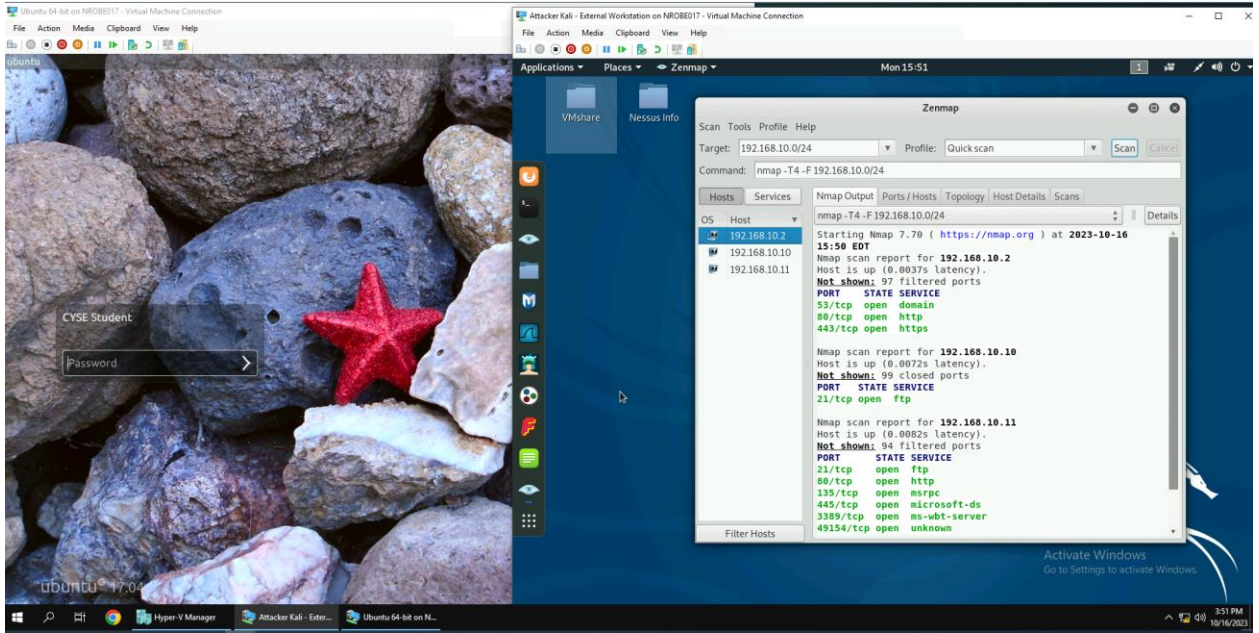


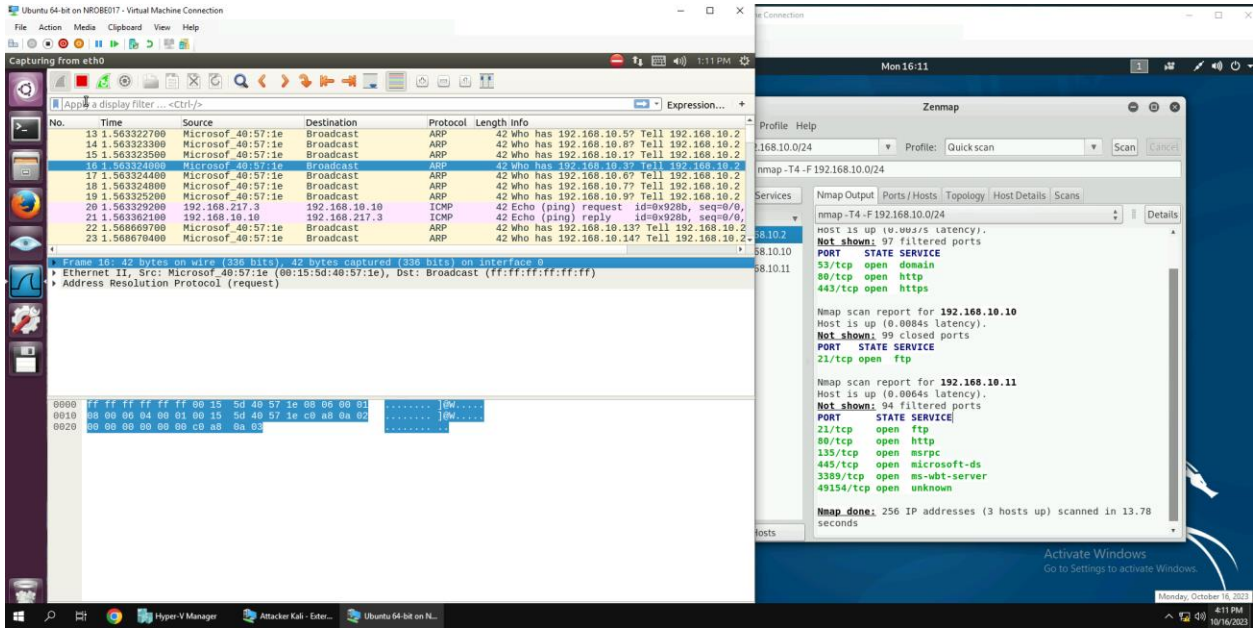
# Assignment 3 Sword and Shield

## Task A

1.



2.



I Allowed for the external kali to quick scan the target 192.168.10.0/24 while Ubuntu was running Wireshark in the background, which took it about 13 seconds to complete. After it was done and zenmap was able to display the open ports and the services, I looked over the wire shark to see what it had captured. What Wireshark had displayed was a ton of source packets listing the different IP address of the machines that ware running in the background, like 192.168.217.3, 192.168.10.10 and for the windows 2008 machine it was displaying in the source column Microsof\_40:57:1e. On the destination column, it ranges from the different IP addresses bouncing off each other (so, 192.168.217.3 in the source and 192.168.10.10 in the destination), but in the destination column for the corresponding Mircrosof\_40:57:1e it says Broadcast, which means that the any packets from the Microsoft 2008 machine, the destination for all stations on the network segment is considered broadcast traffic. These broadcasts usually transmit the packets of ARP or DHCP, in this case for the Microsoft 2008 machine were transporting ARP packets, while the other machines (192.168.217.3 and 192.168.10.10) were giving off the ICMP packets. Finally, information section of 192.168.217.3 and 192.168.10.10 has the standard Echo (ping) request/reply action, but the Microsoft 2008 machine info message was, “Who has 192.168.10.44? Tell 192.168.10.2” and “Who has 192.168.10.220? Tell 192.168.10.2”.

