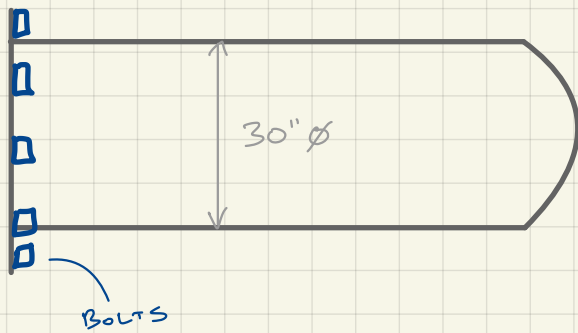


4-2

GIVEN:

A FLAT END OF A TANK IS HELD TOGETHER W/ A BOLTED FLANGE.

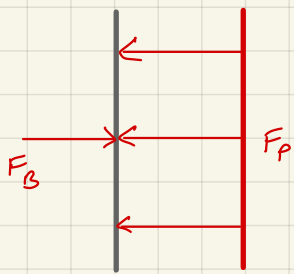


$$P = 14.4 \text{ psig}$$

REQUIRED:

CALCULATE THE FORCE RESISTED BY THE BOLTS

SOLUTION:



$$F = pA$$

$$A_T = \frac{\pi D^2}{4} = \frac{\pi (30")^2}{4} = \boxed{706.9 \text{ in}^2}$$

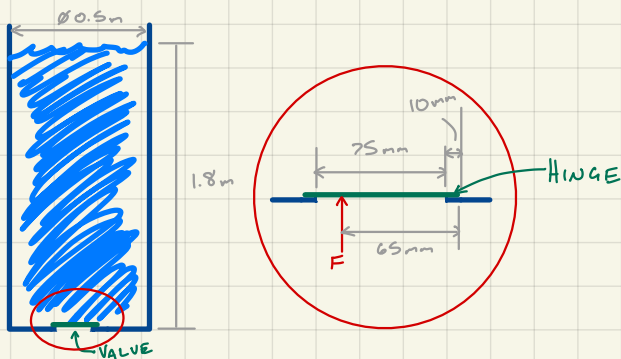
$$F_P = F_B = p A_T = (14.4 \text{ psig})(706.9 \text{ in}^2)$$

$$= \boxed{10179 \text{ psi}}$$

4-10

GIVEN:

A SHOWER CONSISTS OF A CYLINDRICAL TANK W/ A FLAPPER VALVE AT THE BASE WHICH OPENS INWARD

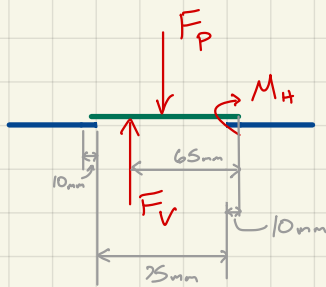


REQUIRED:

HOW MUCH FORCE IS REQUIRED TO OPEN THE VALVE?

4-10
cont

SOLUTION:



$$F_V > F_P$$

$$\sum M = 0$$

$$F_P = pA$$

$$A = \frac{\pi D^2}{4} = \frac{\pi (0.095 \text{ m})^2}{4} = \boxed{0.00709 \text{ m}^2}$$

• THIS AREA ASSUMES THE FLAPPER OVERLAPS BOTH SIDES OF THE VALVE EQUALLY, MAKING
 $D = 75 \text{ mm} + 10 \text{ mm} + 10 \text{ mm} = 95 \text{ mm}$

$$p = \gamma_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} h = (9.81 \text{ kN/m}^3)(1.8 \text{ m}) = \boxed{17.66 \text{ kN/m}^2}$$

$$F_P = (17.66 \text{ kN/m}^2)(0.00709 \text{ m}^2) = \boxed{0.1252 \text{ kN}}$$

$$\sum M_H = F_V (0.065 \text{ m}) - F_P \left(\frac{0.075 \text{ m}}{2} + 0.01 \text{ m} \right) = 0$$

$$F_V = \frac{F_P (0.0475 \text{ m})}{(0.065 \text{ m})} = \frac{(0.1252 \text{ kN})(0.0475 \text{ m})}{(0.065 \text{ m})}$$

$$= 0.915 \text{ kN} = \boxed{91.5 \text{ N}}$$

S-8

GIVEN:

