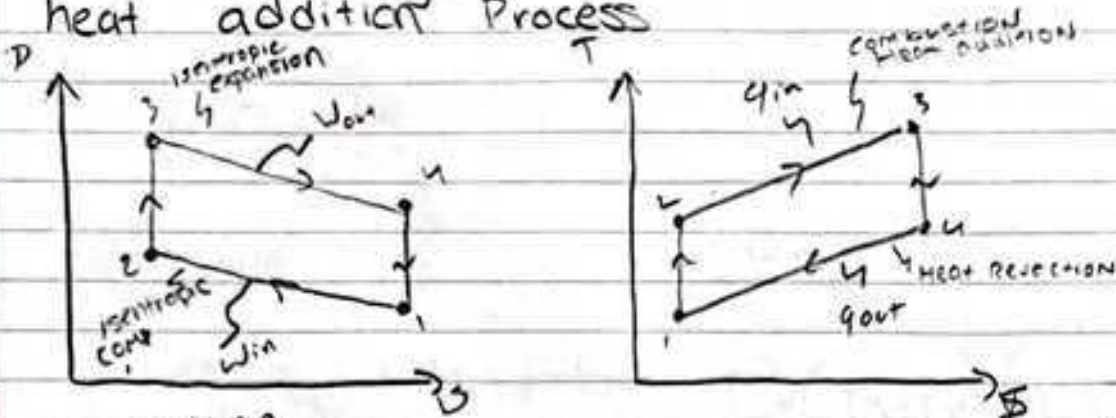


Homework 1.3

9-33 Ideal Otto Cycle
 Compression RATIO of 8
 beginning of compression process, air is at 95 kPa and 27°C, and 750 kJ/kg of heat is transferred to air during the constant-volume heat addition process



1 → Isentropic compression → 2 → $V = \text{const}$ → 3 → Isentropic expansion → 4 → $V = \text{const}$

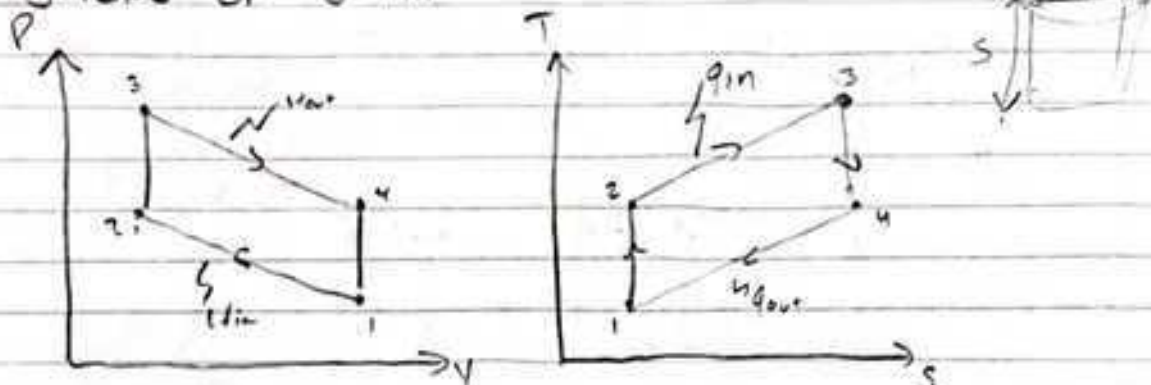
$P_1 = 95 \text{ kPa}$
 $T_1 = 27^\circ\text{C} = 300 \text{ K}$
 $PV = RT$
 $95V = 0.287(300)$
 $V_1 = 0.906 \text{ m}^3$

$\gamma = \frac{V_1}{V_2} = 8$
 $V_2 = \frac{0.906}{8}$
 $V_2 = 0.113$
 $\left(\frac{T_2}{T_1}\right) = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{\gamma-1}$
 $\frac{T_2}{300} = \left(\frac{0.906}{0.113}\right)^{1.4-1}$
 $T_2 = 697$
 $P_2 = \frac{(0.287)(697)}{0.113}$
 $P_2 = 1818.5$

$V_3 = 0.11$
 $V_4 = 0.906$
 ??