## Task B

### B1

Rule #	Interface	Action	Source IP	Destination IP	Protocol (Port # if appliable)
1	WAN	Block	192.168.217.3	192.168.10.10	ICMP

Attacker Kali - External Workstation on NROBE017 - Virtual Machine Connection

File Action Media Clipboard View Help

Applications Places Firefox ESR Mon 20:03

VMshare

pfSense.CYSE.com - Firewall: Rules: WAN - Mozilla Firefox

pfSense.CYSE.com - Firefox

https://192.168.10.2/firewall\_rules.php?if=wan

Nessus Home Kali Linux Kali Docs Kali Tools Exploit-DB Most Visited Nessus / Initializing

The changes have been applied successfully. The firewall rules are now reloading in the background.  
Monitor the filter reload progress.

Floating **WAN** LAN

Rules (Drag to Change Order)

States	Protocol	Source	Port	Destination	Port	Gateway	Queue	Schedule	Description	Actions
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0/0 B	*	Reserved Not assigned by IANA	*	*	*	*	*	*	Block bogon networks	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 0/0 B	IPv4 ICMP any	192.168.217.3	*	192.168.10.10	*	*	none		I want to block ICMP traffic from external kali to ubuntu	 
<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 18 /10.86 MIB	IPv4+6	WAN net	*	*	*	*	none		Open Connection IPv4 and IPv6	 

