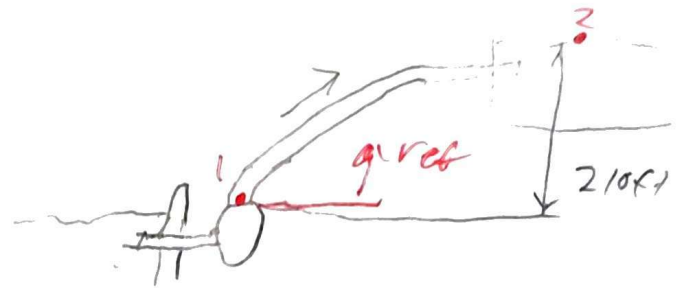


HW 5.2 Ch8



46 Water at 60°F - 8 in sch 40 steel
 - L = 2500 ft Q = 4.00 ft³/s P₁ = ?

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\gamma} + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + z_2 + h_{L12}$$

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} = \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + z_2 + h_{L12}$$

$$V = \frac{Q}{A} = \frac{4.00 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}}{\frac{\pi}{4} \left(\frac{7.981 \text{ in}}{12 \frac{\text{in}}{\text{ft}}} \right)^2} = 11.55 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} = z_2 + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + f \frac{L}{D} \frac{V_1^2}{2g}$$

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} = z_2 + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} \left(1 + f \frac{L}{D} \right)$$

$$Re = \frac{VD}{\nu} = \frac{11.55 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}} \cdot 0.664 \text{ ft}}{1.21 \times 10^{-5} \frac{\text{ft}^2}{\text{s}}} = 6.34 \times 10^5$$

$$RR = \frac{D}{\epsilon} = \frac{0.664 \text{ ft}}{1.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ ft}} = 4426.7$$

$$f \approx 0.0145$$

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} = 210 \text{ ft} + \frac{(11.55 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}})^2}{2(32.2 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})} \left(1 + 0.0145 \frac{2500 \text{ ft}}{0.664 \text{ ft}} \right)$$

$$P_1 = 32.5 \text{ ft} \cdot 62.4 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3} = 2028 \text{ lb/ft}^2$$

$$P_1 = 5.21 \text{ lb/ft}^2 \text{ or } 750 \text{ psi}$$

$$62. \quad f = \frac{0.25}{\left[\log \left(\frac{1}{3.7 \left(\frac{D}{\varepsilon} \right)} + \frac{5.74}{Re^{0.9}} \right) \right]^2}$$

$$T = 77^\circ F$$

Heavy fuel oil

6 in sch 40 steel pipe

$$V = 12 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$Re = \frac{VD}{\nu} = \frac{12 \text{ ft/s} \cdot 0.5054 \text{ ft}}{1.27 \times 10^{-3} \frac{\text{ft}^2}{\text{s}}} = 4775$$

$$\text{Relative Roughness} = \frac{D}{\varepsilon} = \frac{0.5054 \text{ ft}}{1.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ ft}} = 3369$$

$$f = \frac{0.25}{\left[\log \left(\frac{1}{3.7(3369)} + \frac{5.74}{4775^{0.9}} \right) \right]^2}$$

$$f = 0.0388$$

Chapter 10



20. $h_L = ?$ Sudden Contraction from DN125 sch 80 to DN50 sch 80
 $Q = 500 \text{ L/min}$

Minor loss $h_L = K \frac{V^2}{2g}$

First need to find K from graph

$$Q = 500 \frac{\text{L}}{\text{min}} \cdot \left(\frac{1 \text{ m}^3}{1000 \text{ L}} \right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ s}} \right) = 0.00833 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{s}}$$

$$V_2 = \frac{Q}{A} = \frac{0.00833 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{s}}}{\frac{\pi}{4} \cdot 0.0525^2} \quad D_1 = 1D_{DN125} = 128.2 \text{ mm}$$

