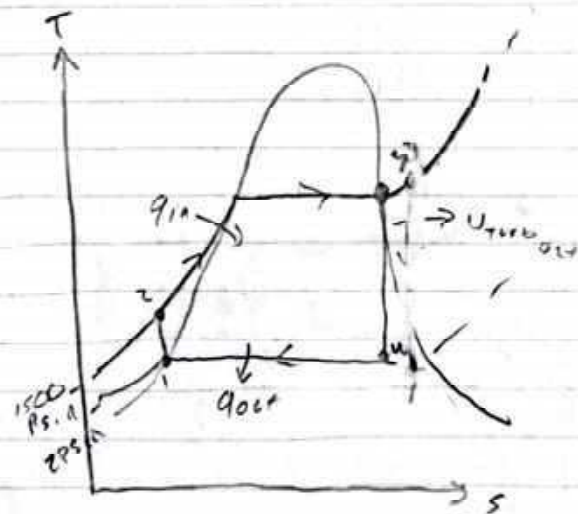
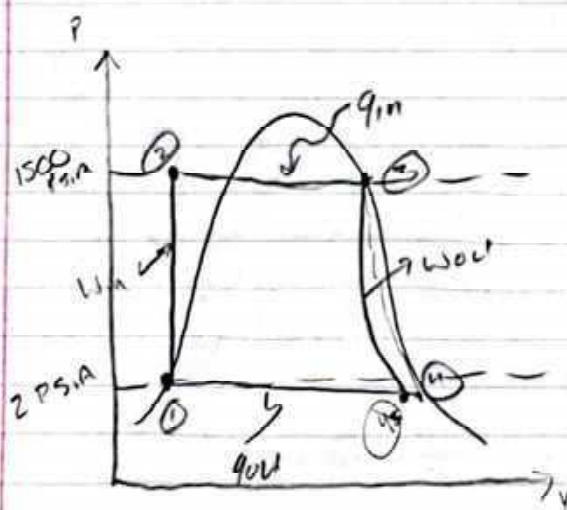
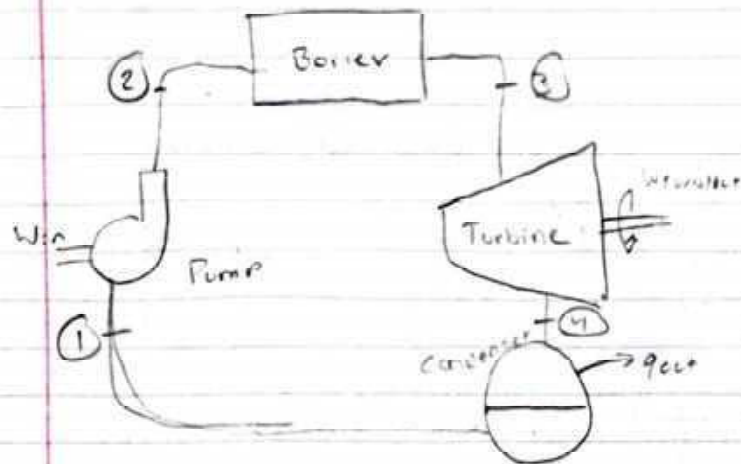
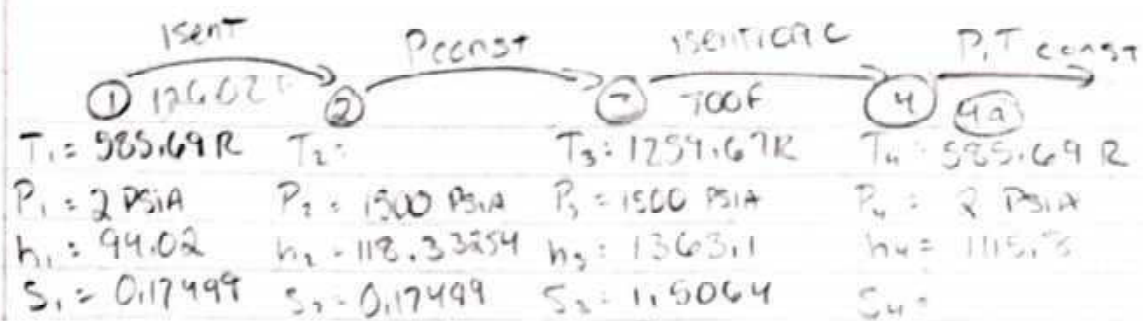