Add Add Delete Save Separator

Activate Windows  
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

Ubuntu 64-bit on NROBE017 - Virtual Machine Connection

File Action Media Clipboard View Help

terminal

```

Apply a display filter ... <ctrl>->
No. Time Source Destination Protocol Length Info
1 0.000000000 192.168.10.2 192.168.10.10 TCP 66 53 - 52730
2 0.000076400 192.168.10.10 192.168.10.2 TCP 66 53 - 52730
3 0.001870900 192.168.10.2 192.168.10.10 TCP 66 53 - 52730
4 0.002383000 192.168.10.10 192.168.10.2 TCP 74 52992 - 53
5 0.005945200 192.168.10.2 192.168.10.10 TCP 74 53 - 92992
6 0.006026000 192.168.10.10 192.168.10.2 TCP 66 52992 - 53
7 0.006026000 192.168.10.10 192.168.10.2 TCP 66 52992 - 53
8 0.006026000 192.168.10.10 192.168.10.2 TCP 66 52992 - 53
9 0.006026000 192.168.10.10 192.168.10.2 TCP 66 52992 - 53
0 0.006026000 192.168.10.10 192.168.10.2 TCP 66 52992 - 53
0 0.3 cyse301@ubuntu:~$ ping 192.168.217.3
10 0.3 PING: 192.168.217.3: (192.168.217.3) 56(84) bytes of data:
11 0.3 64 bytes from 192.168.217.3: icmp_seq=1 ttl=63 time=19.6 ms
12 0.3 64 bytes from 192.168.217.3: icmp_seq=2 ttl=63 time=15.4 ms
13 0.3 64 bytes from 192.168.217.3: icmp_seq=3 ttl=63 time=24.1 ms
14 0.3 64 bytes from 192.168.217.3: icmp_seq=4 ttl=63 time=10.8 ms
15 0.3 64 bytes from 192.168.217.3: icmp_seq=5 ttl=63 time=11.7 ms
16 0.3 64 bytes from 192.168.217.3: icmp_seq=6 ttl=63 time=11.0 ms
17 0.3 64 bytes from 192.168.217.3: icmp_seq=7 ttl=63 time=14.5 ms
18 0.3 ^C
19 0.3 --- 192.168.217.3 ping statistics ---
20 0.3 7 packets transmitted, 7 received, 0% packet loss, time 601ms
21 0.3 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 10.827/15.477/24.179/4.509 ms
22 0.3 cyse301@ubuntu:~$

```

Attacker Kali - External Workstation on NROBE017 - Virtual Machine Connection

File Action Media Clipboard View Help

Applications Places Terminal Mon 20:07

VMshare Nessus info

```

root@CS2APenTest:~# ifconfig
inet 172.17.93.52 netmask 255.255.255.240 broadcast 172.17.93.63
inet6 fe80::7a7:2801:891e:7798 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
ether 00:15:5d:4b:57:22 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
RX packets 1669 bytes 348112 (337.7 KiB)
RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
TX packets 1034 bytes 120558 (117.7 KiB)
TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
RX packets 136 bytes 9772 (9.5 KiB)
RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
TX packets 136 bytes 9772 (9.5 KiB)
TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

root@CS2APenTest:~# ping 192.168.10.10
PING 192.168.10.10 (192.168.10.10) 56(84) bytes of data:
^C
--- 192.168.10.10 ping statistics ---
28 packets transmitted, 0 received, 100% packet loss, time 630ms
root@CS2APenTest:~#

