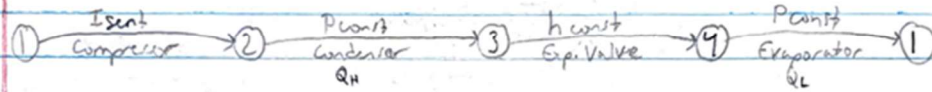
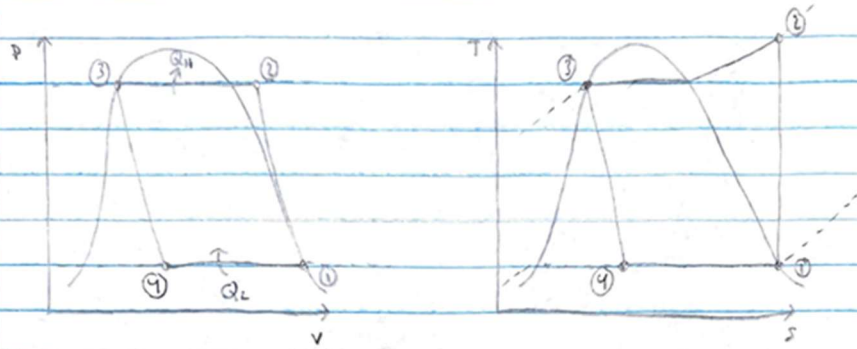


Cameron Sutter and Shawn Newman
11-38)

HW 3.2



$$Q_H = 25^\circ\text{C}$$

$$Q_L = -10^\circ\text{C}$$

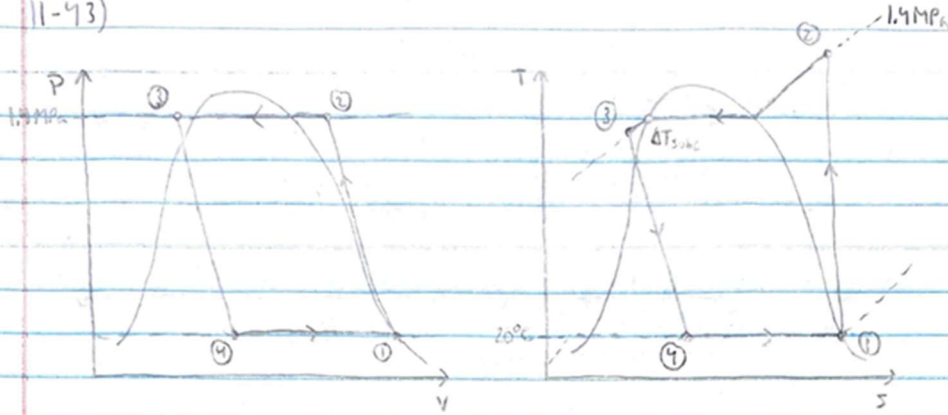
The temperature difference should be 10°C for heat transfer.

of the Evaporator and condenser, -20°C and 35°C , respectively.

Using the corresponding refrigerant-134a tables, the saturation pressure of the evaporator is 132.82 kPa and condenser is 987.73 kPa.

(Using interpolation calculator). Therefore, the recommended pressures are 132.82 kPa for evaporator and 987.73 for condenser.

11-43)



①	Isentropic Compressor	②	Pressure Condenser	③	h const Exp valve	④	Pressure Evaporator	①
$P_1 = 572.07 \text{ kPa}$		$P_2 = 1.7 \text{ MPa}$		$P_3 = 1.4 \text{ MPa}$		$T_4 = 20^\circ\text{C}$		
$x_1 = 1$		$s_2 = 0.92254 \text{ kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K}$		$h_3 = 121.26 \text{ kJ/kg}$		$x_4 = 0.23$		
Sub table		S.H. Table		$T_3 = T_{\text{sat}@P_3}$		Sub table		
$h_1 = 261.64 \text{ kJ/kg}$		$h_2 = 280.07 \text{ kJ/kg}$		$T_3 = 48.55^\circ\text{C}$		$P_4 = 572.07 \text{ kPa}$		
$s_1 = 0.92254 \text{ kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K}$		$T_2 = 54.2^\circ\text{C}$				$h_4 = h_f + x_4 h_{fg@20^\circ\text{C}}$		
$T_1 = 20^\circ\text{C}$						$h_4 = 79.32 + (0.23)(182.33)$		
						$h_4 = 121.26 \text{ kJ/kg}$		