10-18 Homework 2.1

A Steam Rankine Cycle operates between 1500 psia in the boiler and 2 psia in condenser

Turbine inlet temp: 800°F . Turbine isentropic efficiency is 90 percent. Cycle produces 2500 kW of power





$$h_2 - h_1 = V_1 (P_2 - P_1)$$

$$h_2 = h_1 + V_1 (P_2 - P_1)$$

$$h_2 = 94.02 + 0.01673 (1500 - 2)$$

$$h_2 = 118.33254$$

$$X_2 = \frac{h - h_f}{h_{fg}} \quad h_f = 611.41$$

$$= \frac{118.33254 - 611.41}{557.42}$$

$$0.90 = \frac{h_3 - h_{4a}}{h_3 - h_{4a}}$$

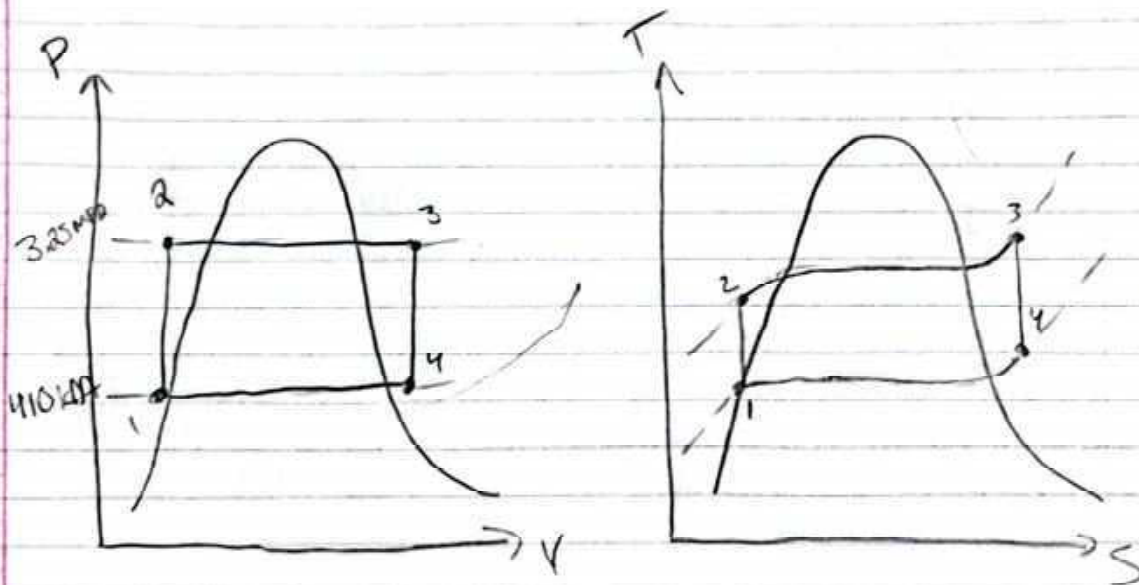
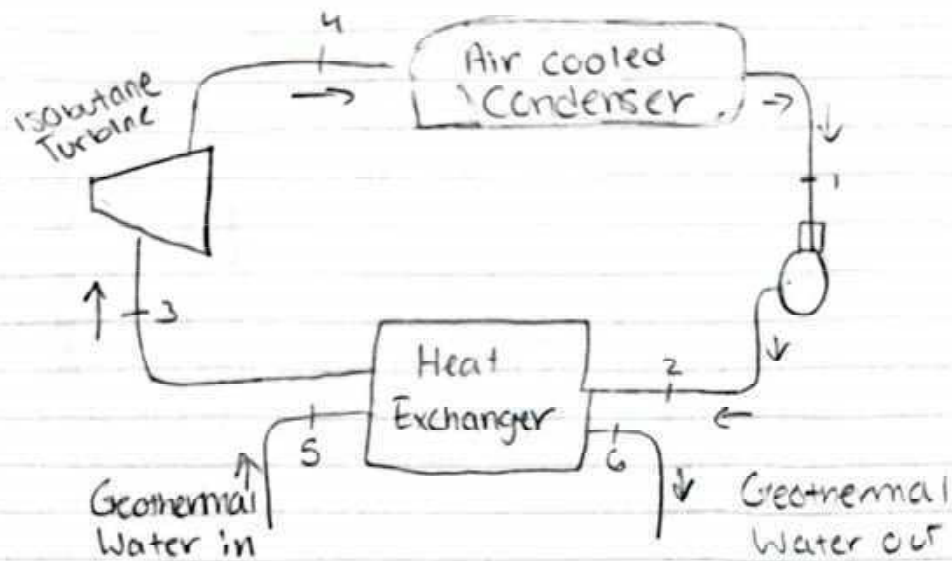
$$0.90 = \frac{1363.1 - h_{4a}}{1363.1 - 1115.8}$$