```

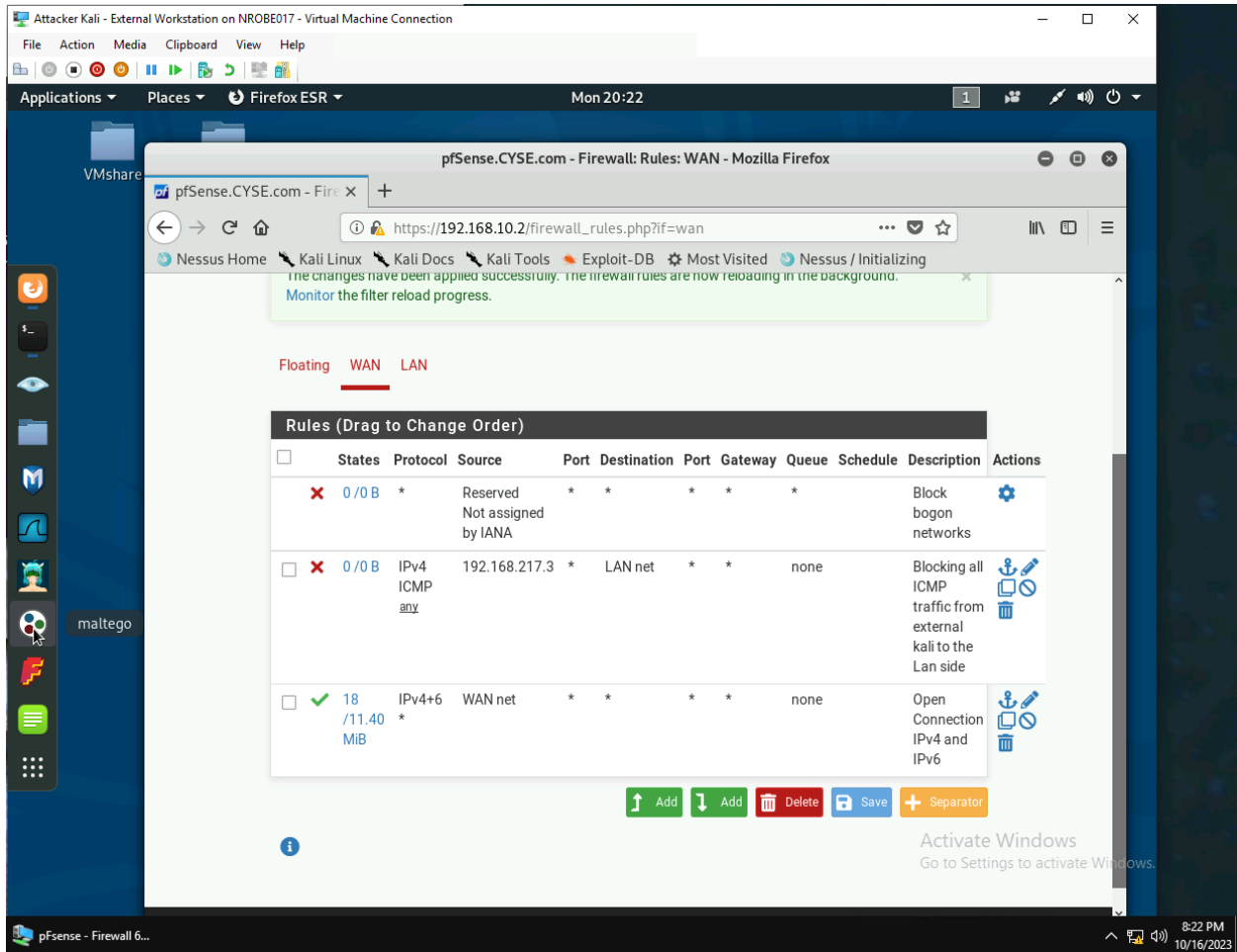
Activate Windows  
Go to Settings to activate Windows.

