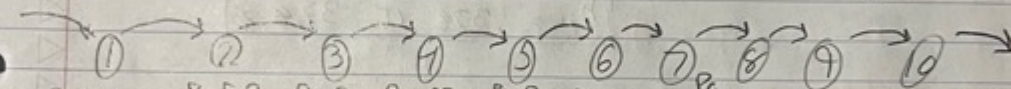
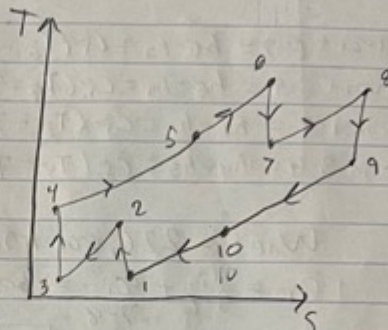
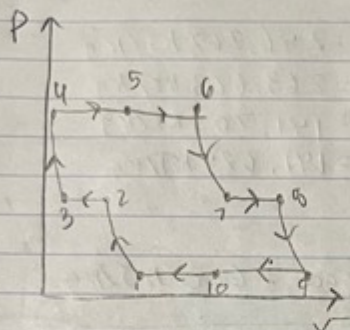


Colby Watts
Professor Ayala
MET 350 HW 1.5
2/13/2024

HW 1.5 Chap 9

9.123 -

$$\Gamma_P = 4 = \frac{P_2}{P_1} = \frac{P_4}{P_3}$$



$$P_1 = 100 \text{ kPa}, P_2 = 400 \text{ kPa}, P_3 = P_2, P_4 = 1600 \text{ kPa}, P_5 = P_4, P_6 = P_5, P_7 = \frac{P_6}{\Gamma_P}, P_8 = P_7, P_9 = P_8, P_{10} = P_1$$

$$T_1 = 290.15 \text{ K}, T_2 = 400 \text{ K}, T_3 = T_1, T_4 = 1600 \text{ K}, T_5 = T_4 + 20, T_6 = T_5, T_7 = \frac{T_6}{\Gamma_P}, T_8 = T_7, T_9 = T_8, T_{10} = T_1$$

$$u_1 = \frac{RT_1}{P_1} = 0.433 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_2 = \frac{RT_2}{P_2} = 0.31 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_3 = \frac{RT_3}{P_3} = 0.21 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_4 = \frac{RT_4}{P_4} = 0.1575 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_5 = \frac{RT_5}{P_5} = 0.1575 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_6 = \frac{RT_6}{P_6} = 0.1575 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_7 = \frac{RT_7}{P_7} = 0.1575 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_8 = \frac{RT_8}{P_8} = 0.1575 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_9 = \frac{RT_9}{P_9} = 0.1575 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_{10} = \frac{RT_{10}}{P_{10}} = 0.433 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$$

$$T_2 = \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = T_2 = 436.16 \text{ K}, T_3 = T_1 = 290.15 \text{ K}, T_4 = 1600 \text{ K}, T_5 = 1620 \text{ K}, T_6 = T_5 = 1620 \text{ K}, T_7 = \frac{T_6}{\Gamma_P} = 405 \text{ K}, T_8 = T_7 = 405 \text{ K}, T_9 = T_8 = 405 \text{ K}, T_{10} = T_1 = 290.15 \text{ K}$$

$$u_2 = \frac{RT_2}{P_2} = 0.31 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_3 = \frac{RT_3}{P_3} = 0.21 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_4 = \frac{RT_4}{P_4} = 0.1575 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_5 = \frac{RT_5}{P_5} = 0.1575 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_6 = \frac{RT_6}{P_6} = 0.1575 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_7 = \frac{RT_7}{P_7} = 0.1575 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_8 = \frac{RT_8}{P_8} = 0.1575 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_9 = \frac{RT_9}{P_9} = 0.1575 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_{10} = \frac{RT_{10}}{P_{10}} = 0.433 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$$

$$T_6 = 749.61 \text{ K}, T_7 = 540.51 \text{ K}, T_8 = 540.51 \text{ K}, T_9 = 540.51 \text{ K}, T_{10} = 290.15 \text{ K}$$

$$T_7 = 504.55 \text{ K}, T_8 = 504.55 \text{ K}, T_9 = 504.55 \text{ K}, T_{10} = 290.15 \text{ K}$$

$$u_7 = 0.362 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_8 = 1.551 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_9 = 1.551 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}, u_{10} = 0.433 \text{ m}^3/\text{kg}$$