$$222.57 = 1363.1 - h_{4a}$$

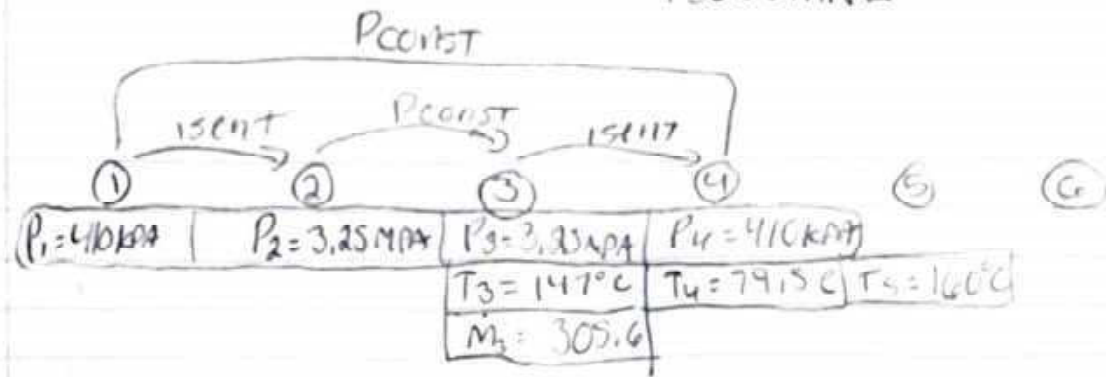
$$h_{4a} = 1140.53$$

a) Calculate the mass flow rate through the boiler.

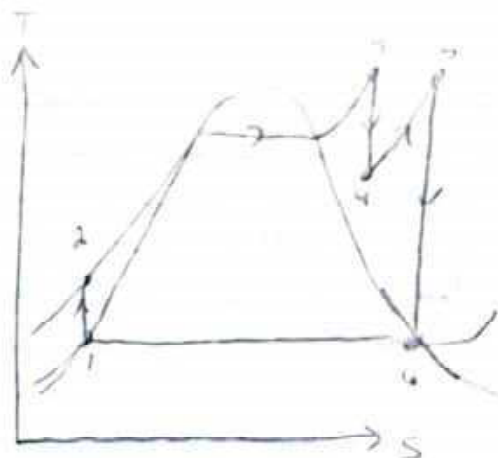
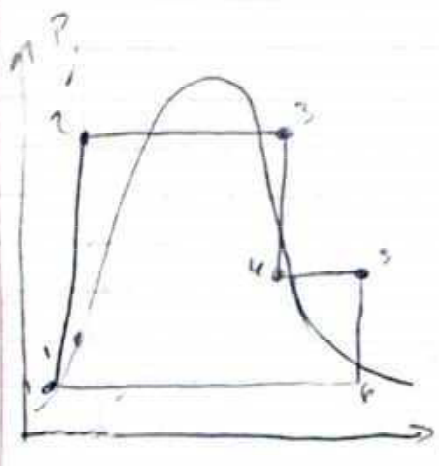
10-25 Binary Geothermal Power Plant