0.1282

$$V_2 = 3.85 \text{ m/s}$$

$$D_2 = 1D_{DN50} = 52.5 \text{ mm}$$

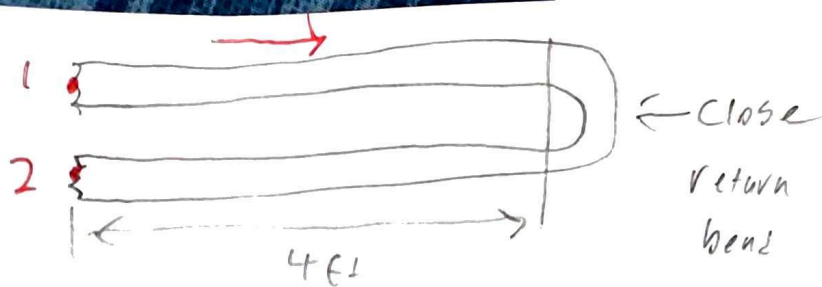
Diameter Ratio $= \frac{D_1}{D_2} = \frac{0.1282}{0.0525} = 2.44 = 0.0525$

$K \approx 3.9$

$$h_L = 3.9 \frac{(3.85 \text{ m/s})^2}{2(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)}$$

$$h_L = 0.765 \text{ m}$$

10.37

V2
Sch 40
Steel $\Delta P = ?$ $Q = 12.5 \text{ gal/min}$ ethylene glycol at 77°F

- No height given so I will assume change in elevation is negligible

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + z_1 = \frac{P_2}{\gamma} + \frac{V_2^2}{2g} + z_2 + h_{L12}$$

- $V_1 = V_2$ so they can be canceled too

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} = \frac{P_2}{\gamma} + h_{L12} \rightarrow \frac{P_1}{\gamma} - \frac{P_2}{\gamma} = h_{L12}$$

$$\frac{1}{\gamma} (P_1 - P_2) = h_{L12} \rightarrow P_1 - P_2 = \gamma (h_{L12})$$

Losses in Pipe: major losses due to 8 ft of pipe and

minor losses due to close return bend

$$h_L = f \frac{L}{D} \frac{V^2}{2g} \quad K = 50 \text{ ft} \quad h_L = K \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = \gamma \left(f \frac{L}{D} \frac{V^2}{2g} + 50 \text{ ft} \frac{V^2}{2g} \right)$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = \gamma \left[\frac{V^2}{2g} \left(f \frac{L}{D} + 50 \text{ ft} \right) \right]$$

$$Q = 12.5 \text{ gal/min} \left(\frac{1.41 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}}{449 \text{ gal/min}} \right) = 0.0278 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{s}}$$

$$V = \frac{Q}{A} = \frac{0.0278 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{s}}}{\frac{\pi}{4} \cdot (0.0518 \text{ ft})^2}$$

$$D = 0.0518 \text{ ft}$$

$$\gamma = 1.59 \times 10^{-4} \text{ ft}^2/\text{s}$$

$$\epsilon = 1.5 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$R_e = \frac{VD}{\gamma} = \frac{13.2 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}} \cdot 0.0518 \text{ ft}}{1.59 \times 10^{-4} \text{ ft}^2/\text{s}}$$

$$R_e = 4303.75$$

$$RR = \frac{D}{\varepsilon} = \frac{0.0518 \text{ ft}}{1.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ ft}} = 345$$

$$f = 0.29$$

$$\left[\log \left(\frac{1}{3.7(345)} + \frac{5.74}{4303.75^{0.9}} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$f = 0.0429$$

$$f_T \approx 0.029$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = 68.47 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^2} \left[\frac{(13.2 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}})^2}{2(32.2 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})} \left(0.0429 \frac{8 \text{ ft}}{0.0518 \text{ ft}} + 50(0.029) \right) \right]$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = 1458.95 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^2} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ ft}^2}{144 \text{ in}^2}$$

$$P_1 - P_2 = 10.13 \text{ lb/in}^2$$