$$a) \Delta T_{\text{sub}} = T_{\text{sat}@1.4 \text{ MPa}} - T_3$$

$$= 52.70 - 48.55$$

$$\Delta T_{\text{sub}} = 3.85^\circ\text{C}$$

$$b) \dot{Q}_{\text{in}} = \dot{m}_{\text{ref}} C_p \Delta T$$

$$= (0.065)(4.18)(10)$$

$$\dot{Q}_{\text{in}} = 2.717 \text{ kW}$$

$$\dot{Q}_{\text{in}} = \dot{m}_r (h_1 - h_4)$$

$$2.717 = \dot{m}_r (261.64 - 121.26)$$

$$\dot{m}_r = 0.0194 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$c.) \dot{Q}_{out} = \dot{m}(h_2 - h_1)$$

$$= (0.0194)(280.07 - 121.26)$$

$$\dot{Q}_{out} = 3.08 \text{ kW}$$

$$COP = \frac{\dot{Q}_{out}}{W_{in}} = \frac{3.08}{0.6575} = 4.68 \text{ kW}$$

$$W_{in} = \dot{m}(h_2 - h_1)$$

$$= (0.0194)(280.07 - 261.64)$$

$$W_{in} = 0.3575 \text{ kW}$$

$$Q_{loss} = 300 \text{ W} = 0.3 \text{ kW}$$

$$W_{in} = 0.3575 + 0.3 = 0.6575 \text{ kW}$$

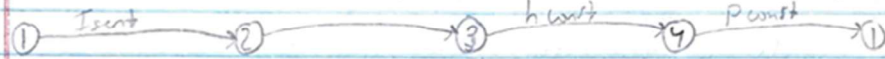
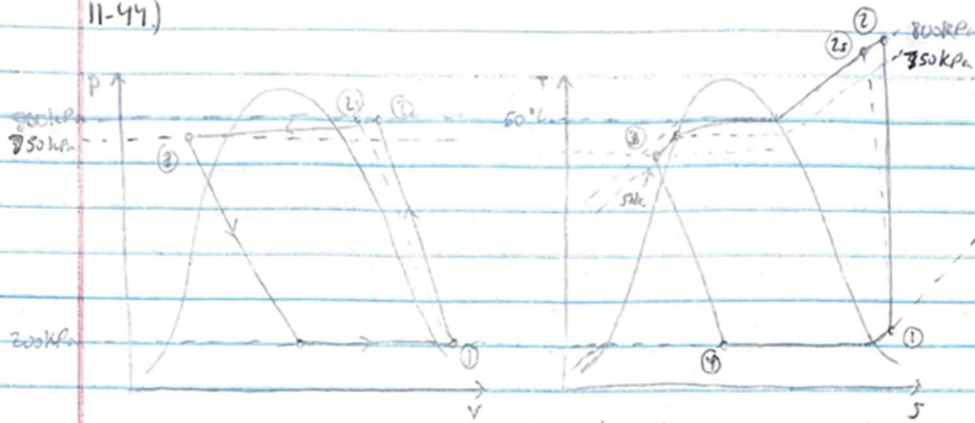
$$d.) COP = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{T_c}{T_h}} = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{292}{321.5}} = 11.26$$

$$COP = \frac{\dot{Q}_{out}}{W_{in, min}}$$

$$11.26 = \frac{3.08}{W_{in, min}}$$

$$W_{in, min} = 0.273 \text{ kW}$$

11-44)



$P_1 = 200 \text{ kPa}$ $P_2 = 800 \text{ kPa}$ $P_3 = 750 \text{ kPa}$ $P_4 = 200 \text{ kPa}$