STROKE

9-36 Six Cylinder, 4 cylinder, ideal Otto cycle takes in air at 14 PSIA and 105°F. Max Cycle temp 2400°F. Each Cylinder has a bore of 3.5 in. and each Piston has a Stroke of 3.9 in.



① $\xrightarrow{\text{ISENTROPIC COMPRESSION}}$ ② $\xrightarrow{V=\text{CONST}}$ ③ $\xrightarrow{\text{ISENTROPIC EXPANSION}}$ ④ $\xrightarrow{V=\text{CONST}}$

$$P_1 = 14 \text{ PSIA} \quad V_2 = 3.28 \quad T_3 = 2400^\circ \text{K} = 459.67^\circ \text{R} \quad V_4 = 37.5$$

$$T_1 = 564.67^\circ \text{R} \quad T_2 = 6455.82 \quad = 2859.67$$

$$V = \frac{3.14 (3.5)^2}{4}$$

$$V_1 = 37.5$$

$$\left(\frac{T_2}{T_1}\right) = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{k-1}$$

$$T_2 = 564.67 \left(\frac{37.5}{3.28}\right)^{1.4-1}$$

$$T_2 = 6455.8$$

$$\frac{T_2}{T_1} = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{k-1}$$

$$\frac{T_3}{T_1} = \left(\frac{V_3}{V_1}\right)^{k-1}$$

$$\frac{T_3}{T_1} = (r)$$

$$\left(\frac{2859.67}{564.67}\right)^{2.5} = r$$

$$r = 11.4$$

$$r = \frac{V_1}{V_2}$$

$$V_3 = \frac{V_1}{r}$$

$$V_3 = \frac{37.5}{11.4}$$

$$V_3 = 3.28$$

$$\frac{T_4}{T_3} = \left(\frac{V_3}{V_4}\right)^{k-1}$$

$$T_4 = 2859.67 \left(\frac{3.28}{37.5}\right)^{0.4}$$

$$T_4 = 1079.1^\circ \text{R}$$

FORGOT ABOUT 9.45 IN
VOLUME. MIN VOLUME
CLOSE ENOUGH

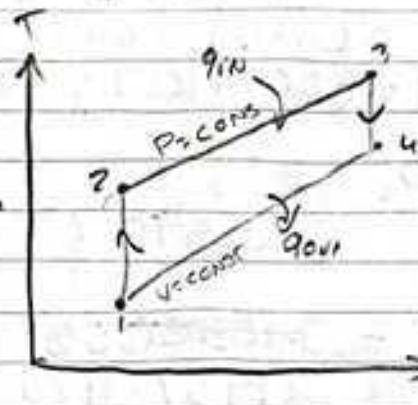
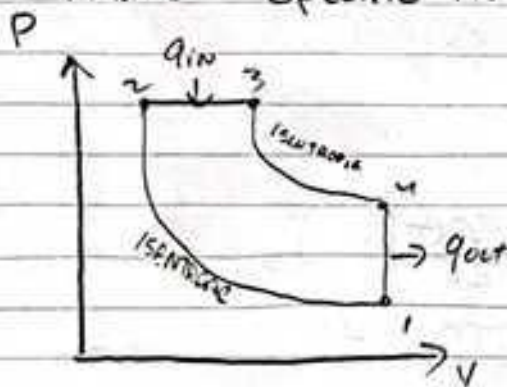
How much Power will this engine produce
when operated at 2500 RPM

$$W = C_v [(T_3 - T_2) - (T_4 - T_1)] \quad \leftarrow \text{Found From NODP Website}$$
$$= 0.171 [(6455.8 - 2859.67) - (1079.1 - 564.67)]$$
$$W = 526.9707$$

$$P = W \text{ CPS}$$
$$526.9707 \cdot \left(\frac{2500}{60} \right)$$
$$= \cancel{19049605} \text{ WATTS}$$
$$21957.1125$$

$$r_c = \frac{V_2}{V_1}$$

9-46 Air standard diesel cycle w/
Compression ratio of 16 and a
cutoff ratio of 2. @ Beginning of
Compression Process, air is @ 95 kPa and 27°C.
Variable Specific Heats