Cont. 123 $\eta_{th} = \frac{W_{net}}{Q_{in}}$

$$W_{net} = W_{out\ 6-7} + W_{out\ 8-9} - W_{in\ 1-2} - W_{in\ 3-4}$$

$$W_{out\ 6-7} = h_6 - h_7 = C_p(T_6 - T_7) = 246.267 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$W_{out\ 8-9} = h_8 - h_9 = C_p(T_8 - T_9) = 263.863 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$W_{in\ 1-2} = h_2 - h_1 = C_p(T_2 - T_1) = 141.709 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$W_{in\ 3-4} = h_4 - h_3 = C_p(T_4 - T_3) = 141.624 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$W_{net} = 226.801 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$Q_{in} = \frac{q_{in}}{5-6} + \frac{q_{in}}{7-8} = 300 + 300 = 600 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\eta_{th} = .378 \text{ or } 37.8\%$$

9.129 $V = 900 \text{ ft/s}$

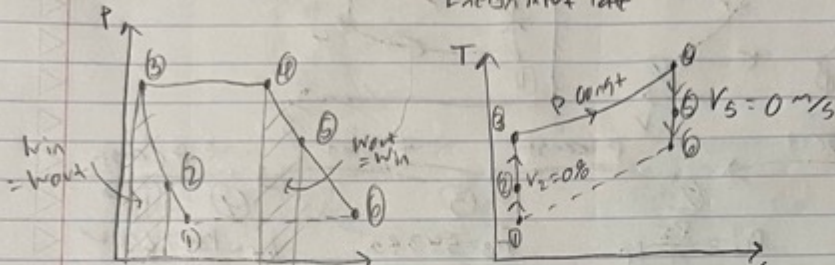
Altitude 20,000 ft

$\gamma = 1.3$ Temp at turbine inlet 2400 R

need to find $V_{\text{exhaust}} =$

Pressure at turbine exit =

Propulsive efficiency $= \eta_p = \frac{\text{Propulsive power}}{\text{Energy input rate}} = \frac{W_P}{Q_{\text{in}}}$



$\text{1} \xrightarrow{\text{Isent}} \text{2} \xrightarrow{\text{Isent}} \text{3} \xrightarrow{\text{P const}} \text{4} \xrightarrow{\text{Isent}} \text{5} \xrightarrow{\text{Isent}} \text{6}$
 $P_1 = 7 \text{ psia}$ $T_2 = 537.4 \text{ R}$ $P_3 = 145.5 \text{ psia}$ $T_4 = 2400 \text{ R}$ $P_5 = 55.2 \text{ psia}$ $T_6 = 1008.4 \text{ R}$
 $T_1 = 470 \text{ R}$ $P_2 = 11.9 \text{ psia}$ $T_3 = 1118.3 \text{ R}$ $T_5 = 1819.1 \text{ R}$

$$T_2 = T_1 - \frac{V_2^2 - V_1^2}{2c_p} = 470 + \frac{900^2}{2(0.24)} = 537.4 \text{ R}$$

$$P_2 = P_1 \left(\frac{T_2}{T_1} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 7 \left(\frac{537.4}{470} \right)^{\frac{1.3-1}{1.3}} = 11.9 \text{ psia}$$

$$P_3 = P_4 = \gamma P - P_2 = 145.5 \text{ psia}$$

$$T_3 = T_2 \left(\frac{P_3}{P_2} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 1118.3 \text{ R}$$

$$P_5 = P_3 \left(\frac{T_5}{T_3} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 55.2 \text{ psia}$$

$$T_5 = T_4 - T_3 + T_2 = 1819.1 \text{ R}$$

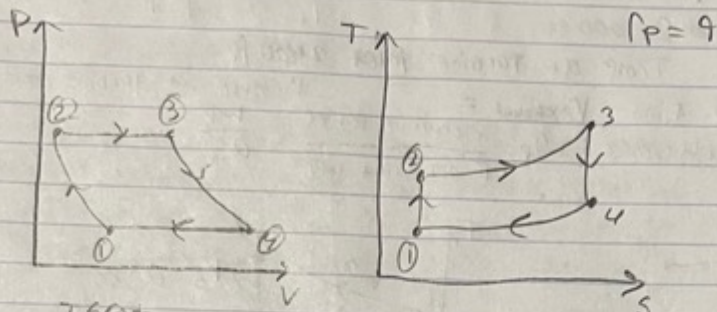
$$T_6 = T_5 \left(\frac{P_1}{P_5} \right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}} = 1008.4 \text{ R}$$

$$\sqrt{V_6^2} = \sqrt{2c_p(T_5 - T_6)}$$

$$V_6 = \sqrt{2(0.24)(1819.1 - 1008.6) \left(\frac{25037}{1} \right)}$$

$$V_6 = 3121 \text{ ft/s}$$

9.139



$T_1 = 280\text{ K}$
 $P_1 = 95\text{ kPa}$
 $M = 20\text{ kg/s}$ Table
 $h_1 = 280.13$
 $P_{r1} = 1.0889$

