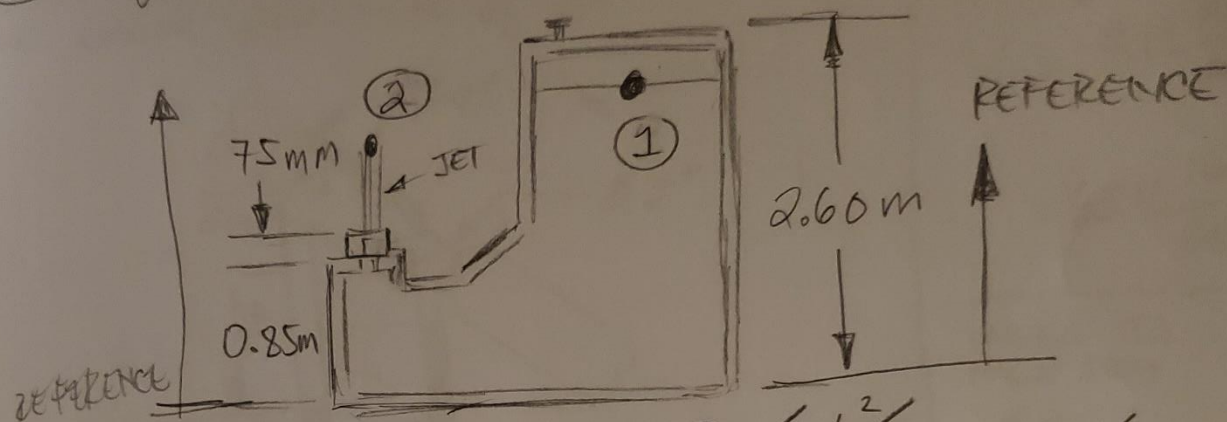
$$-1969 \left[\frac{1}{ft} \right]$$

$$Q = 1.034 \left[\frac{ft^3}{s} \right]$$

HW1.3

(6.91)

PROBLEM: TO WHAT HEIGHT WILL THE JET OF THE FLUID RISE FOR THE CONDITION



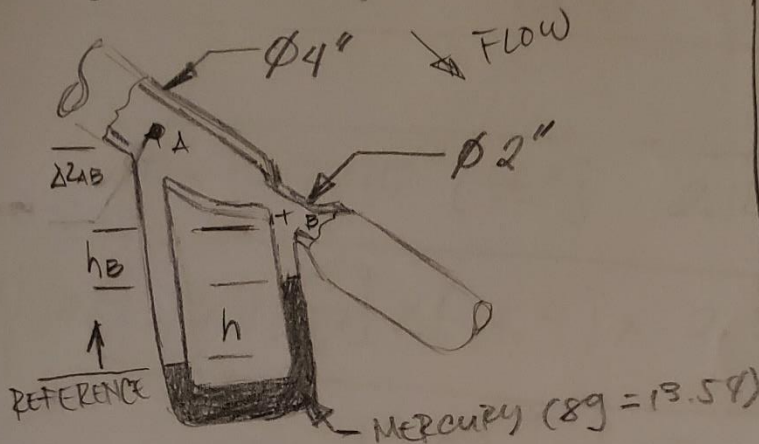
Solution: $\cancel{h_1} + \cancel{\frac{P_1}{\gamma}} + \cancel{\frac{V_1^2}{2g}} + Z_1 = \cancel{\frac{P_2}{\gamma}} + \cancel{\frac{V_2^2}{2g}} + Z_2 + \cancel{K_L} + \cancel{K_R}$

$$Z_1 = Z_2$$

$$Z_2 = 2.60 \text{ m}$$

W 1.3

Problem: Oil with a specific gravity of 0.90 is flowing downward through the venturi meter. If the manometer deflection h is 28 in, Calculate the volume flow rate of oil



$$g = 32.17 \frac{ft}{s^2}$$

$$\gamma_w = 9.81 \frac{kN}{m^3}$$

$$= 62.4 \frac{lb}{ft^3}$$

TABLE J.1
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* $\phi 4$
 $A_A = 8.727 \times 10^{-2} ft^2$
 * $\phi 2$
 $A_B = 2.182 \times 10^{-2} ft^2$

Solution:

$$\frac{P_A}{\gamma} + z_A + \frac{V_A^2}{2g} = \frac{P_B}{\gamma} + z_B + \frac{V_B^2}{2g}$$

$$V_{oil} = Sg_{oil} \gamma_w = (0.9) (62.4 \frac{lb}{ft^3}) = 56.16 \frac{lb}{ft^3}$$

$$\gamma_{Hg} = Sg_{Hg} \gamma_w = (13.54) (62.4 \frac{lb}{ft^3}) = 844.896 \frac{lb}{ft^3}$$

Volume Flow RATE: $Q = AV$ [ft^3/s]

$$\frac{P_A - P_B}{\gamma} + (z_A - z_B) = \frac{V_B^2}{2g}$$

$$z_A - z_B = \Delta z_{AB}$$

$$\frac{P_A - P_B}{\gamma} + \Delta z_{AB} = \frac{V_B^2}{2g}$$

$$P_B = P_A + \gamma_{oil} (z_A - z_B) + \gamma_{oil} h - \gamma_{Hg} h - \gamma_{oil} h$$

$$\frac{P_B - P_A}{\gamma_{Hg}} = (z_A - z_B) + (1 - \frac{Sg_{oil}}{Sg_{Hg}}) h$$

$$Q = \frac{\sqrt{2g (1 - \frac{Sg_{oil}}{Sg_{Hg}}) h}}{(\frac{1}{A_A^2} - \frac{1}{A_B^2})}$$

$$(20) \frac{P_A - P_B}{\gamma_{oil}} + (z_A - z_B) = \frac{Q^2 \left(\frac{1}{A_B^2} - \frac{1}{A_A^2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2g} \right)}{29 \left(\frac{1}{29} \right)}$$

$$\frac{P_A - P_B}{\gamma_{oil}} + (z_A - z_B) = \frac{Q^2}{29} \left(\frac{1}{A_B^2} - \frac{1}{A_A^2} \right)$$

$$(20) \frac{Q^2}{29} = \left(\frac{\frac{P_A - P_B}{\gamma_{oil}} + (z_A - z_B)}{\left(\frac{1}{A_B^2} - \frac{1}{A_A^2} \right)} \right) 29$$

$$Q = \sqrt{\left(\frac{P_A - P_B}{\gamma_{oil}} + \frac{S_{W, WATER}}{S_{W, OIL}} \right) 29 \over \left(\frac{1}{A_B^2} - \frac{1}{A_A^2} \right)}$$

$$Q = \sqrt{\frac{2(32.2 \left[\frac{ft}{s^2} \right]) \left(1 - \frac{(1 \frac{lb}{ft^3})(62.4 \frac{lb}{ft^3})}{(55 \frac{lb}{ft^3})(62.4 \frac{lb}{ft^3})} \right) \left(\frac{24 \text{ in}}{1} \right) \left(\frac{15 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ in}} \right)}{\left[\left(8.727 \times 10^{-2} \left[ft^2 \right] \right)^2 - \left(2.182 \times 10^{-2} \left[ft^2 \right] \right)^2 \right]}$$

$$Q = \sqrt{\frac{64.34 \left[\frac{ft^3}{s} \right] \times 0.98 \times 2 \text{ ft}}{-1969 \left[\frac{1}{ft^4} \right]}} = 0.25 \left[\frac{ft^3}{s} \right]$$