S.H. by 4°C $T_2 = 50^\circ\text{C}$ Sat liquid table $h_1 = 87.92 \text{ kJ/kg}$

$T_1 = -10.09 + 4$ $h_2 = 286.71 \text{ kJ/kg}$ $T_3 = 29.06^\circ\text{C}$

$T_1 = -6.09^\circ\text{C}$ $S_2 = 0.9505 \text{ kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K}$ $T_{\text{subco}} = 29.06 - 3 = 26.06^\circ\text{C}$

calculator $h_1 = 247.87 \text{ kJ/kg}$ $h_{2s} = 277.22 \text{ kJ/kg}$ $h_3 = 87.92 \text{ kJ/kg}$
 $S = 0.9505 \text{ kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K}$

$$a.) \eta_{\text{comp}} = \frac{h_{2s} - h_1}{h_2 - h_1} = \frac{277.22 - 247.87}{286.71 - 247.87} = 0.76 = \boxed{76\%}$$

$$b.) Q_H = \dot{m}(h_2 - h_3) = 0.022(286.71 - 87.92)$$

$$\boxed{Q_H = 4.37 \text{ kW}}$$

$$c.) \text{COP}_{\text{HP}} = \frac{Q_H}{W_{\text{in}}} = \frac{4.37}{0.85} = \boxed{5.14}$$

$$W_{\text{in}} = \dot{m}(h_2 - h_1) = 0.022(286.71 - 247.87)$$

$$W_{\text{in}} = 0.85 \text{ kW}$$

d) Ideal Cycle:

$$h_1 = 241.50 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$P_2 = 800 \text{ kPa}$$

$$P_1 = 800 \text{ kPa}$$

$$h_4 = h_2$$

$$P_3 = 200 \text{ kPa}$$

$$S_2 = 0.93788 \text{ kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K}$$

$$h_2 = 95.48 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$P_4 = 200 \text{ kPa}$$

$$S_1 = 0.93788 \text{ kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K}$$

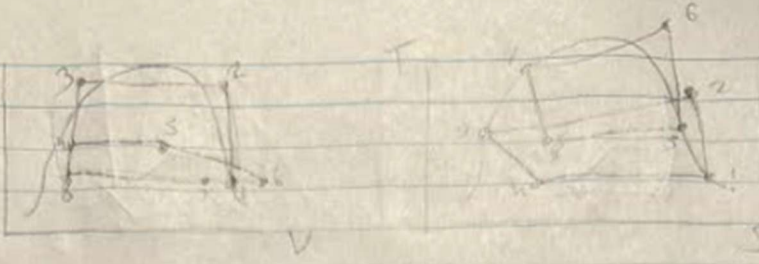
$$h_2 = 273.31 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\text{COP} = \frac{h_2 - h_1}{h_2 - h_3} = \frac{273.31 - 95.48}{273.31 - 241.50} = \boxed{6.17}$$

$$Q_H = \dot{m}(h_2 - h_3)$$
$$= 0.022(273.31 - 95.48)$$

$$\dot{Q}_H = \boxed{3.91 \text{ kW}}$$

58 ?



①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥
$P_1 = 0.04 \text{ bar}$	$P_2 = 50 \text{ bar}$	$P_3 = 50 \text{ bar}$	$P_4 = 0.04 \text{ bar}$	$P_5 = 0.04 \text{ bar}$	$P_6 = 1.4 \text{ bar}$
$x_1 = 0.92$	$s_2 = 0.49 \text{ kJ/kgK}$	$s_3 = 0.73 \text{ kJ/kgK}$	$h_4 = 277.25 \text{ kJ/kg}$	$h_5 = 277.25 \text{ kJ/kg}$	$s_6 = 0.49 \text{ kJ/kgK}$
	$h_2 = 264.5 \text{ kJ/kg}$				$h_6 = 288.1 \text{ kJ/kg}$
	$m_1 = h_{cc} - h_1$				$m_2 = h_{cc} - h_6$
	$0.1 = \frac{h_2 - h_1}{h_2 - 277.25}$				$0.1 = \frac{h_6 - h_5}{h_6 - 277.25}$
	$h_2 = 270.4 \text{ kJ/kg}$				$h_6 = 288.105 \text{ kJ/kg}$

