

Chapter 5.

4) Given

$$d_1 = 10 \text{ in} \Rightarrow 0.833 \text{ ft} \quad Q = 25 \text{ gal/min} \Rightarrow 0.0557 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}$$

$$S_{g1} = 0.83 \quad V = 2.5 \text{ E-6} \text{ ft}^2/\text{ft}$$

$$a) \quad d_2 = 1 \text{ in} = 0.0833 \text{ ft}$$

$$A_1 = \pi/4 (0.833)^2 = 0.545 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_2 = \pi/4 (0.0833)^2 = 0.00545 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\frac{A_2}{A_1} = \frac{0.00545}{0.545} = 0.01$$

$$Q = A_2 \sqrt{\frac{2(P_1 - P_2)}{\rho \left(1 - \left(\frac{A_2}{A_1}\right)^2\right)}} \quad \text{Solve for 'h'}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{P_1 - P_2}{\rho} = gh \Rightarrow \frac{\left(\frac{Q}{A_2}\right)^2 \left(1 - \left(\frac{A_2}{A_1}\right)^2\right)}{2g} = h$$

$$h = \frac{\left(\frac{0.0557 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}}{0.00545 \text{ ft}^2}\right)^2 \left(1 - (0.01)^2\right)}{2 \times 9.81} = 0.52 \text{ ft}$$

$$h = 0.52 \times 0.83 = 0.431 \text{ ft}$$

$$b) \quad A_2 = \pi/4 (0.583)^2$$

$$= 0.267 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$\frac{A_2}{A_1} = 0.489$$

$$h = \frac{\left(\frac{Q}{A_2}\right)^2 \left(1 - \left(\frac{A_2}{A_1}\right)^2\right)}{2g} = \frac{\left(\frac{0.0557}{0.267}\right)^2 \left(1 - (0.489)^2\right)}{2 \times 9.81} = 0.00817 \text{ ft}$$

$$h = 0.00817 \text{ ft} \times 0.83 = 0.00679 \text{ ft}$$

15) Given

$$T = 50^\circ\text{C} \quad X = 0.24 \text{ in} \Rightarrow 0.09 \text{ E-3 m} \quad g = 9.81 \text{ m/sec}^2$$

$$\rho_w = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3 \quad P = 101.325 \text{ kPa}$$

$$V = \sqrt{2gh} \quad h = X \left(\frac{\rho_w}{\rho} - 1\right)$$

$$\rho_{\text{air}} = \frac{P}{RT} \Rightarrow \frac{(101.325 \text{ E3 Pa})}{(287.05)(50^\circ\text{C})}$$

$$\rho_{\text{air}} = 7.06 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

*From Table
 $R = 287.05 \text{ J/kg} \cdot \text{K}$

$$h = X \left(\frac{\rho_w}{\rho_{\text{air}}} - 1\right) = 0.09 \text{ E-3 m} \left(\frac{1000 \text{ kg/m}^3}{7.06 \text{ kg/m}^3} - 1\right)$$

$$h = 0.863 \text{ m}$$

$$V = \sqrt{2(9.81)(0.863 \text{ m})}$$

$$V = 4.115 \text{ m/s}$$

Q: 15.9

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Copper tube = 5 in $\Rightarrow$ ID = 4.805 in $\Rightarrow$ 0.40 ft

oil T = 77°F A: 18.153 in² $\Rightarrow$ 0.12593 ft²

flow rate = 700 $\rightarrow$ 1000 gal/min

mono meter = 0 $\rightarrow$ 8.0 in

$$\gamma_{oil} = 844.9 \text{ lb/ft}^3$$

$$\gamma_{air} = 68 \text{ lb/ft}^3$$

$$\nu = 3.84 \times 10^{-4} \text{ ft}^2/\text{sec}$$

$$1 \text{ gal/min} = \frac{0.13368056 \text{ ft}^3}{60 \text{ sec}}$$

So:

$$700 \text{ gal/min} = 1.56 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$$

$$1000 \text{ gal/min} = 2.23 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}$$

find V_{avg}

$$V = \frac{Q}{A} = V_{avg} = \frac{Q_{avg}}{A} = \frac{2.23 \text{ ft}^3/\text{sec}}{0.12593 \text{ ft}^2} = 17.71 \text{ ft/sec}$$

find Reynolds number

$$Re = \frac{AV\rho}{\mu} = \frac{VD\rho}{\mu} \rightarrow \text{Darcy}$$

viscosity

$$Re = \frac{17.71 \text{ ft/sec} \cdot 0.40 \text{ ft}}{3.84 \times 10^{-4} \text{ ft}^2/\text{sec}} = 18,447.92$$

use orifice plate flow meter! (nozzle)

$$C_{dis} = 0.961 \quad h = 8 \text{ in} = 0.667 \text{ ft}$$

$$V_1 = C \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2gh \left(\frac{\gamma_{oil}}{\gamma_{air}} - 1 \right)}{\left(\frac{A_1}{A_o} \right)^2 - 1}} \quad \text{solve for } d_1 \Rightarrow 17.71 = 0.961 \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot 32.174 \cdot 0.667 \left(\frac{844.9}{68} - 1 \right)}{\left(\frac{A_1}{0.12593} \right)^2 - 1}}$$

use online calculator

$$A_1 = 0.12593 \text{ ft}^2$$

$$A_{orifice} = \left(\frac{d}{4} \right) \cdot \pi \cdot \delta$$

$$\delta = \frac{2 \sqrt{\pi \cdot A_{orifice}}}{\pi} = \frac{2 \cdot \sqrt{\pi \cdot 0.12593}}{\pi} = 0.402 \text{ ft}$$