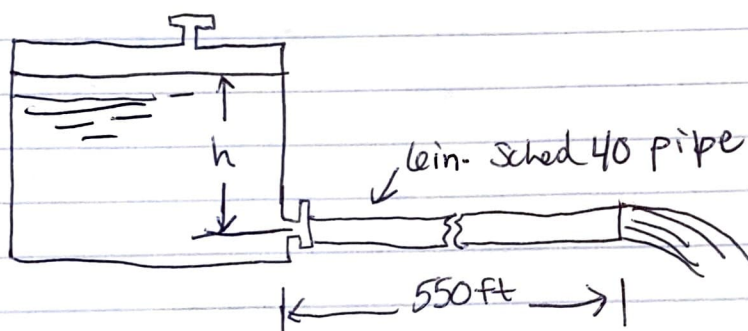


Feb 10 HW 1,4
Chapter 8

#33 Water at 80°F flows from a storage tank through 550 ft of 6 in schedule 40 pipe. Taking the energy loss due to friction into account, calculate the required head h above the pipe inlet to produce a volume flow rate of 2.50 ft³/s.



$$Q_{in} = Q_{out}$$

$$V_{in} A_{in} = V_{out} A_{out}$$

$$\frac{h}{\gamma} + \frac{P_1}{\gamma} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\gamma} + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + z_2 + h_L$$

$$z_1 = \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + h_L$$

$$NR = \frac{VD}{\nu}$$

$$NR = \frac{(12.46 \frac{ft}{s}) (.5054 ft)}{(9.15 \times 10^{-6} ft^2/s)}$$

$$NR = 688,227.76$$

$$h_L = F_T \left(\frac{L}{ID} \cdot \frac{VB^3}{2g} \right)$$

$$h_L = .01256 \left(\frac{550}{.5054} \right) \left(\frac{12.46^3}{2 \cdot 32.2} \right)$$

$$= .01256$$

$$\rightarrow h_L = 32.95$$

$$z_1 = 35.36 ft$$

$$\text{shed 40 steel} = ID = .5054 ft$$

$$\text{Flow area} = .2006 ft^2$$

$$\epsilon = 5.0 \times 10^{-6} ft$$

$$Q = VA$$

$$V = \frac{Q}{A}$$

$$V = \frac{2.50 ft^3/s}{.2006 ft^2} = 12.46 ft/s$$

$$F_T = .25 \left[\log \left(\frac{1}{3.7 \frac{\epsilon}{ID}} \right) + \left(\frac{5.74}{(NR)^{.9}} \right) \right]^2$$

$$F_T = .25 \left[\log \left(\frac{1}{3.7 \left(\frac{5.0 \times 10^{-6} ft}{.5054 ft} \right)} \right) + \left(\frac{5.74}{(688,227.76)^{.9}} \right) \right]^2$$

$$\rightarrow h_L = 32.95$$

$$z_1 = 35.36 ft$$

Feb 10 Hw 1.4

$$h_A + \frac{P_A}{\gamma} + \frac{V_A^2}{2g} + Z_A = \frac{P_B}{\gamma} + \frac{V_B^2}{2g} + Z_B + h_f + h_L$$

4 System used to spray polluted water into the air to increase the water's O_2 content and to cause volatile solvents in the water to vaporize. Pressure @ point B just ahead of nozzle must be 25 psig for proper performance. Volume flow rate is $.5 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$. Dynamic viscosity is $4 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb}\cdot\text{s}/\text{ft}^2$. Specific gravity is 1.026. Pressure @ A is -3.5 psig

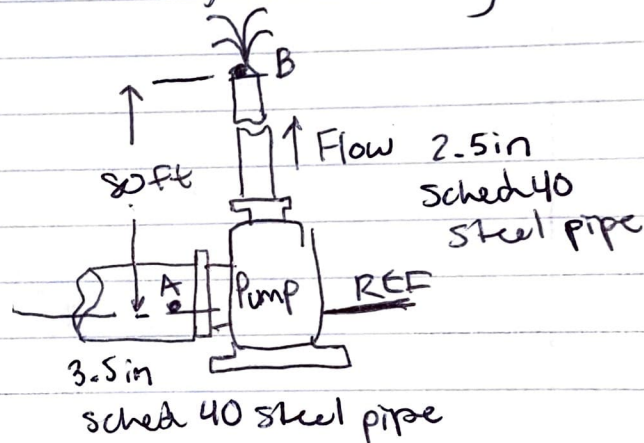
→ Compute power delivered by pump to the fluid, considering energy loss in discharge line.

Sched 40 steel pipe $E = 1.5 \times 10^{-4}$

$$ID_A = .2957 \text{ ft} \quad A_A = .06868 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$ID_B = .2058 \text{ ft} \quad A_B = .03326 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\text{Density} = 1.99 \text{ slug}/\text{ft}^3$$



$$Q = VA \rightarrow VA = \frac{Q}{A_A}$$

$$VA = \frac{.5 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}}{.06868 \text{ ft}^2}$$

$$VB = \frac{Q}{A_B}$$

$$VB = \frac{.5 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}}{.03326 \text{ ft}^2}$$

$$VA = 7.28 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$VB = 15.03 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$N_R = \frac{VD}{\mu} = \frac{15.03(.2058)}{2 \times 10^{-5}}$$

$$N_R = 1.54 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$KV = \frac{Dv}{\text{Density}} = \frac{4 \times 10^{-5} \text{ lb}\cdot\text{s}/\text{ft}^2}{1.99 \text{ slug}/\text{ft}^3} = 2 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$F_T = \frac{.25}{\left[\log \left(\frac{1}{3.7 \left(\frac{.2058}{1.5 \times 10^{-4}} \right)} + \left(\frac{5.74}{1.54(10^5)^{.9}} \right) \right] \right]^2}$$

$$F_T = .02046$$

$$h_L = F_T \left(\frac{L}{ID_B} \cdot \frac{VB^2}{2g} \right) = .02046 \left(\frac{80 \text{ ft}}{.2058} \cdot \frac{15.03^2}{64.4} \right) = 27.89 \text{ ft}$$

$$h_A + \frac{(-3.5)(14.7)}{64.4} + \frac{7.28^2}{64.4} + 0 = \frac{25(14.7)}{64.4} + \frac{15.03^2}{64.4} + 80 + 27.89$$

$$h_A = 55.9 + 3.5 + 80 + 27.89 + 7.82 = 174.29 \text{ ft}$$

$$P = h_A \cdot \gamma \cdot Q = (174.29)(64.4)(.5) = 5612.138 \text{ ft}\cdot\text{lb/s} \text{ or } \boxed{10.2 \text{ HP}}$$