⑦ $P_7 = 1.4 \text{ bar}$
 $h_7 = 127.25 \text{ kJ/kg}$

⑧ $h_8 = 127.25 \text{ kJ/kg}$

$$m_1(h_2 - h_5) = m_2(h_6 - h_8)$$

$$0.11(270.4 - 277.25) = m_2(288.105 - 127.25)$$

$$m_2 = 0.169 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$Q = m_2(h_6 - h_8)$$

$$Q = 0.11(241.14 - 73.32)$$

$$Q = 18.5 \text{ kW}$$

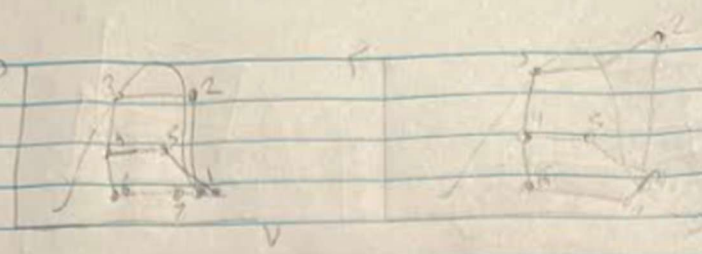
$$COP = \frac{Q_c}{W_{inL} + W_{inH}}$$

$$COP = \frac{m_2(h_6 - h_8)}{m_1(h_2 - h_1) + m_2(h_6 - h_5)}$$

$$COP = \frac{0.11(241.14 - 73.32)}{0.11(270.4 - 241.14) + 0.169(288.105 - 277.25)}$$

$$COP = 2.12$$

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- ①
 $P_1 = 100 \text{ kPa}$
 $h_1 = 241.23$
 $s_1 = 0.4225 \text{ kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K}$
- ②
 $P_2 = 100 \text{ kPa}$
 $h_2 = 286.76$
 $s_2 = 0.5209 \text{ kJ/kg}\cdot\text{K}$
- ③
 $P_3 = 100 \text{ kPa}$
 $h_3 = 95.47 \text{ kJ/kg}$
- ④
 $h_4 = 95.47$
 $T_4 = 0^\circ\text{C}$
- ⑤
 $P_5 = 100 \text{ kPa}$
 $h_5 = 95.47$
- ⑥
 $P_6 = 100 \text{ kPa}$
 $h_6 = 95.47$
- ⑦
 $h_7 = 256.47 \text{ kJ/kg}$
 $T_7 = 100^\circ\text{C}$

$$Q = m_2 (h_7 - h_6)$$

$$m_2 = \frac{Q}{h_7 - h_6}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{230.99}{256.47 - 95.47} = 0.5757 \text{ kg/s}$$

$$m_1 + m_2 = 0.1$$

$$m_1 = 0.1 - 0.5757$$

$$m_1 = 0.04243$$

$$m_1 h_5 + m_2 h_7 = m_1 h_1 \rightarrow h_1 = \frac{m_1 h_5 + m_2 h_7}{m_1}$$

$$h_1 = \frac{0.04243 \cdot 250.05 + 0.5757 \cdot 256.47}{0.1}$$

$$h_1 = 241.23 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$Q = m_1 (h_5 - h_4)$$

$$Q = 0.04243 (250.05 - 95.47)$$

$$Q = 6.58 \text{ kW}$$

$$W_{in} = m (h_2 - h_1)$$

$$W_{in} = 0.1 (286.76 - 241.23)$$

$$W_{in} = 4.50 \text{ kW}$$

$$COP = \frac{Q}{W_{in}}$$

$$COP = \frac{6.58}{4.50}$$

$$COP = 3.24$$