① $\xrightarrow{\text{ISENTROPIC COMPRESSION}}$ ② $\xrightarrow{P=\text{CONST}}$ ③ $\xrightarrow{\text{ISENTROPIC EXPANSION}}$ ④ $\xrightarrow{V=\text{CONST}}$

$P = 95 \text{ kPa}$ $V_2 = \frac{V_1}{16}$ $V_3 = 2V_2$ $V_4 = 4.42$
 $T = 300 \text{ K}$ $V_2 = \frac{4.42}{16}$ $V_3 = 0.56$ $\frac{T_4}{T_3} = \left(\frac{V_3}{V_4}\right)^{\gamma-1}$
 $V = 1.4(300)$ $V_2 = 0.128$ $\frac{V_2}{V_3} = \frac{T_2}{T_3}$ $T_4 = 1809 \left(\frac{0.56}{4.42}\right)^{0.4}$
 95 $\left(\frac{T_2}{T_1}\right) = \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{\gamma-1}$ $\frac{0.128}{0.56} = \frac{300}{T_3}$ $T_4 = 791.67$
 $V_1 = 4.42$ $1.4-1$ $1809 = T_3$ $PV = RT$
 $T_2 = 300 \left(\frac{4.42}{0.128}\right)^{1.4-1}$ $P_3 = 4522.69$ $P = \frac{1.4(791.67)}{4.42}$
 $T_2 = 904.5 \text{ K}$ $P_3 = 4522.69$ $P = 250.75$
 $PV = RT$ $P_3 = 4522.69$ $P = 250.75$
 $P = \frac{(1.4)(904.5)}{0.128}$ $P_3 = 4522.69$ $P = 250.75$
 $P_2 = 4522.69$ $P_3 = 4522.69$ $P = 250.75$

USED WRONG R VALUE !!

a) Temperature after heat addition Process

$$1809 \text{ K}$$

b) The thermal efficiency

$$\eta_{th \text{ Diesel}} = 1 - \frac{1}{r^{k-1}} \left[\frac{r_c^k - 1}{k(k-1)} \right]$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{16^{1.4-1}} \left[\frac{2^{1.4} - 1}{1.4(2-1)} \right]$$

$$\eta_{th \text{ Diesel}} = 0.61 = 61\% \text{ Efficient}$$

c) MEAN EFFECTIVE Pressure

$$MEP = \frac{U_{net}}{V_1 - V_2} = \frac{296.77}{4.42 - 0.28} = 71.68$$

$$U_{net} = W_{out} - W_{in} = q_{in} - q_{out}$$

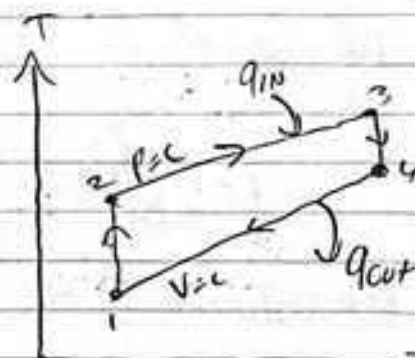
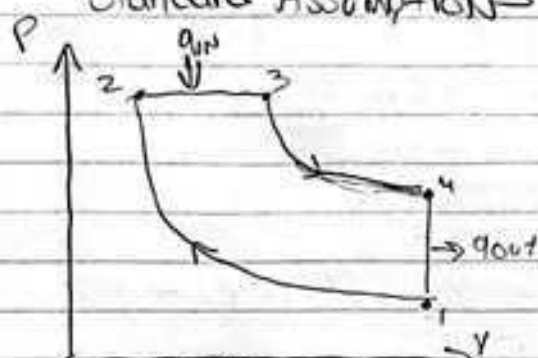
$$W_{net} = C_v(T_3 - T_2) - C_v(T_4 - T_1)$$