A PUMP IS PARTIALLY SUBMERGED IN OIL, AND RESTS ON SPRINGS.

$$\text{VOLUME SUBMERGED} = V_s = 40 \text{ in}^3$$

$$\text{WEIGHT OF PUMP} = W_p = 14.6 \text{ lbs}$$

$$S_{g_{\text{oil}}} = 0.90$$

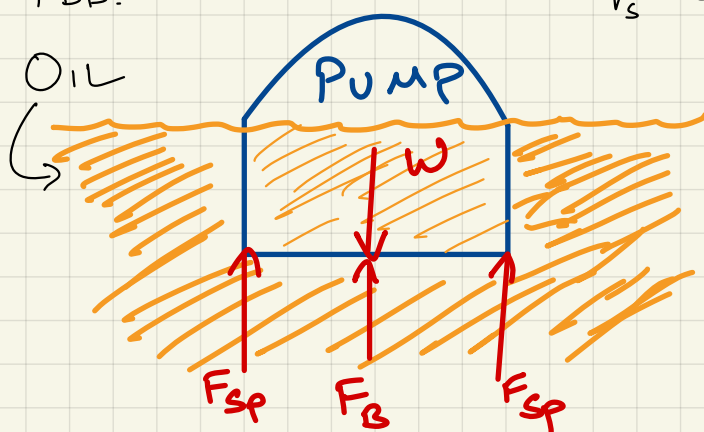
REQUIRED:

FIND SUPPORTING FORCE EXERTED BY SPRINGS

SOLUTION:

FBD:

$$V_s = 40 \text{ in}^3 \left(\frac{1 \text{ ft}^3}{1728 \text{ in}^3} \right) = \boxed{0.0231 \text{ ft}^3}$$



$$F_B = W_D$$

- F_B = BUOYANT FORCE
- W_D = WEIGHT DISPLACED

$$W_D = \gamma_{\text{oil}} V_D \therefore F_B = \gamma_{\text{oil}} V_D$$

$$\gamma_{\text{oil}} = S_{g_{\text{oil}}} \gamma_{\text{WATER}} = (0.90)(62.4 \text{ lb/ft}^3) \quad \cdot \gamma_{\text{WATER}} \text{ IN TABLE A.2}$$

$$= \boxed{56.16 \text{ lb/ft}^3}$$

$$F_B = (56.16 \text{ lb/ft}^3)(0.0231 \text{ ft}^3) = \boxed{1.2973 \text{ lb}}$$

$\uparrow \sum F_y = 0$ • SUM OF THE FORCES IN Y IS 0 AS PUMP IS STATIONARY. SOLVE FOR F_{sp}

$$F_B + F_{sp} - W_p = 0 \therefore F_{sp} = W_p - F_B$$

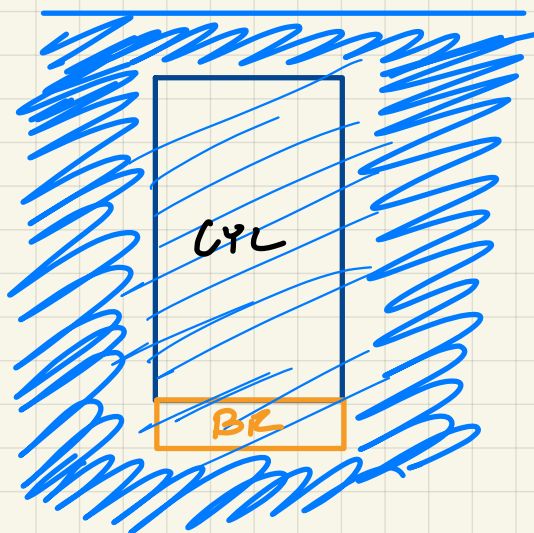
$$F_{sp} = (14.6 \text{ lbs}) - (1.2973 \text{ lbs})$$

$$= \boxed{13.3 \text{ lbs}}$$

S-24

GIVEN:

A BRASS WEIGHT IS TO BE ATTACHED TO THE BOTTOM OF A UNIFORM CYLINDER SO AS TO MAKE THE SYSTEM NEUTRALLY BUOYANT BELOW THE SURFACE OF WATER. THE BRASS IS A DISK W/ THE SAME DIAMETER AS THE CYLINDER.