ISOBUTANE



10-34) Steam Power Plant: ideal reheat Rankine Cycle



1	2	3	4	5	6
$P_1 = 20 \text{ kPa}$	$P_2 = 5000 \text{ kPa}$	$P_3 = 5000 \text{ kPa}$	$P_4 = 1200 \text{ kPa}$	$P_5 = 1200 \text{ kPa}$	$P_6 = 20 \text{ kPa}$
$x_1 = 0$			$x_4 = .96$		$x_6 = .96$
$T_1 = 60.06^\circ\text{C}$			$T_4 = 187.96^\circ\text{C}$		$T_6 = 60.06^\circ\text{C}$
$h_1 = 251.42$			$h_4 = 798.33 + .96(199.91) = 995.4$		$h_6 = 251.42 + .96(2357.7) = 2514.716$
$s_1 = 0.8320$	$s_2 = 0.8320$	$s_3 = 6.344468$	$s_4 = 6.344468$	$s_5 = 7.624192$	$s_6 = 7.624192$
$v_1 = 0.001017$					
	$h_2 = 2561.4844$			$h_5 = 3408.102$	
		$h_3 = 3008.33$			
		$T_3 = 328.77^\circ\text{C}$			
			$h_4 = 2704.314$		
				$T_5 = 482.01^\circ\text{C}$	
					$h_6 = 2514.716$

a) Determine temperature @ each inlet

$$T_3 = 328.77 \text{ C}^\circ \quad T_5 = 482.01$$

b) Determine Cycle efficiency

$$\eta_{th} = \frac{W_{net}}{q_{in}}$$

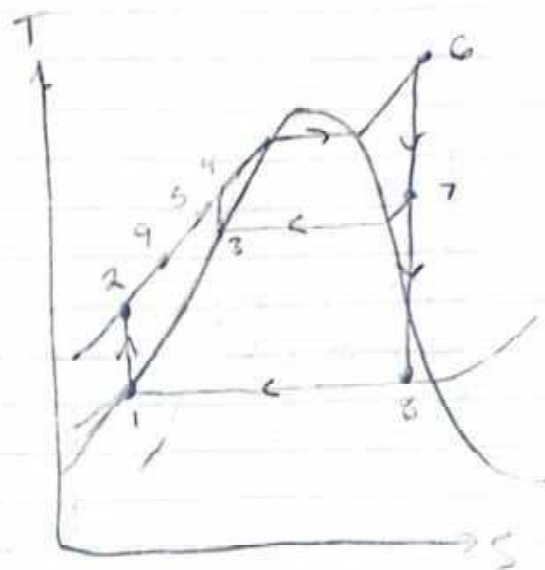
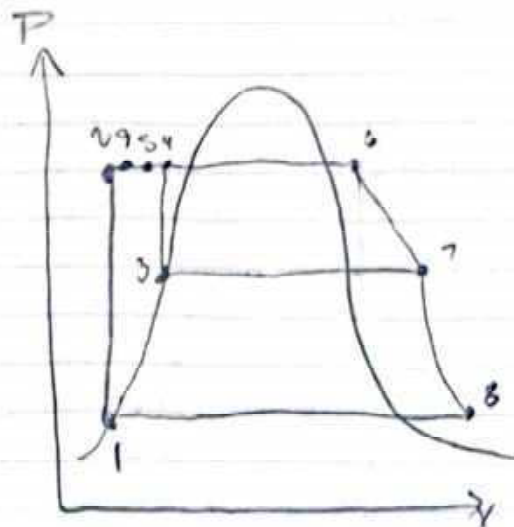
$$\begin{aligned} W_{net} &= W_{out} + W_{out} - W_{in} \\ &= (h_3 - h_4) + (h_5 - h_6) - (h_2 - h_1) \\ W_{net} &= 1222.25534 \end{aligned}$$