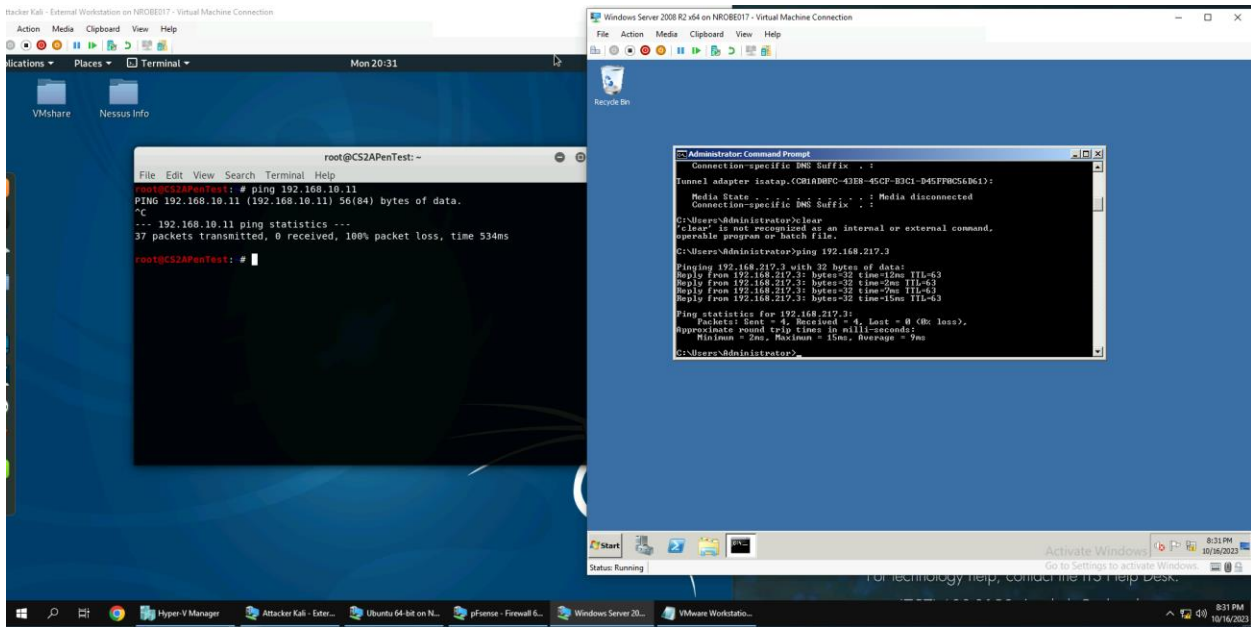
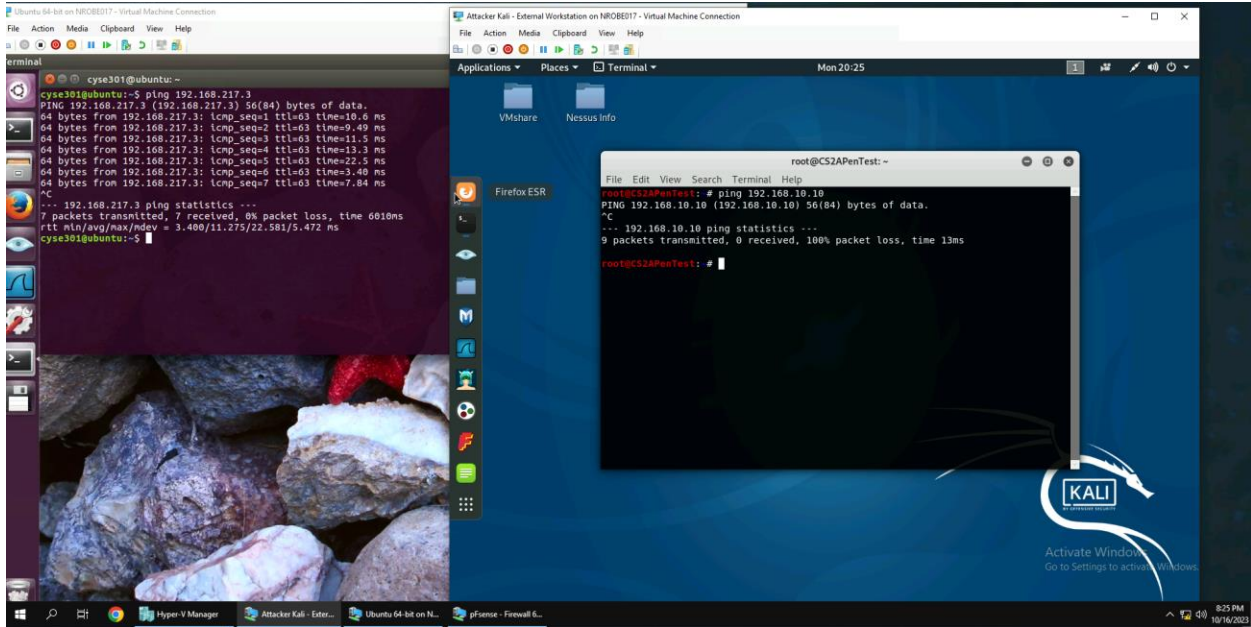
KALI