$$W_{net} = 0.78(1809 - 904) - 0.78(791.67 - 300)$$

$$U_{net} = 296.77$$

$$= 296.77$$

9-57. A four cylinder two stroke 2.4-L diesel engine operates on ideal diesel cycle. Compression Ratio of 22 and Cutoff Ratio of 1.8. Air @ 70°C and 97 kPa at beginning of compression process. Cold air Standard Assumptions



$$R_c = \frac{v_3}{v_2} = \frac{22}{1.8} = 12.2$$

1 → ISENTROPIC COMPRESSION → 2 → P=CONST → 3 → ISENTROPIC EXPANSION → 4 → V=CONST → 1

$$P_1 = 97 \text{ kPa}$$

$$T_1 = 343 \text{ K}$$

$$v_1 = \frac{RT_1}{P_1}$$

$$= \frac{(0.287)(343)}{97}$$

$$v_1 = 1.01$$

$$v_1 = \frac{v_2}{R_c}$$

$$v_2 = \frac{1.01}{22}$$

$$v_2 = 0.045$$

$$\left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma-1}} = \left(\frac{v_1}{v_2}\right)^{\gamma-1}$$

$$T_2 = 343 \left(\frac{1.01}{0.045}\right)^{0.4}$$

$$T_2 = 1190.552 \text{ K}$$

$$P = \frac{RT}{v}$$

$$P = \frac{(0.287)(1190.552)}{0.045}$$

$$P_2 = 7593.1 \text{ kPa}$$

$$P_3 = 7593.1$$

$$1.8 = \frac{v_3}{v_2}$$

$$(1.8)(0.045) = v_3$$

$$v_3 = 0.081$$

$$PV = RT$$

$$T = \frac{PV}{R} = \frac{(7593.1)(0.081)}{0.287}$$

$$T_3 = 2143 \text{ K}$$

$$v_4 = 1.01$$

$$\frac{T_4}{T_3} = \left(\frac{v_3}{v_4}\right)^{\gamma-1}$$

$$T_4 = 2143 \left(\frac{0.081}{1.01}\right)^{0.4}$$

$$T_4 = 781.06 \text{ K}$$

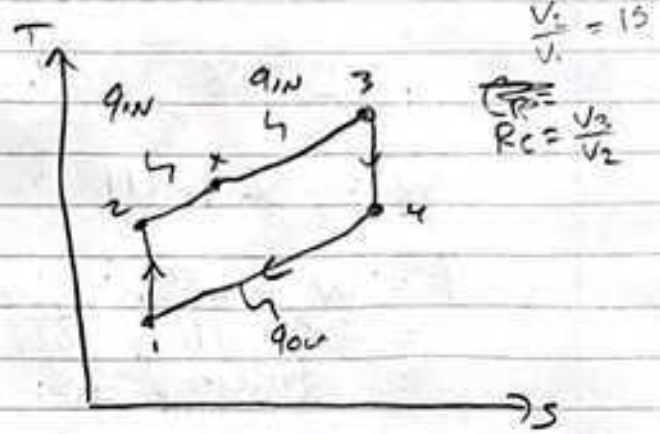
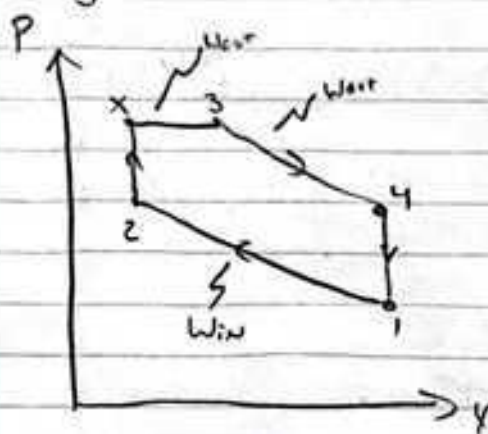
Determine how much power will be produce
When operated @ 3500 RPM