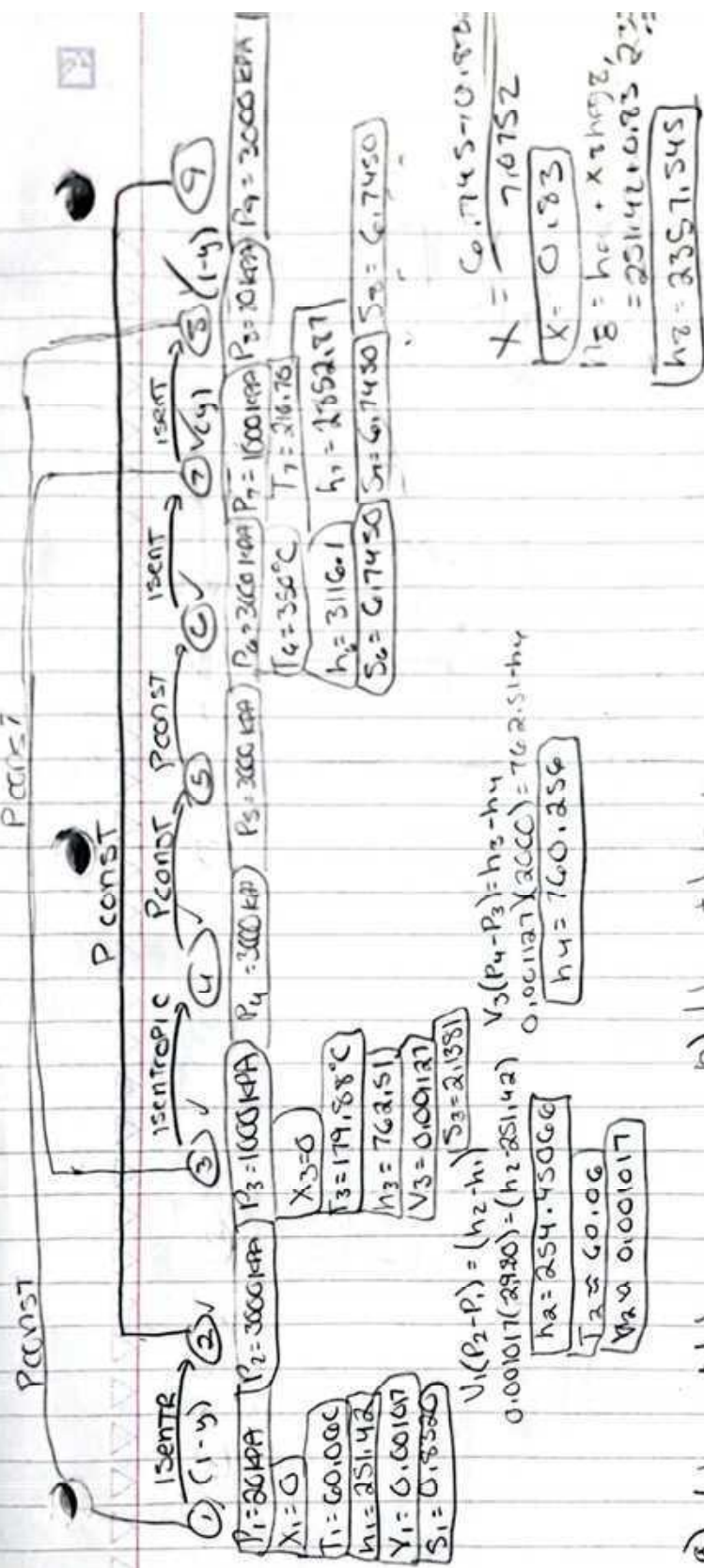
$$\begin{aligned} q_{in} &= q_{in} + q_{in} \\ &= (h_3 - h_2) + (h_5 - h_4) \\ &= 2751.845 + 733.706 \\ &= 3485.55 \end{aligned}$$