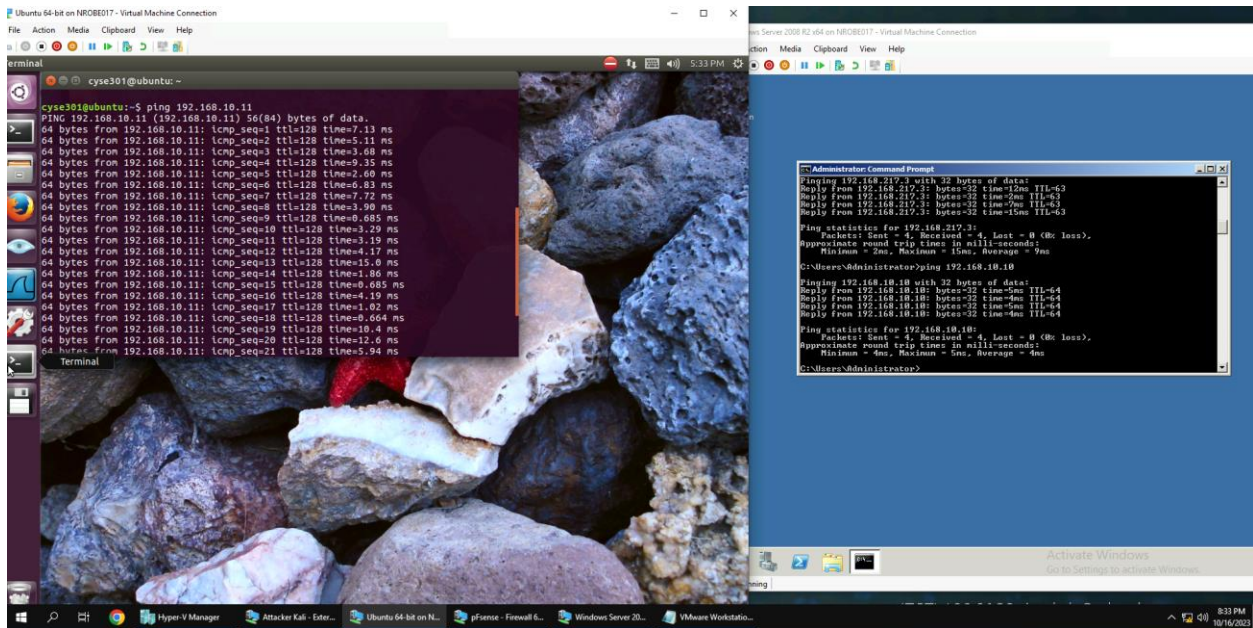
8:07 PM 10/16/2023

B2

Rule #	Interface	Action	Source IP	Destination IP	Protocol (port # if applicable)
1	WAN	Block	192.168.217.3	LAN net	ICMP