$$W = C_v [(T_3 - T_2) - (T_4 - T_1)]$$
$$= 0.718 [(2143 - 1170.5) - (781 - 343)]$$

$$W = 369.411$$

$$P = W \text{ CPS} \cdot \frac{3500}{60}$$
$$= 369.411 \cdot \frac{3500}{60}$$
$$= 21548.975 \text{ Watts}$$

9-59E An ideal dual cycle has a compression ratio of 15 and $C_r = 1.4$. Pressure Ratio during Constant Volume heat addition is 1.1. Beginning of compression is: $P_1 = 14.2 \text{ psia}$, $T_1 = 75^\circ\text{F}$



① $\xrightarrow{\text{ISENTROPIC COMPRESSION}}$ ② $\xrightarrow{V=\text{CONST}}$ ③ $\xrightarrow{P=\text{CONST}}$ ④ $\xrightarrow{\text{ISENTROPIC EXPANSION}}$ ① $\xrightarrow{V=\text{CONST}}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 T_1 &= 75^\circ\text{F} = 534.67 \text{ R} & V_1 &= 15V_2 & V_1 &= 162 & P_3 &= 3.08 & V_4 &= 10.8 \\
 T_1 &= 534.67 \text{ R} & V_2 &= 10.8 & P_2 &= 1.1P_1 & V_3 &= V_2 \cdot R_c & T_4 &= \left(\frac{V_3}{V_4}\right)^{k-1} \\
 P_1 &= 14.2 \text{ psia} & \frac{T_2}{T_1} &= \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2}\right)^{k-1} & P_2 &= 3.08 & V_3 &= 162 \cdot 1.4 & T_4 &= 2433.9 \\
 P_1 V_1 &= RT_1 & T_2 &= 534.67 \left(\frac{10.8}{162}\right)^{0.4} & T &= \frac{PV}{R} & T &= \frac{3.08 \cdot 226.8}{0.1287} & T_4 &= 726 \text{ R} \\
 V_1 &= \frac{(0.1287)(534.67)}{14.2} & T_2 &= 1579.5 & T_3 &= 2433.9 \text{ R} & P &= \frac{RT}{V} & P_4 &= \frac{(0.1287)(726)}{10.8} \\
 V_1 &= 10.8 & P &= \frac{RT}{V} & P_2 &= \frac{(0.1287)(1579.5)}{10.8} & P_4 &= 19.13 \\
 P_2 &= 2.8 \text{ psia} & PV &= RT & P_2 &= 2.8 \text{ psia} & P_4 &= 19.13 \\
 T &= \frac{PV}{R} & T &= \frac{PV}{R} & T &= \frac{(3.08)(162)}{0.1287} & & & & \\
 T &= 1738.5 & & & & & & & &
 \end{aligned}$$

a) Calculate the cycles net Specific Work.

$$W_{net} = W_{out} + W_{exp} - W_{in} = q_{in} - q_{out}$$

$$= (V_3 - V_4)(P_4) + \left(\frac{P_4 V_4 - P_3 V_3}{1 - 1.4} \right) - \left(\frac{P_2 V_2 - P_1 V_1}{1 - 1.4} \right)$$

$$= (226.2 - 162)(3.08) + \left(\frac{(19.13)(10.2) - (3.08)(226.2)}{1 - 1.4} \right)$$

$$- \left(\frac{(2.8)(162) - (14.2)(10.2)}{1 - 1.4} \right)$$

$$= 199.584 + 1229.8 - 750.6$$

$$W_{net} = 678.784$$

b) Specific Heat Addition

?