$$\eta_{th} = \frac{W_{net}}{q_{in}} = \frac{1222.25534}{3485.55}$$

$$\eta_{th} = 0.35 = 35\%$$

10-48)





$$x = \frac{6.1745 - 0.00107}{7.0752}$$

$$x = 0.83$$

$$h_8 = h_6 + x(h_7 - h_6)$$

$$h_8 = 251.42 + 0.83(2552.77 - 251.42)$$

$$h_8 = 2357.545$$

a) $W_{6-7} + W_{7-8}$

$$(h_6 - h_7) + (h_8 - h_7)$$

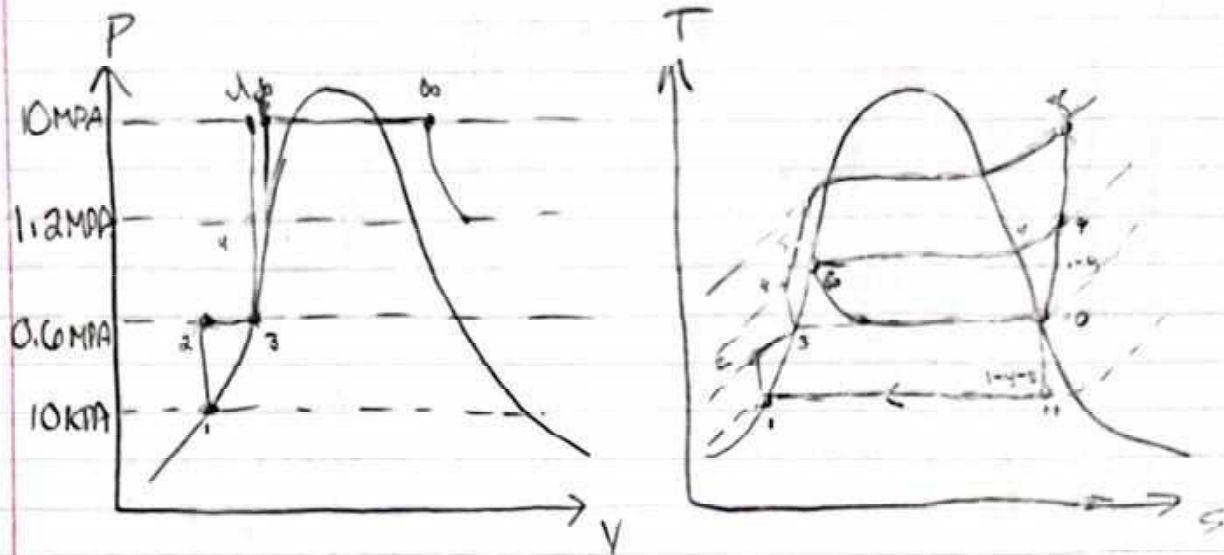
$$= 758.57 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