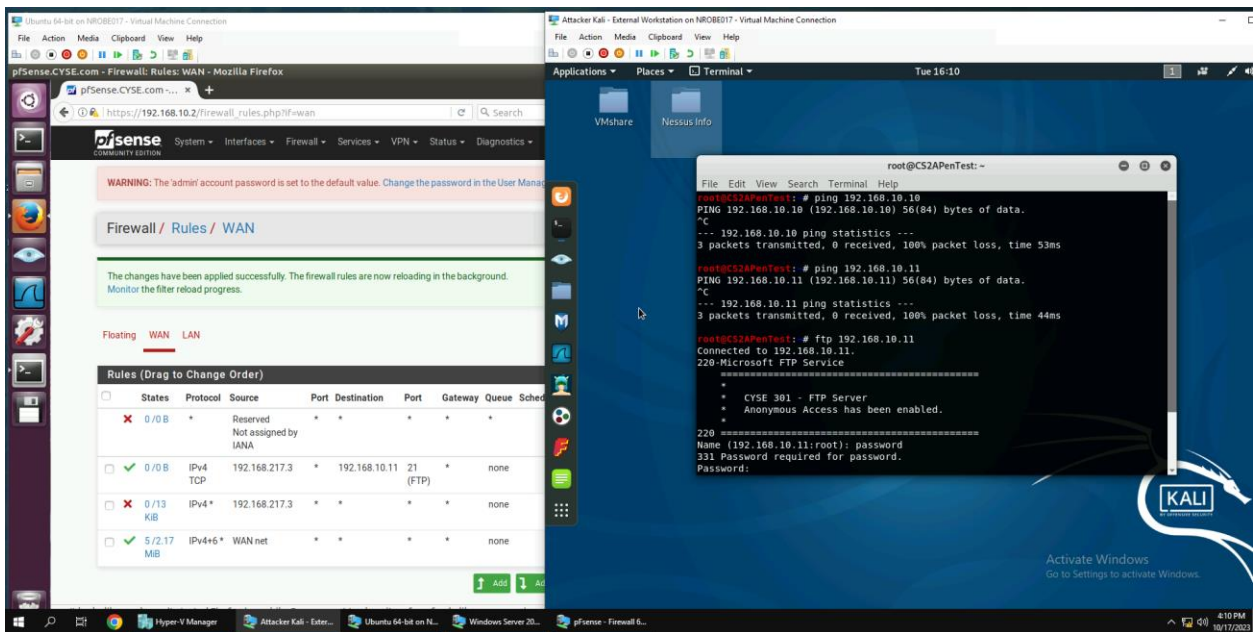
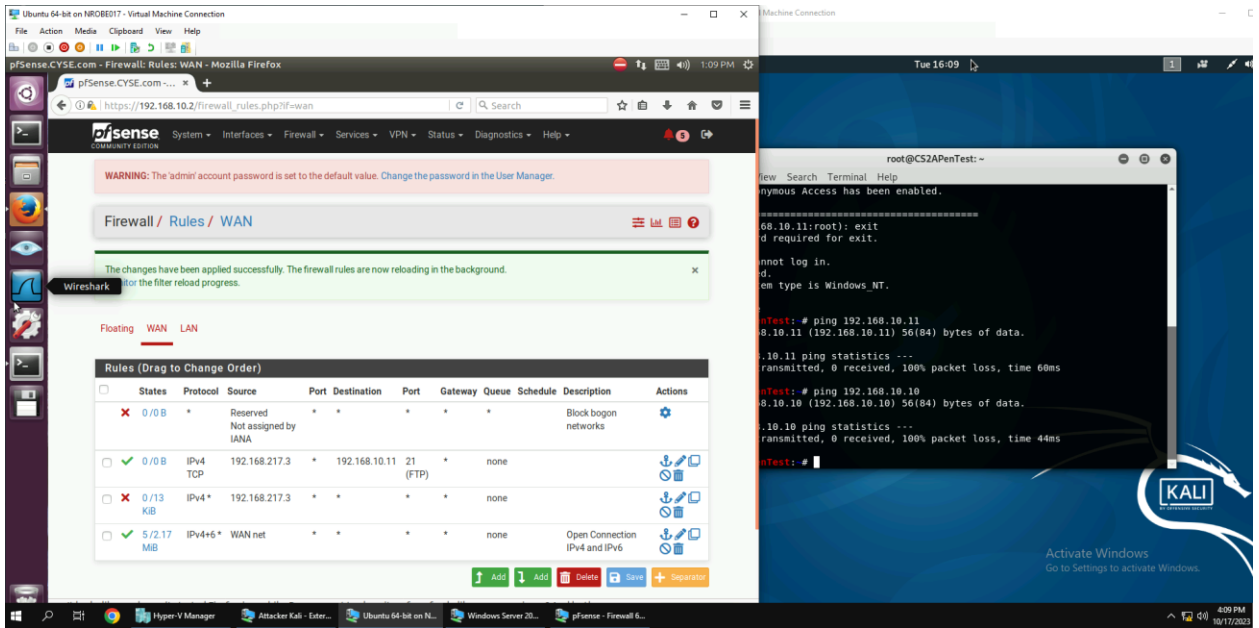