$P_2 = \frac{P_1}{r_p}$
 $P_{r2} = (9)(1.0889) = 9.8001$
 $h_2 = 525.381$

$P_3 = 543.83$
 $h_3 = 1592.88$

$h_4 = 1347.63$
 $Q_{in} = M_c \cdot h_v = (0.5)(42700) = 21350$
 $P_{r3} = 60.4255$

$$Q_{in} = \frac{Q_{in}}{m} = \frac{21350}{20} = 1067.5$$

$W_c = W_T = h_4 - h_3 - h_2 + h_1$
 $W_c = W_T = 1592.88 - 525.381 + 280.13 = 1347.63$

$$h_3 = Q_{in} + h_2 = 1067.5 + 525.381 = 1592.881$$

$$P_{r3} = P_{r2} \left(\frac{1}{r_p} \right) = 60.4255$$

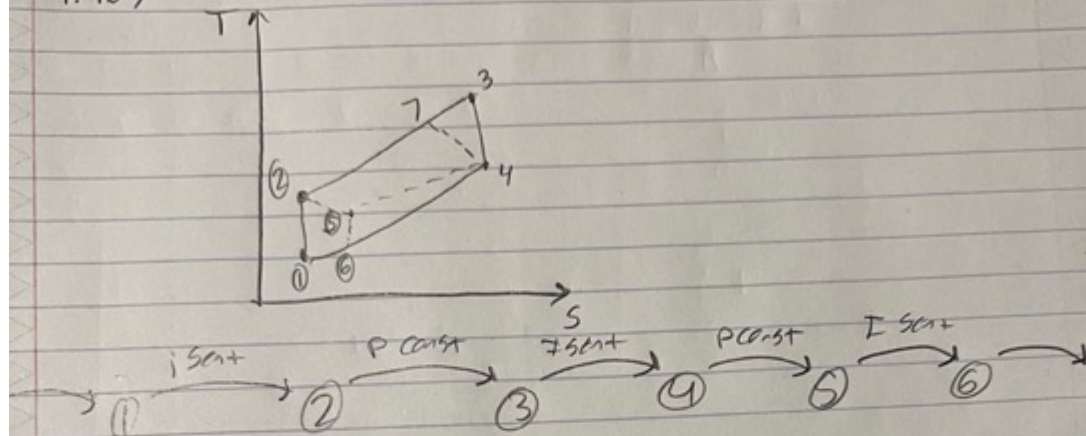
$$h_4 + \frac{1}{2} V_{in}^2 = h_3 + \frac{1}{2} V_{out}^2$$

$$V_{out} = \sqrt{2(h_4 - h_3)}$$

$$V_{out} = \sqrt{2(1347.63 - 877.5)} = 969.6659\text{ m/s}$$

$$BF = M(V_{out} - V_{in}) = 20(969.665 - 0) = \boxed{19,370\text{ N}}$$

9.167



$$T_5 = T_2 = T_1 \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{\frac{k-1}{k}} = T_1 r_p^{\frac{k-1}{k}}$$

$$T_2 = T_4 = T_3 \left(\frac{P_4}{P_3} \right)^{\frac{k-1}{k}} = T_3 \left(\frac{1}{r_p} \right)^{\frac{k-1}{k}} = T_3 r_p^{\frac{1-k}{k}}$$

$$T_6 = T_5 \left(\frac{P_6}{P_5} \right)^{\frac{k-1}{k}} = T_5 \left(\frac{1}{r_p} \right)^{\frac{k-1}{k}} = T_5 r_p^{\frac{1-k}{k}}$$

$$Q_{in} = h_3 - h_2 = C_p (T_3 - T_2) = C_p T_3 (1 - r_p^{\frac{1-k}{k}})$$

$$Q_{out} = h_6 - h_1 = C_p (T_6 - T_1) = C_p T_1 (r_p^{\frac{k-1}{2k}} - 1)$$

$$\eta_{th} = 1 - \frac{T_1}{T_3} r_p^{\frac{k-1}{2k}} \quad (\text{regeneration cycle})$$

A regeneration cycle with 2 stages would have a higher thermal efficiency than the standard regeneration cycle.