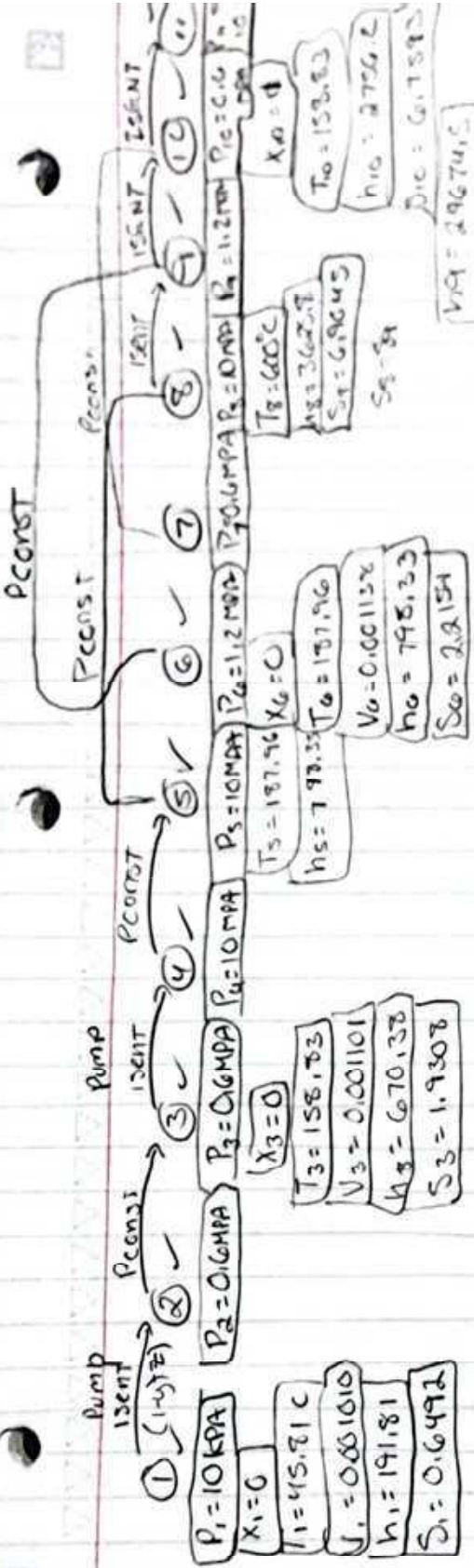
b) $W_{1-2} + W_{2-3} + W_{3-4} + W_{4-5} + W_{5-6} + W_{6-7}$

$$(h_2 - h_1) + (h_3 - h_2) + (h_4 - h_3) + (h_5 - h_4) + (h_6 - h_5) + (h_7 - h_6)$$

$$= 758.57 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

10-53] Ideal steam Regenerative Rankine cycle





$$V_1(P_2 - P_1) = (h_2 - h_1)$$

$$0.001010(600 - 10) = h_2 - 191.81$$

$$h_2 = 192.4665$$

$$q_{in} = h_2 - h_5$$

$$q_{in} = 362.8 - 798.33$$

$$= 2827$$

$$q_{out} = (1 - y - z) m_{in} - h_1$$

$$= (1 - 0.00404701694)(2187 - 191.81)$$

$$= 1549.38 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$W_{net} = 2827 - 1549.38$$

$$W_{net} = 1277 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$M = \frac{400.000}{1277} = 313 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$V_3(P_4 - P_3) = (h_4 - h_3)$$

$$h_4 = 671.69$$

$$m(h_4 - h_6) = m_5(h_5 - h_4)$$

$$y(2974.5 - 798.33) = (m_5(33 - 686.73))$$

$$y = 0.00544$$

$$m_5 h_5 = m_2 h_2 + m_{10} h_{10} = m_3 h_3$$

$$y h_2 + (1 - y - z) h_2 + z h_{10} = h_3$$

$$z = \frac{(h_2 - h_3) - y(h_2 - h_{10})}{h_{10} - h_2}$$

$$= \frac{477.98 - 32.744}{2756.2 - 798.33}$$

$$z = 0.1694$$

$$S_{11} = S_8$$

$$S_{11} = S_8$$

$$h_{11} = 2820$$

$$h_{10} = 2756.2$$

$$h_{11} = 2820$$

$$X_{11} = \frac{S_{11} - S_8}{S_8}$$

$$X_{11} = 0.08341$$

$$h_{11} = h_2 + h_{10}$$

$$= 191.81 + 6.7592$$

$$h_{11} = 2187$$

$$11 - 1 = \frac{0.004}{0.004}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{0.004}{0.004}$$

$$= 0.996$$

$$= 0.996$$