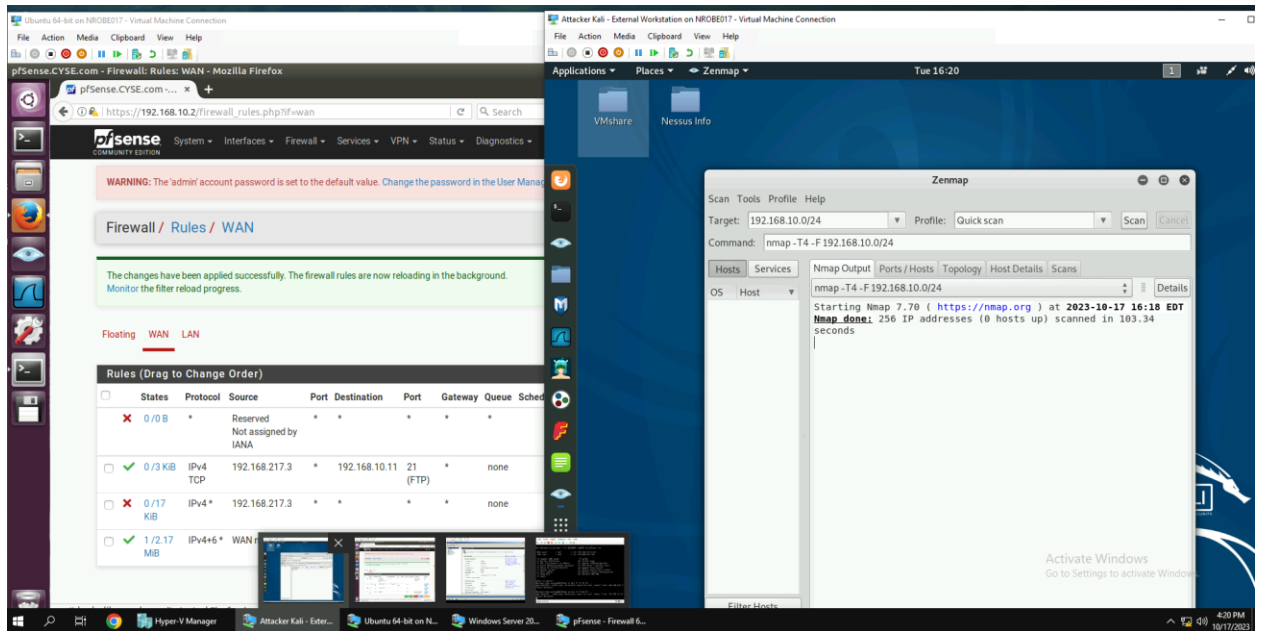
Applying this rule made it where the attacker kali could not communicate to any of the devices that were on the LAN side, but the devices within the LAN could communicate with the attacker and to each other. So, for instance ubuntu and Microsoft 2008 could communicate with each other and to attacker.

### B3

Rule #	Interface	Action	Source IP	Destination IP	Protocol (port # if applicable)
1	WAN	Pass	192.168.217.3	192.168.10.11	TCP
2	WAN	Block	192.168.217.3	Any	Any
3	WAN	Pass	WAN net	Any	Any



B4



After keeping the pfSense there is no subnet topology, no service, no backend software information and no port openings. There is no information showing on the zenmap/nmap at all after a quick scan. This is most likely due to everything being blocked to the attacker kali machine.