

Shannon Harris  
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## **The uprise of Cyberattacks and outlook on cybersecurity policies**

The article reflects on the attitudes and outlooks toward cybersecurity policies after people have been exposed to different types of cyberattacks and threats. A research testing was performed to test the effects on humans after the exposure of nonlethal and lethal cyberattacks. This study relates multiple principles of social science including cultural, economically and psychologically. Depending upon the severity of attacks determined the persons willingness to support cybersecurity policies which would have the psychological principles outlook towards the attitude on the importance to have cybersecurity policies in place. The study wanted to find out how many people would be in support of government pushing cybersecurity policies and alerting people of cyberattacks and cyberthreats in hopes to improve on cyberattacks.

### **Research methods used**

In the article to test the questions on how and whether authorities should gain access to encrypted materials and to which extent of state interference in civic life, and the protection of civil rights should be used. (Snidner,2021). The researchers ran a controlled random survey experiment that exposed 1022 Israeli to news reports of lethal and nonlethal cyberattacks.

The findings from the research questions revealed that most of the people where more willing to have a positive attitude in support of government outlook on cybersecurity policies when news media gave the events notoriety. The more exposure that was given to the cyberattack or threat gained the peoples attention more quickly and caused a concerned reaction. The less news media attention given to a cyberattack or threat caused not much concern for support of cybersecurity policies.

### **Conclusion**

Overall, the research controlled study revealed that the people were more likely to support and have a positive attitude toward cybersecurity policies after it has gained some news or media outlet attention. The people were less inclined to be persuaded to show concern for cybersecurity policies when an cyberattack or threat didn't get any media attention. Even though more lethal cyberattacks are most likely to get media attention, even some cases of nonlethal attacks reported by news media outlets still received support towards cybersecurity policies. It seems that the Israeli people were most persuaded and had a concerned attitude with the interest in cybersecurity policies after the news media gave attention to the different level of cyberattacks.

### **Link**

<https://academic.oup.com/cybersecurity/article/7/1/tyab019/6382745?searchresult=1>

### **Reference:**

## Works Cited

Karen Snider, S. Z. (2021, October 07). *Journal of Cybersecurity*. Retrieved from Cyberattacks, cyber threats, and attitudes toward cybersecurity policies:  
<https://academic.oup.com/cybersecurity/article/7/1/tyab019/6382745?searchresult=1>