$$D_{CYL} = D_{BR} = 0.45 \text{ m}$$

$$L_{CYL} = 0.75 \text{ m}$$

$$\gamma_{WATER @ 95^\circ C} = 9.4 \text{ kN/m}^3 \quad \bullet \text{ TABLE A.1}$$

$$\gamma_{CYL} = 6.456 \text{ kN/m}^3 \quad \bullet \text{ SOLVED IN LECTURE, PROB 5.22}$$

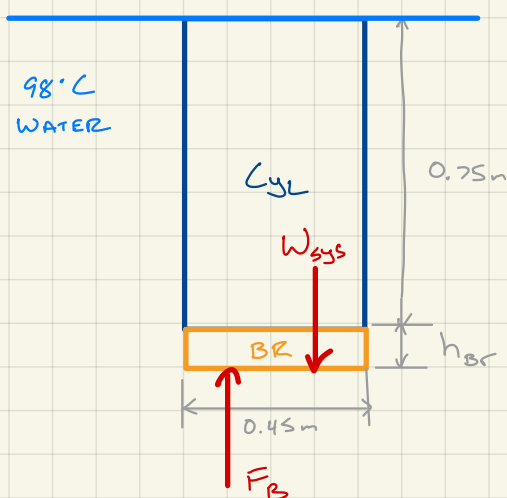
$$\gamma_{BR} = 84.0 \text{ kN/m}^3 \quad \bullet \text{ GIVEN IN PROB FIGURE}$$

REQUIRED:

CALCULATE THE THICKNESS OF THE BRASS DISK REQUIRED TO MAKE THE SYSTEM NEUTRALLY BUOYANT.

SOLUTION:

FBD:



$$F_B = W_{sys}$$

$$W_{sys} = \gamma_{CYL} \cdot V_{CYL} + \gamma_{BR} \cdot V_{BR}$$

$$V_{BR} = \frac{\pi D^2}{2} \cdot h_{BR}$$

$$F_B = \gamma_w \cdot V_D = \gamma_w \cdot \left(V_{CYL} + \frac{\pi D^2}{2} \cdot h_{BR} \right)$$

$$\therefore$$

$$\gamma_w \cdot \left(V_{CYL} + \frac{\pi D^2}{2} \cdot h_{BR} \right) = \gamma_{CYL} \cdot V_{CYL} + \gamma_{BR} \cdot \frac{\pi D^2}{2} \cdot h_{BR}$$

$$\therefore$$

$$\gamma_w V_{CYL} + \gamma_w \frac{\pi D^2}{2} \cdot h_{BR} = \gamma_{CYL} \cdot V_{CYL} + \gamma_{BR} \cdot \frac{\pi D^2}{2} \cdot h_{BR}$$

S-24
cont

$$\gamma_w \frac{\pi D^2}{2} \cdot h_{Br} - \gamma_{Br} \cdot \frac{\pi D^2}{2} \cdot h_{Br} = \gamma_{cyl} \cdot V_{cyl} - \gamma_w \cdot V_{cyl}$$

• SOLVE FOR KNOWN TERMS TO SIMPLIFY PROBLEM.

$$\gamma_w \frac{\pi D^2}{2} = (9.4 \text{ kN/m}^3) \frac{\pi (0.45\text{m})^2}{2} = 2.99 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$\gamma_{Br} \frac{\pi D^2}{2} = (84.0 \text{ kN/m}^3) \frac{\pi (0.45\text{m})^2}{2} = 26.72 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$V_{cyl} = \frac{\pi D^2}{2} \cdot h_{cyl} = \frac{\pi (0.45\text{m})^2}{2} \cdot (0.75\text{m}) = 0.239 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma_{cyl} V_{cyl} - \gamma_w V_{cyl} &= (6.456 \text{ kN/m}^3)(0.239 \text{ m}^3) - (9.4 \text{ kN/m}^3)(0.239 \text{ m}^3) \\ &= -0.704 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$

• SOLVE EQUATION FOR h_{Br} :

$$2.99 \text{ kN/m } h_{Br} - 26.72 \text{ kN/m } h_{Br} = -0.704 \text{ kN}$$

• •

$$h_{Br} = \frac{(-0.704 \text{ kN})}{(-23.73 \text{ kN/m})} = 0.0297 \text{ m} = \boxed{29.7 \text{ mm}}$$