c) Thermal Efficiency

$$\eta_{th} = 1 - \frac{1}{r^{k-1}} \left[\frac{r_c^k - 1}{k(r_c - 1)} \right]$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{15^{0.4}} \left[\frac{1.4^{1.4} - 1}{1.4(1.4 - 1)} \right]$$

$$\eta_{th} = 0.6362 = 63.62\%$$

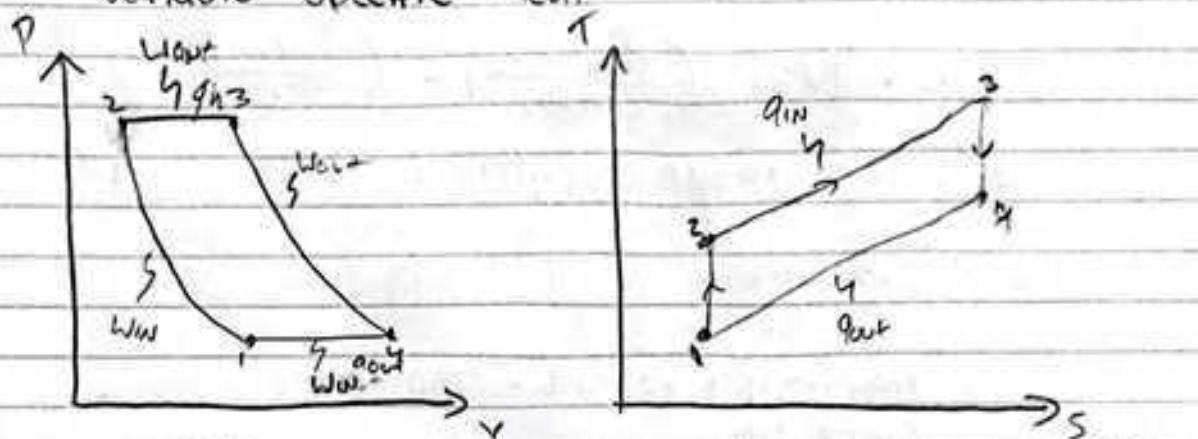
Efficient

4-80E Simple Ideal Brayton Cycle

Pressure Ratio of 10

Enters compressor @ 500R and the turbine @ 2000R

Variable Specific heat



$\text{1} \xrightarrow{\text{ISENTROPIC COMPRESSION}} \text{2} \xrightarrow{P=\text{CONST}} \text{3} \xrightarrow{\text{ISENTROPIC EXPANSION}} \text{4} \xrightarrow{P=\text{CONST}} \text{1}$

$T_1 = 500\text{R}$	$P_2 = 10P_1$	$T_3 = 2000\text{R}$	$P_4 = P_3/10$
$Pr_1 = 1.2147$		$Pr_3 = 174.0$	$P_4 = P_1$
$Pr_2 = \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1}\right) Pr_1$		$Pr_4 = \left(\frac{P_4}{P_3}\right) Pr_3$	
$Pr_2 = 12.147$		$Pr_4 = 17.4$	
$T_2 = 996.14\text{R}$		$T_4 = 1094.31\text{R}$	
$h_1 = 124.27$	$h_2 = 240.11$	$h_3 = 504.71$	$h_4 = 265.83$

a) $T_2 = 996.14\text{R}$

$\frac{W_{in}}{W_{out}}$

b) $W_{in} = h_2 - h_1 = 115.84$

$W_{out} = h_3 - h_4 = 238.88$

$= 0.485$

c) $\eta_{th} = \frac{W_{net}}{Q_{in}} = \frac{W_{out} - W_{in}}{Q_{in}}$

$\eta_{th} = 0.465$

$Q_{in} = h_3 - h_2 = 264.60$

40.57